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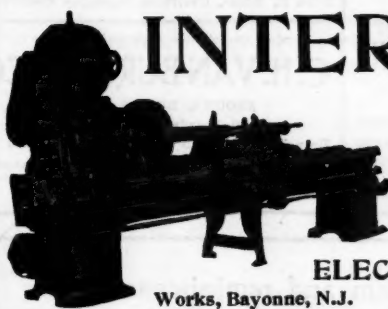
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Comdr. William F. Fullam, U.S.N., commanding the U.S.S. Marietta, who has figured so conspicuously in dealing with conditions arising from the recent difficulty between Nicaragua and Honduras, has shown himself qualified in exceptional degree for that important and delicate task. On two occasions within the last year he has proved himself both an interpreter and an executor of international law for the protection of neutral interests. The first was at Cienfuegos, Cuba, where he landed blue-jackets shortly before the recent revolution, and afforded ample protection for the neutral property which had been threatened by the revolutionists. Since then foreign interests in Cuba have been unmolested. More recently, in the war between Nicaragua and Honduras, Commander Fullam's enforcement of respect for the American flag and for the lives and property of neutrals along the northern and eastern coasts of the belligerent nations has been of special value, not merely because of its immediate results, but for the reason that it has established precedents which will doubtless govern the conduct of Navy officers in similar cases arising hereafter. Throughout all his experiences in Central American complications Commander Fullam has displayed sound judgment, tact, alertness and zeal of the highest order, and his services have been creditable in equal degree to himself and the Navy. As a high authority in Washington is quoted as saying: "It is contemporaneous history which Fullam, still in command of the Marietta, has been making in Central American waters. He has again proved equal to a delicate situation and has justified the expectations of his seniors in the Service, who have observed him as a man of readiness of resource, intrepidity of action, and as diplomatic as he is fearless." The admirable qualities of Fullam as a naval commander have been long known to the Service. It is gratifying to his friends that the opportunity has offered to make them evident to the whole country.

Lieut. Comdr. Edward L. Beach, U.S.N., publishes in the Proceedings of the Naval Institute an exceedingly interesting article on "The Old French Bronze Guns at the Naval Academy and at the Virginia Military Institute." There are a great many old bronze guns at the Naval Academy; eight of these are heavy twenty-four-pounders, and six of these eight have French inscriptions, and are of French manufacture; the other two twenty-four-pounders have Spanish inscriptions. It has always been said that all of these heavy bronze guns were captured by our warships during the Mexican war; recently all of the trophy guns at the Naval Academy were catalogued, and it proved a great surprise to the cataloguer and to most officers at the Naval Academy that six of these guns were undoubtedly of French origin. A futile attempt was made to trace the history of these guns; the records of the superintendent's office were carefully examined, the archives of the Navy Department were searched, the library of the latter was explored, and also the library at Annapolis; nothing whatever was found that showed how these guns came to the Naval Academy. Commander Beach's theory as to the presence of these French guns at the Naval Academy is as follows: "It is my opinion that when Fort Severn was built in 1808, it was armed with six old French twenty-four-pounders, which had originally been captured in the old French and Indian war; that when Fort Severn was given to the Navy Department, the six twenty-four-pounder guns went with the fort, and that these are the six guns we still have with us."

Our British contemporary, the Broad Arrow, takes Mr. Andrew Carnegie sharply to task for certain of his utterances before his recent Peace Congress in New York, particularly for his reference to the Chinese Relief Expedition of 1900. Mr. Carnegie mentioned five nations as having taken part in the Chinese campaign—Germany, France, the United States, Japan and Russia. "Ap-

parently," says the Broad Arrow, "he has duly relegated Great Britain in his mind to the position of a satellite of America, a fate he predicted for her long since, and leaves Italy and Austria out of consideration. He further told the Peace Conference that the allied forces, under a German general, assembled in China for a specific purpose, which was successfully accomplished. Now the 'specific purpose,' that is the relief of the Legations, was achieved six weeks before Count Waldersee arrived, and of the troops which vindicated civilization, the British contingent was the most numerous and the first in Pekin. The Germans numbered only four hundred, and they had no guns. When it is remembered that we had one arm tied up in South Africa our performance was remarkable. It is a pity that Mr. Carnegie did not consult with General Chaffee, the American officer commanding in China during 1900, before he ventured on such sugary fictions for the benefit of guileless humanitarians. The letter written by that gallant soldier to Count Waldersee, though afterwards withdrawn, was a curious commentary on the idyllic conditions pictured by Mr. Carnegie. As a matter of fact, it was only the restraint of Great Britain and the diplomatic efforts of Japan and America that enabled General Waldersee to pose as the Commander-in-Chief in China at all. If the National Arbitration and Peace Congress has to be fed on such sickly stuff as Mr. Carnegie and Mr. Roosevelt provided, it must be in a bad way, or its capacity for self-deception must be colossal."

On the occasion of the presentation of a punch bowl to the West Point Army mess, April 27, 1907, Col. Edgar S. Dudley, J.A., U.S. Army, professor of law, was called upon by General Hubbard as "our next junior vice commander," he having just been elected to this office in the New York Commandery. In his graceful reply Colonel Dudley said: "A generation has passed away since the close of the Civil War; men are here today officers of comparatively high rank, who were not born when that war ended. At its close every officer of our Regular Army had seen war service, and many who had such service entered it later. Of all the large number—of nearly 4,000 officers on the active list to-day (3,875 including professors here)—less than forty names remain of those who saw such service. The veterans of the Civil War are rapidly passing away; the original members of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion, the men who commanded our forces in the Army and Navy and led them to victory, are growing fewer in number every year, leaving to you younger men the duty and honor of maintaining, preserving and defending the nation. They, too, will pass away, but their names and heroic deeds will remain so long as history endures, as those who saved and perpetuated the American Union. 'We have drunk from the same canteen' expresses more than words; it means a comradeship born amidst peril and danger, and a tie as strong and enduring as life itself. It will be a pleasant memory to you young men, in future years, to recall this occasion of your meeting with these distinguished veterans of our greatest war, and that at this time, in the bonds of friendship and loyalty to country, you drank with them from the same canteen, this, their beautiful gift to our Army mess."

Col. John Van R. Hoff, Med. Dept., U.S.A., makes the excellent suggestion that the American Red Cross exert its influence to have the elements of military hygiene taught in the boys' departments of our public schools, which could very easily be done in connection with the teaching of so-called popular "physiology." "It would not add much to the course," says Colonel Hoff, in the Journal of the Military Service Institution, "nor take much time; neither would it make any intellectual demand beyond that which could be met by an average student. It would emphasize the dangers of bad food and water, it would teach the boy how to care for himself in the field, what to do and what to avoid, and it would give him rules for right living under the stress of campaign and the reasons therefor. Not very much, indeed, but enough to impress him with the fact that there is such a thing as military hygiene, and that some knowledge of it would be of importance to him under certain circumstances. Then, when all the boys have learned this fact, a great step toward the prevention of camp diseases will have been made. Simultaneously our colleges and universities should be asked to give recognition in their curricula to this subject. Particularly should this be so in our medical schools, and an adequate knowledge of military hygiene should be made obligatory not only for the degree in medicine, but in the State license to practise medicine as well. All this, it seems to me, is a legitimate part of the mission of the Red Cross, and through its instrumentality, more than any other, can we hope to see the people of the United States educated to appreciate the necessity of a universal recognition and study of military hygiene."

It is to be hoped that the law recently enacted by the Legislature of Illinois forbidding any saloon from doing business within a mile and an eighth of any Army or Navy station in the State may serve as a model for adoption by every other State in the Union. The Illinois statute will exterminate the vile resorts which have grown up in the village of Highwood, adjacent to Fort Sheridan, and the result will be an early improvement in moral conditions among the enlisted men stationed at that post. The enactment of the measure was due largely to the efforts of Army officers stationed at Fort Sheridan, and their advocacy of it affords convincing evidence of

their deep interest in the welfare of the men serving under them. It has been pointed out that officers of the Army and Navy should exert themselves to procure similar legislation in other States where there are Army posts and naval stations, and there is no reason why they should not do so. It is not altogether creditable, however, to the civil authorities that such effort on the part of officers should be necessary. The States themselves should see to it that vicious resorts are not allowed to do business in neighborhoods where soldiers and sailors are stationed. That officers of our military Services should have to beg for state protection for the men of their commands is exceedingly discreditable.

The Annapolis papers are severely criticising the architecture of the new Naval Academy buildings. The Evening Capital condemns the failure to include in the scheme the preservation of the old colonial Governor's house and condemns the armory as lacking important features. The boat-house, it declares, is not of the slightest value, and is being reconstructed for a gymnasium, for which use it is not suited. The chapel is unlike any other Christian church, is defective in its arrangement, is lacking in seating capacity, and is unprovided with many of the essentials of a house of worship. The Superintendent's house is so ill adapted to its purpose that it may be transformed into a hospital, for which no provision was made by the architect. The Capital further says: "Bancroft Hall, the main building of the group, apart from its architectural defects, has proved a failure already as a dormitory for the midshipmen, and the great dining hall, built under a plaza on the east front, has been abandoned for that purpose, until some scheme can be devised to keep rain water and the tides of the Severn river from engulfing its occupants."

It was only a few weeks ago that a Boston woman, noted for her zeal in the peace movement, urged the mothers of America not to give toy soldiers to their little boys, her contention being that such articles were calculated to imbue the youngsters with the spirit of war. Animated, no doubt by her plea, a worthy Hebrew rabbi of Pittsburg is about to visit Germany to urge the toy-makers to stop manufacturing toy soldiers, swords, guns and other things suggestive of the vocation of arms. To be consistent the rabbi should ask the manufacturers to stop making toy fire engines, on the ground that such articles tend to excite the spirit of incendiarism among little boys. He might also protest against the further manufacture of toy lions and tigers, on the ground that they are calculated to arouse the spirit of animal savagery among those who play with them. We would also suggest that, while this gentleman is engaged in his philanthropic work, he should endeavor to persuade the makers of medical and surgical appliances to stop producing them lest they incite surgical students to commit needless mutilations on human beings.

One of the newspaper "friends of peace" laments because President Roosevelt did not choose such men as that peace-fanatic Mr. Mead of Boston to represent us at The Hague Congress. There could not well be a more unfit appointment; as The Tribune says: "One or two countries might have made the whole thing futile or ridiculous by sending a delegation of visionaries or cranks. Not one has done so, but all have sent from among the best they had to send. The circumstance is most auspicious. The Congress," it further says, "will contain idealists, but they will be such as are capable of seeking practically the realization of their ideals. It will be dominated by men who desire to have all the world as it should be, but who are none the less regardless of the world as it is, who realize the vast difference between the two and who are not only willing but eager to lessen that difference, even though they cannot hope entirely to abolish it. Its judgments will be framed by men who believe in law and justice among the nations and who are competent to devise workable means for their establishment."

Mr. John F. Stevens, former chief engineer of the Panama Canal, in a press interview sent out from New Haven, May 1, awards high praise to the engineer officers of the Army now in charge of the canal project. He says in part: "The American people can rest in perfect confidence as to the hands in which they have placed the work of planning and superintending the big job. The Army engineers are the best in the world, and they can be depended on to make fewer mistakes than any similar set of men in any business in the world. They will get the canal finished in a reasonable length of time, but just what that means I'm not prepared to say, nor do I believe any of them are prepared to say much about it either."

Surgeon General Rixey, of the Navy, has received reports from a large number of medical officers afloat which show that the warships to which they are attached are in admirable sanitary condition. The ventilating appliances on nearly all the ships are excellent, improvements being needed in only a few instances. The sick bays are described as first class, being spacious, clean and thoroughly equipped to meet all requirements. Special commendation is given to the isolation wards, which are fitted with elaborate facilities for taking care on shipboard of cases of contagious disease requiring separation from other patients.

Commenting on an article upon the effect of German military training on the physique of German citizens and the industrial life of the empire which appeared in these columns on April 27, the Hartford Courant remarks: "We should regard it as highly impertinent for Germans to organize a crusade in this country for the establishment of compulsory military duty in this country, on the ground that such duty would train Americans to handle machinery of all kinds with precision and intelligence, and thus would largely reduce the number annually killed and maimed among us by our go-as-you-please methods. The efforts of Americans and Englishmen to change the military system of Germany no doubt strike intelligent Germans as fully as impertinent, while these efforts lack the solid ground of fact upon which foreign counsel in regard to improving our slap-dash railroad methods would rest. Mr. Carnegie's notion that the German system must be burdensome, because it would not suit him, is an easy way to settle such matters of domestic policy in foreign states, but as an intellectual process it has its defects. Mr. Carnegie, as everybody knows, is rich enough to draw conclusions without any facts at all; but a better way for common men is to drop Mr. Carnegie's arrogant and silly 'must' and study the military system of Germany in its relations to the general social life of that country. Even if this study does not commend that system to us, it would be well to remember that it is a German method that is in question, and that the domestic policies of foreign states are outside of our legitimate business."

Lieut. Gordon Johnston, U.S.A., who is on duty as a student officer at the Military Equitation Institute, Militar-Reit Institute, Hanover, Germany, declares that the work undertaken there is more than interesting, even fascinating. In a report describing the course of instruction, he says: "Two mounts are required and two full sets of equipment with stable requisites. Two equipments are needed, as the fresh horses are brought into the riding halls promptly at the end of the hour, and one must mount and be ready at once for the next lesson. Our own equipment would not answer, as the pigskin saddles are required, and also particular bridles and bits. As for the duty performed, it consists of about seven hours riding per day for three days in the week, including cross-country work and three hours per day in the riding hall during the others. There is also an hour a day devoted to lunging, estimating distances, lectures by the veterinary and fencing. The cross-country work behind the government fox hounds was intensely interesting as well as instructive. This will be the subject of a special report. The work in the riding hall consists generally of three hours in succession in which three horses are ridden—a school horse ridden without stirrups on the flat saddle, the chargers and private mounts with stirrups, and all with the snaffle. The school horse, furnished free, is a perfectly trained animal, and the instruction is confined to the seat, hands and use of aids. The gait is a trot and shakes one down into the seat on this saddle more than bareback or blanket riding. The hour with the chargers consists of about the same instruction, except that the chargers are not so perfectly trained, and so make more demands on the rider."

Capt. William H. Brooks, Med. Dept., U.S.A., in an article on "The Base Hospital in Cuba," which appears in The Military Surgeon, says: "On the night of Oct. 17, shortly after the establishment of the Base Hospital, and while it was still in tents awaiting the preparation of the permanent buildings, a hurricane of unprecedented violence swept over the island. Every tent comprising the hospital was blown down, the canvas torn to ribbons, the equipment scattered over a large area and much of it destroyed by the accompanying downpour of rain. Many of the permanent buildings were partially unroofed. The tentage and equipment of Field Hospital No. 10, which came to Cuba under the command of Major E. B. Erick, of the Medical Department, was promptly substituted for the ruined plant. No single incident, perhaps, since the arrival of our troops in Cuba better illustrates the value of rigid military discipline and the necessity for prompt and concerted action made possible by such training, than the cheerful and uncomplaining alacrity with which the men of the Hospital Corps, exhausted by a night of vigil and anxiety, repaired the damage and brought order out of chaos. Such work as this and the very creditable achievements of Co. A, at San Francisco after the earthquake, and later during the maneuvers of last summer, are cogent arguments, if such be needed, in favor of the establishment of large companies of instruction where recruits for the Hospital Corps may be trained and drilled in the duties of corps men before being assigned to small and isolated posts."

Capt. Rufus E. Longan, 11th U.S. Cav., contributes an interesting article on "Promotions and Retirements" to the Journal of the Military Service Institution, which concludes with the following outspoken utterance: "The Army has to-day a magnificent personnel, but it would be foolish to claim that it is all that it should be, that it is all it can be. The writer ventures to state that there is not a regiment in the Service but has from one to five or more officers totally unsuited for military service. These men are not difficult to locate. Everyone knows them. If a vote were cast in every regiment to-day, and every officer in the regiment were required to name the five officers least efficient in the regiment, he feels sure that forty out of the fifty-one votes would name the same

five officers, and he believes that each one of the five would include the other four in his vote. We have inefficient officers. To deny it is to admit a personal weakness prominently possessed by Ananias. Besides those unsuited for the service by nature there are many who have become unsuited from one cause or another, and should be retained no longer on the active list, regardless of past good deeds. There are among those whom the writer would consider disqualified to remain longer some of his most intimate and most respected friends, men whom he admires, men possessing many charming attributes as men, but unfortunately not as soldiers. The question that is before us is, 'How may we increase the efficiency of the commissioned personnel of the Army?' With that view uppermost he has striven to outline a scheme severe but just, realizing full well that his own head may first be required at the block."

That the Grafton Defense Fund will probably receive a substantial contribution from the troops stationed in the Philippines Division is indicated by the following from the Manila Times of March 25: "The first step toward the accumulation of a fund to send to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL to be used in the defense of Private Homer Grafton, 12th Inf., before the Supreme Court of the United States, has been taken by the formation in Manila of a committee of three to take charge of this fund. William Tutherly is chairman of the committee, and Charles D. Palmer, of the International Bank, is the treasurer. The third member of the committee is A. F. Ferguson, of the Associated Press and The Manila Times. This committee, representing the enlisted personnel of the Army, will take charge of all money to be contributed for this fund. Captain Palmer will receive contributions at the International Bank. The enlisted men of the Army stationed in the Philippines are preparing to take decided action in the matter. According to present advices the fund must be made up as soon as possible, and a cable has been despatched to the United States to learn just what has been done so far by the persons interested in the subscriptions there. The committee has decided to receive small contributions only and desires each soldier to send one or two pesos." In answer to a despatch from Mr. Tutherly, he was told that sufficient money had already been contributed to cover the expenses incurred in the appeal of Grafton to the U.S. Supreme Court.

First Lieut. Frank L. Case, 12th Cav., of Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., writes us, saying: "On a trip inspecting militia of the state of Georgia, from which I have just returned, I learned something which was new to me, and that was that at least one state protects the uniform—that state is Georgia. In view of the present agitation, I copy Sec. 84, 'Military Code, State of Georgia, 1905.' As the uniform of the militia is that of the United States, the value of this section can be easily seen: 'Unlawful wearing of uniforms: Any person who shall wear any uniform or any device, strap, knot, button, or insignia of any design or character used as a designation of grade, rank or office, such as are by law or general regulation duly promulgated, prescribed for the use of the active militia, or any uniform similar thereto in appearance, style or make-up, except members of the Army and Navy of the United States and of the active militia of this or any other state; or who shall in any manner impersonate an officer or enlisted man of the active militia of this state, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall upon conviction be punished therefor; provided, that this section shall not apply to persons wearing on the stage any such uniform at theatrical or like performances.'"

Chancellor von Buelow, of the German Empire, explained to the Reichstag on April 30 his government's reasons for deciding to abstain from any discussion of the limitation of armaments at The Hague Peace Conference. After remarking that Germany was perfectly willing that other powers should discuss the project, the Chancellor continued: "So long as there is not even a hope for a satisfactory solution of this question and no method for its practical application exists we cannot expect anything from its discussion at a conference. On the contrary, the danger is that an undesirable effect may be produced by arousing divergent interests. We never once misused our military strength and never will." Andrew Carnegie's recent utterances are characterized by Baron von Hertling, Clerical, as "an illustration of the misconceptions entertained abroad respecting Germany as being an autocratically governed country." Germany, he added, was a complicated political mechanism, in which a foreign policy which opposed the will of the German people was impossible.

Hon. Leslie M. Shaw, late Secretary of the U.S. Treasury, delivered an address before the Worcester, Mass., Board of Trade, on the evening of May 3, in which he spoke with solicitude as to future events on the Pacific. "I do not wish to pose as a prophet," he said, "but do you suppose that the Pacific will always be a peaceful ocean? God grant that it may. We have not a collier, a transport, powder or supplies to last forty-eight hours. Other nations have. There are many ships in the merchant service of foreign countries which are under contract to leave the paths of commerce at a moment's notice to enter that of war. We have not one such as these. Some day, as sure as Anglo-Saxon blood runs red, there is to be an awful war. There are two nations that can contest for the Pacific, and this war will be settled at an

awful cost." This is well said and substantially true, although a reference to our Navy list will show that Mr. Shaw was not strictly accurate with reference to Navy colliers on the Pacific.

In the British House of Commons on April 30 the Under Secretary for the Colonies, Mr. Churchill, speaking of the conduct of Sir Alexander Swettenham as Governor of Jamaica, stated that the propriety of the government's action in dispensing with the services of the American naval contingent was never called into question, and, therefore, to set forth the Governor's reasons for so doing would not serve any useful purpose, but rather the reverse. Mr. Churchill was asked to publish Rear Admiral Davis's letter to Rear Admiral Evans in regard to the Swettenham incident, which the questioners intimated entirely exonerated Swettenham from the charge of having quarreled with Admiral Davis; but the under secretary pointed out that it obviously was not within the province of the British government to publish letters exchanged between officers of the United States Navy.

A correspondent of the Evening Post asks: "Can anything be done to prevent the use of 'The Star Spangled Banner,' as a 'musical number,' in places and at times, when for people to stand up would cause a disturbance? Any loyal American feels indignant at being forced into a position, as he often is, especially at the theaters in this city, where he is obliged, during the playing of 'The Star Spangled Banner,' either to sit still or to mar the play by rising to his feet. It seems to me that the promiscuous use of the music of 'The Star Spangled Banner' is an indignity to our flag and our country, and should be prevented by public protest, if possible, or if necessary, by the passing and the enforcing of a law to restrict the use of it."

Col. Daniel Appleton, of the 7th N.G.N.Y., at a recent dinner of Co. A, of his command, in some remarks referring to the relations which should exist between the National Guard and the Regular Army, said in part: "We honor the Regular Service, who give of their effort to maintain that glorious Army of ours. Without the education its officers receive at West Point it would be impossible to maintain even the National Guard. They educate the Regular Army, and the National Guard is included in that. It has been my effort to inculcate in the 7th Regiment this fact, that it is our duty as citizen soldiers to try to educate the people to the importance of backing up the Regular Army."

The development of German shipbuilding received its first impetus by the commencement, at the Imperial yards at Kiel and Wilhelmshaven in 1869, of the construction of a fleet. In 1870 the German ironworks began to produce shipbuilding materials in large quantities; in 1875 armor plates began to be manufactured. From 1882 to 1895 the number of the larger yards engaged in the construction of ships increased from 40 to 57, with 17,452 and 29,705 workmen respectively. The largest shipbuilding firms are to be found at the Baltic ports; large firms have also established themselves on the Elbe and Weser. In thirty-one yards there are now working 57,500 men.

All officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Revenue Cutter Service and Marine Hospital Service who are philatelists are requested to send their names, addresses and such suggestions as they may have, with a view to organizing an exchange circuit among themselves, to Capt. J. L. Knowlton, Art. Corps, Fort DuPont, Del. Please send him, also, if interested, twenty-five cents in postage stamps to defray the preliminary cost of such an organization, and the names and addresses of all officers you know who may be interested. J. M. T. Partello, major, 25th Inf.; J. L. Knowlton, Capt., A.C.; Fred V. S. Chamberlain, 1st Lieut., 2d Inf.

Referring to an article on "The Queer Situation in Cuba," in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL of April 27, which it republishes in full, the Havana Telegraph says: "The foregoing, founded, undoubtedly, on the views of the War Department, is full confirmation of The Telegraph's announcement not long since that the system of roads planned by our military engineers, and the extensive barracks planned at Guantanamo and Bahia Honda, are parts of a general scheme for insuring Cuba's future peace."

Count Reventlow, the well-known German authority on naval questions, to whose writings frequent reference has been made in these columns, continues to object to any discussion on the subject of disarmament. Speaking on this matter the other day he suggested as a suitable inscription on the portals of the conference hall at The Hague the sentence, "If you wish for war prepare for peace."

Lieut. Frank P. Lahm, who is at the French Cavalry School at Saumur, France, is taking the course at his own request. Capt. Guy V. Henry, 12th U.S. Cav., who won the military steeple-chase of the school on Feb. 7 last, is U.S. representative at Saumur, and the first officer ever selected and ordered by the War Department to the famous riding school.

The Hawaiian Legislature has approved an act incorporating the city and county of Honolulu.

Lieut. Fred B. Terrell, 19th U.S. Inf., son of Henry Terrell, of San Antonio, Tex., who is now stationed at Parang, Island of Mindanao, P.I., has written a letter to his father, telling of the conditions of the Army posts in the Philippines. Lieutenant Terrell says that many of the Army posts in the islands are better than those in the States. The following is an extract from Lieutenant Terrell's letter: "As you see, I am now stationed at Parang with regimental headquarters. This is better than half of the posts in the States. The houses and barracks are better than the ones we had at Vancouver, because they are new. They have all modern conveniences, a sewer system that empties into the bay; water system, hot and cold, fine ice plant, with cold storage. The markets near the post are excellent. We get such things as corn, tomatoes, egg plant, radishes, okra, sweet potatoes, turnips, peppers, squash, and in the fish line, Spanish mackerel, red snapper, clams, lobsters and shrimp; many kinds of native fruits also, that make fine salads. The beef we get is of the best, always tender and plenty of it; choice cuts at only six cents a pound. It comes from Australia in cold storage ships. We get about 100 quarters every two weeks and put it in our own cold storage plant. If you see any of the 25th Infantry officers, tell them there are many worse places in the States, and few in the islands better than Parang. General Wood takes a great interest in Parang, and he is making it a beautiful post. We have seven companies here, but it will soon be ready for a regiment."

An officer of the Army, who sends us the extract which follows, says of it: "This clipping is an editorial in the Pacific Commercial Advertiser of Honolulu, dated March 14, 1907. It speaks only truth regarding the 10th Cavalry, under the command of Colonel Augur, now en route to the Philippines": "The negro soldiers who arrived yesterday on the transport Thomas, bound for Manila, were a fine body of men. They were smart and soldierly in their appearance, manly and dignified in their manners, going about the city quietly, interested in the sights that they found sufficiently novel. They conducted themselves admirably and made an excellent impression. A number were accompanied by their wives and children, and these little family parties were pleasant to see. The wives and children were well and neatly dressed. Many of them busied themselves with shopping, finding here the necessities they discovered would be needed on the long voyage still before them. The fighting qualities of the negro soldier were discovered in the Civil War, when he was new to military discipline and but recently freed from slavery. The Spanish war gave even stronger evidence of his military possibilities. With competent leaders he was fearless and stubborn in the face of the gravest peril. His conduct has been much discussed of late, but from the conduct of those who have visited Honolulu, the black soldier does not appear to be in any way strikingly inferior to his white brother."

Brig. Gen. William Quinton, U.S.A., offers some timely advice to American investors in the following letter, which appears in the New York Sun: "In the interests of people who contemplate making purchases of land in Cuba I wish to give them a word of warning and some advice. Every mail received in Cuba brings a mass of letters, most of them containing money orders, in response to flaming advertisements which have been sent broadcast throughout the United States. The more alluring the proposition the more cautious investors ought to be in dealing with the land company that makes it. First of all, title should be investigated circumspectly. It is a fact that very few of the promoters who advertise so liberally can pass a flawless title. What, then, should be the course of the man who desires to purchase land in Cuba, but cannot look up the property himself? Let him send his money to a bank, to be held until the officers have examined the title and reported that it is valid, and to be returned at once if they cannot furnish a guaranty."

Lieut. Col. George S. Young, 21st U.S. Inf., commanding the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, has completed a public work in that neighborhood, which Army folk stationed at Fort Leavenworth will appreciate, and of which the Leavenworth Times says: "Thanks to the enterprise of Colonel Young, historic Sheridan's drive, that wonderfully beautiful roadway, winding about the crests of the hills and encircling Fort Leavenworth, has again been reopened to travel. For some time past a large force of military prisoners has been at work regrading the washed-out road and clearing out the underbrush. Of course all the beautiful views remain and the vista of Salt Creek valley to the West, with Kickapoo and the Missouri River winding away in the distance to the North is a view of beautiful green fields, woodland and river not excelled along the Hudson. Even the muddy Missouri glitters like a stream of silver at a distance of a few miles in the bright sunlight. Now that the drive is reopened, why not rebuild the old 'lookout' in the big tree?"

Brig. Gen. Peter Leary, jr., U.S.A., has started a movement to raise a fund of \$800 to purchase the carriages of the seven cannons at Fort McHenry and the three at Fort Delaware, which the Government has presented to the city of Baltimore. "Speaking of the guns at Fort McHenry," he says: "The people of Baltimore should not allow such an opportunity as this to go by. We do not want to see the old fort, so rich in historical associations, dismantled. The retention of these cannon, which the War Department has so generously given us, despite the fact that there was an offer of \$2,000 for the old guns, which have no practical value, should inspire interest in every patriotic citizen of Baltimore. I do not believe there will be any difficulty in securing the amount."

Press despatches from Manila state that earthquake experts in that city believe that it is possible to be warned by wireless telegraph eight or ten hours in advance of shocks. Tests are now in progress to determine whether vibrations in the wireless apparatus noted eight hours before the earthquake was felt were due to seismic disturbances. There seems to be no other rational explanation of them.

Peru has decided to send representatives to The Hague Conference.

EVILS OF ELIMINATION.

The passage of the proposed elimination bill will vastly increase the expense for maintaining the Army, and the large number of young men retired yearly will have been replaced by new men whose abilities for actual service are unknown and who in many cases will not be as efficient to the Service as the men eliminated.

The older officers who are retired each year by operation of this bill will all draw three-quarters' pay or with in a few dollars of the same, thirty years' service giving three-quarters' pay, the rate prescribed in the bill being two and one-half per cent. of pay for each year of service. This will cause great expense to the government and many efficient officers who still desire to serve will be thus eliminated and replaced by other officers probably not more efficient. The retired list of the Army is already very large, particularly in the matter of brigadier generals.

If the bill prescribed that a variable number of officers were to be eliminated each year, if they were found to be inefficient and were given a hearing, it would not be unjust; but to say arbitrarily that twenty-five majors, twenty captains and thirty first lieutenants must be eliminated this year, now find them, is absurd, unjust and inhuman. These men are not given a hearing in their own behalf, and you will eliminate men who are good and have been tried, and will shove in many inexperienced men to fill their places at the bottom of the list; thus the government will be paying a salary to two men and nothing gained thereby, furthermore West Point will not be able to fill all the vacancies created by the operation of this bill, but will fall far short of so doing.

This bill is so constructed that it will work particular hardship upon the officer who came into the Service from the volunteers or ranks, who are in nearly all cases older for their rank than the West Pointer. The proviso in this bill that no captain shall be eliminated by a first lieutenant if the lieutenant has not had ten years' service, would seem to be aimed at the officers commissioned from volunteers, who have had less length of service for their rank than many otherwise commissioned, many of these volunteers having been commissioned in the Service outright as first lieutenants. They will thus be bumped up against this ten year clause in front, while they are lopped off by the elimination bill and the new West Point men in the rear.

An officer may be eliminated for any cause (illness incurred in line of duty, etc.) rendering him inefficient; this is unjust, will not foster patriotism or bravery, and is not for the good of the Service; as who will care to incur the possibility of wounds and disease by laboring hard in the field or in action when he realizes that such wounds or illnesses may later cause him to be eliminated on a pittance too small to pay his room rent, exclusive of his subsistence? Up to twenty years this will be (at two and one-half per cent. per year for each year of service) less than the pay of a retired or pensioned soldier. This pittance will therefore do the individual officer no good, but the aggregate will be a great expense to the government on account of a large number of young officers thus eliminated each year, who will live for many years at the expense of the government.

It is provided that a board of five general officers shall decide upon those in each grade to be eliminated and it is suggested that senior general officers be put on this board. It will be impossible for five old generals to carefully look over some two thousand efficiency reports in the time allotted each year and to decide with any fairness who shall be eliminated. The efficiency reports of all officers are at Washington. They are the regular required yearly reports made upon these officers by their company and post commanders. It is absolutely impossible to gauge from them an officer's worth or ability correctly. I have heard this so stated by a member of the General Staff who had made a study of some eight hundred efficiency reports, many of the officers whose reports they were being personally and intimately known to him regarding their real efficiency. Reports are made by all kinds of post and company commanders and for determining an officer's ability are useless. If the commanding officer of a company or regiment likes you or he is a genial kindly man you get a good efficiency report; if the reverse is true, then otherwise. If he has known you only two days he must still gauge your character and put in an efficiency report. No two company or regimental commanders work on the same basis; one might give an inefficient officer "A" a good efficiency report, while another company or regimental commander would give a most efficient officer "B" a poor, or only a fair, efficiency report, and this without malice or trickery, but due to the individuality of the commander, his conservatism, etc.

This elimination will keep the best class of men out of the Army, for what reasoning man will want to enter a profession involving much danger and liabilities to incurable disease in the tropics, when he realizes that after ten years of such service he may be eliminated in a physical trim so poor as to prevent his succeeding in outside life, with the best years of his life wasted and eliminated on a pittance on which he cannot live, his pay, after five or ten years' service, being from \$17 to \$30 per month? These officers so eliminated would not join volunteer organizations in case of war, for who, after ten or more years' tropical service, being in poor health from such service, and eliminated on \$20 or \$25 per month, will care through patriotism, after such treatment, to seek further disease or danger in behalf of his country? Furthermore, volunteer organizations would no doubt contend that if this man was eliminated for being one of the "least" efficient officers in the Service he would not have the efficiency requisite to serve in the volunteers. It would be a matter of pride with volunteer organizations not to receive what they believed, although mistakenly, yet naturally, to be the sloughed-off material of the Regular Army.

Although under the present régime the work and study required of an officer are both arduous, more so than is the case in most civil life employment, yet neither qualify an officer for any employment in civil life. Many volunteers who enter the Service through patriotism at the outbreak of war have sacrificed standing, business and lucrative positions to enter the Service, and on being eliminated (possibly in poor health from wounds or tropical service) will have lost everything, both in civil life and the Army as a reward for their patriotism and will from the viewpoint of the civilian be eliminated with a stigma on their reputation, otherwise why eliminated?

This bill is in the nature of an "ex-post facto law," in that its operation will contemplate an officer's record as it existed, before passage of said bill. Very many officers eliminated, having no education or training other than military, would naturally seek to live by same and will resign and give up the \$17 or \$20 pittance and go into the service of foreign countries, such as Japan, China,

Mexico and the Central American and South American republics. Thus the United States will make itself an eleemosynary institute for the rest of the world and a training school for its armies.

It will be practically impossible to explain to any civilian employers this "least efficient" clause; they will regard an eliminated officer in the same light as a dishonorably discharged soldier and will naturally assert that if he is dropped from the Army for being one of the least efficient officers, he will certainly not be efficient enough for employment with their business concern. This will be hard and unjust upon an officer commissioned from the volunteers who has probably given up a good position and business standing to enter the Service through patriotism. It will break up the honor, decency and cohesion, now existing and that have always heretofore existed, in the Service between the officers and thus militate against the good of the Service. Every man's hand will be against his brother officer in the hope that elimination will strike others than himself in order to make up the distinctly and arbitrarily specified number for the yearly sacrifice. It will beget a system of toadying to one's colonel and to members of the General Staff, and officers will seek to acquire popularity with these rather than to pay strict attention to duty. An officer who acquires favor with his colonel and makes personal friends on the General Staff will have infinitely less chance of being eliminated, than one who pays strict attention to duty and does not cultivate personal acquaintance with these officials.

A member of the General Staff is quoted as saying that the matter would resolve itself into the individuals for elimination each year being selected by the members of the General Staff, and their recommendations in regard to same forwarded to this board of five generals; in doing this the General Staff would not be guided by efficiency reports, he believed, but by their personal knowledge of the individual officer in the Service. This would make the General Staff an oligarchy, indeed, the high and mighty dictators and arbiters of the destiny of every officer in the Service, and would confer on them a power which would make them the practical rulers of the Army. Woe to the officer who may have incurred the disapproval or enmity of any demi-god on the General Staff, and lucky the individual, toady, or otherwise, who has friends on same.

Since the drafting of the original bill by the General Staff, General Crozier, of the Ordnance Department, has drafted a variation on the original bill which is even more preposterous than the original and is regarded as an absurdity by members of the General Staff whom I have heard discuss the same. The pay of a lieutenant eliminated on this bill would be five or six dollars a month or less, and other grades corresponding. One of the main absurdities of the bill would be seen in time of war; during a time of war or active operations the number of officers lost to the Service each year by reason of death, retirement for disability incurred in line of duty, etc., would exceed the fixed number set forth for elimination each year by the "Elimination Bill." The provisions of the bill would therefore be inoperative. Therefore, at a time when the best officers were needed for the Service of the country, inefficient officers could not be eliminated by operation of the bill because the set specified number "for elimination designated by the bill" would have been equaled or exceeded as specified above by natural causes. There is no business organization in existence which, having several hundred men in its employ, would adopt any absurd proposition similar to that advocated in this bill, by saying that each year a certain fixed number of men in each grade must perforce be discharged. They could not get men to work for them on this basis. Such business concerns let out a variable number of men each year, if they are in fact inefficient.

A-B-C DIALOGUE (11).

A. I don't mind threshing over the Texas shooting a little further.

B. Nor I. Of course you are aware that the 25th Infantry battalion had been at Fort Brown but about two weeks or so at the time of that shooting. Previously to their coming, by the testimony of members of former garrisons, it seems that night firing was not an unusual occurrence in the town.

A. I had supposed that the 25th Battalion had been longer at Fort Brown and that it had been a disturbing element for years, wherever it had been stationed.

B. On the contrary, this particular battalion, as testified in the manly and outspoken sentences of Lieutenant Grier, has received very fine reports from officers of the Inspector General's Department. It would please you to hear Major McNeil testify also to having been associated with them in twenty-eight battles, in which they acquitted themselves nobly.

A. What about colored soldiers' secretiveness?

B. Equally with all other men, and, perhaps, under the peculiar antecedents of the colored race, more than other men, when suspected, either justly or unjustly, they may undoubtedly be poor witnesses in unravelling a mystery. Innocent whites and innocent blacks alike have appeared to disadvantage when put to it to defend themselves against suspicious accusing circumstances; and the same have been known to have been pronounced guilty and executed. Nevertheless, it is a fact that this battalion, as readily as in the case of white battalions, have testified against and secured the conviction of erring comrades. Great, energetic, soldierly spirit and propriety have been manifested by these accused men in bringing their guilt to justice. Blacks have been known to exhibit a loyalty to whites, where, in the reverse case, there would have been none. A well-known trait of the former is imitiveness of the latter, which, under the influence of educated white officers, and under the character-moulding of long military service, had produced in this organization docile and machine-like obedience! It is so easy, at a distance from these men, and with universal race prejudice, to misjudge.

A. You do all the talking, and, even so, you leave a large territory uncovered in the discussion. I am forced to grant you that colored non-commissioned officers have been hot-footed in pursuit of colored malefactors. But do you close your eyes to the government ammunition used on the night of Aug. 13? Do you forget that khaki uniforms were seen? Have you thought what dexterity in removing powder signs from rifles would naturally lend itself to men who had been doing murder?

B. Yes, sir. I remember all those things and more. Let me ask you if you have thought of the significance of a pile of shells being found in an area of ten inches in diameter, upon the street neighboring the garrison, instead of in the larger area usually covered by the ejection of the rifle? Have you thought of the little dread of attaching responsibility for the firing to the soldiers, implied by leaving government shells where those were found?

Have you thought how little it agrees with alleged se-

crecy before and after the shooting for such experts in secrecy not to have removed the tell-tale shells? Are there no pockets in the khaki uniform? Secret before! Secret afterward! But right at the time and at the place where the deed was done, soldier cartridge shells conspicuously placed to tell tales! Is there not a missing link in the theory of secretiveness?

Would not the open, public revelation of empty shells betoken more discoverable carelessness, on the part of guilty soldiers, if such there were, whose goings and comings, whose every word and action, almost, were under searching scrutiny for ninety subsequent days?

A. You must agree that it doesn't take long, of necessity, to remove stains of firing from rifles, under the circumstances surrounding the soldiers on the night of the 13th of August, just supposing that any of them had been firing? Such men must have anticipated and prepared for inspection.

B. You suggest a possibility which becomes stronger, if we admit that it was all a part of a prepared, cut-and-dried plan to shoot up the town and conceal the evidences, which is negated by the empty shells! Surely it would have been easier to have made way with the shells than to have cleaned rifles at night! In the matter of time, cleaning a rifle is like a continuing feast; all the way from the time it takes to eat a hasty plate of soup, to that which may be required for an elaborate banquet. There is nothing mathematically or absolutely conclusive about it, depending, as it does, upon so many circumstances—hour of the day or night, means at hand, amount of dirt, individual dexterity, and the same as affected by experience, and object in view.

A. Oh, for a Sherlock Holmes!

GENERAL STAFF AND THE CUBAN ARMY.

General Bell wishes to have it understood that the General Staff has "never initiated any proposition connected with the Cuban army." In a memorandum issued this week he explains that after the outbreak of the recent opposition to the government in Cuba, a Cuban congress passed an act for the increase of the rural guard to 10,000 men and of the artillery to 2,000. A lot of volunteers were hastily called together about the same time, but on the arrival of the American forces they were mustered out. No steps had been taken to execute the law until Secretary Taft decided that Cuba should have a sufficient force to enable its government to maintain itself, and directed that steps be taken to execute the law. At the request of the Provisional Governor, a plan of organization of the proposed force submitted by General Rodriguez was revised by Major Slocum in conference with General Rodriguez, and the revised plan submitted to the Provisional Governor. General Bell says: "It should be observed that the assistance of the General Staff was solicited in the proposition of increasing the rural guard to 10,000 men and the artillery to 2,000, and devoted its attention to this proposition alone. It did not originate the proposition or do anything else than that which it was requested to do."

"The plan proposed by the General Staff was forwarded to the Secretary of War by the Provisional Governor, and the Secretary after careful consideration finally approved it and directed Governor Magoon to proceed with its execution at such time as seemed to him expedient. Its publication in Havana was immediately followed by a storm of protest and criticism, mainly from people who did not understand it and imagined that one feature of it, which is the same as that existing in statute law in the United States, instituted the system of compulsory service which characterizes European military establishments. No one ever made or contemplated such a proposition. The clause objected to was a copy of the United States law which defines the National Militia, merely asserting that all citizens between certain ages are liable to military duty."

"Many propositions were immediately made by Cuban citizens, and the Provisional Governor forwarded some of them to Washington. The one which seemed to have the most backing was a proposition to leave the rural guard as at present constituted, and add a few regiments of regular troops (Cubans) thereto, not to constitute a part of the rural guard or to do police duty. This question was never submitted to the General Staff at all, but the original plan was slightly modified by an officer of the Insular Bureau of the War Department, at my request, with a view to submitting another plan made in accordance with ideas expressed by the Cuban citizens, in order that this modified plan might also receive consideration. When this was completed I forwarded it to Secretary Taft in Cuba, but I do not know what further action has been taken in the matter. I think it remains in statu quo for the reason that so long as the American troops remain in Cuba, no increase in the armed forces there is necessary, and no one has intended to immediately or rapidly increase the Cuban armed forces to the maximum proposed by the law of the Cuban congress. This was an end to be arrived at about the time the American troops are to be withdrawn. The Secretary of War has considered it best for the Cubans themselves that when the American forces withdraw they should have a sufficient armed force to put down sudden disorder. The General Staff of the U.S. Army has had no connection whatever with the scheme or plan other than that outlined above."

JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION PARADE.

The parade on the occasion of the opening exercises of the Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition, April 26, 1907, was organized as follows and when formed in column was in the following order:

Grand marshal, Major Gen. F. D. Grant, U.S.A.; staff, Major John S. Mallory, 12th U.S. Inf.; adjutant general and chief of staff, Capt. A. J. Bowley, Art. Corps; aide-de-camp, Major C. E. Woodruff, Med. Dept.; chief surgeon, Capt. John L. Hines, 23d U.S. Inf.; chief quartermaster, Capt. J. N. Killian, Sub. Dept.; chief commissary, Capt. Percy L. Jones, Med. Dept., U.S.A.; 2d Lieut. H. L. Jordan, 21st U.S. Inf.

Honorary aides.—Hon. Cornelius A. Fuglesley, presiding general, S.A.R.; Hon. Floyd Hughes, representing S.A.R.; Hon. John Lamb, representing United Confederate Veterans; Hon. Julian S. Carr, representing United Confederate Veterans; Hon. Beth Bolling, representing United Confederate Veterans; Brig. Gen. C. C. Vaughan, representing Virginia Volunteers; Col. William P. Sheffield, National Guard; Capt. H. B. Nichols, representing Grand Army of the Republic; Hon. John D. Crimmins, representing Irish-American Historic Society; Hon. Edward H. Hall, representing Order of Founders and Patriots of America; Hon. Howland Pell, representing Society of War of 1812; Col. Francis G. Ward, representing (secretary) Spanish War Veterans; Hon. Amory Sibley Carhart, representing (secretary) Society of Colonial Wars; Col. Oswald Tilghman, representing Society of the Cin-

cinnati; Hon. Clarence E. Leonard, representing Society of Mayflower Descendants; Hon. Edward L. Perkins.

The troops participated in the following order: 1, detachments of marines and seamen from foreign warships; 2, 23d Regiment, U.S. Infantry; Col. Philip Reade, commanding. Staff, Capt. George S. Goodale, 23d Inf., adjutant; Capt. D. B. Devore, 23d Inf., Q.M.; Capt. Samuel Seay, jr., 23d Inf., commissary.

First Battalion.—Capt. R. R. Stevens, 23d Inf.; 2d Battalion, Capt. R. C. Croxton, 23d Inf.; 3d Battalion, Capt. Thomas F. Schley, 23d Inf.

3, Battalion of Coast Artillery, U.S.A., Major F. S. Strong, Art. Corps.

4, United States Atlantic Fleet Naval Brigade, six battalions, Capt. Seaton Schroeder, U.S.N., commanding; Lieut. Comdr. Mark L. Bristol, U.S.N., brigade adjutant. First Battalion, Major W. C. Neville, U.S.M.C.; 2d Battalion, Capt. H. C. Davis, U.S.M.C.; 3d Battalion, Lieut. Comdr. F. L. Chapin, U.S.N.; 4th Battalion, Lieut. Comdr. P. W. Hourigan, U.S.N.; 5th Battalion, Lieut. Comdr. W. B. Fletcher, U.S.N.; 6th Battalion, Lieut. Comdr. H. B. Price, U.S.N.

5, Third Battery, U.S. Field Artillery, Capt. T. N. Horn, Art. Corps.

6, Second Squadron, 12th U.S. Cavalry, Major H. G. Sickel.

7, Seventy-first Regiment of Infantry, Virginia Volunteers, Col. Thomas J. Nottingham.

8, Battery C, 1st Battalion of Artillery, Virginia Volunteers, dismounted, Capt. H. C. Brinkley.

9, Battery B, 1st Battalion of Artillery, Virginia Volunteers, Capt. G. W. Toms.

The troops were reviewed by President Roosevelt in the presence of an immense number of spectators, and made a fine appearance.

HAMPTON ROADS.

"The sun is warm to-day. The wind is very gentle. The orchards are all a-bloom. * * * Somehow it lures my mind back to that moment * * * when the true meaning of an ancient craving flashed upon me."

"Nature makes provision that at last every event which marks the upward progress of the world shall bloom in the heaven dyed language of the poet." These thoughts expressed by Morris Schaff moved by the spirit of Old West Point find here another application. As the reverberations of the signal given from the water battery on the Old Fortress (Monroe) died away the grandest fleet that had ever assembled in American waters, impatient of restraint, broke away from all time formulas and fifty ships of war belched forth fire and flame in honor of the President of the United States. We of the old school who had reckoned on the measured intervals of the formal salute were startled, if not amazed, to witness this scene of mimic war.

The little Mayflower was indeed well above the visible horizon and with the aid of a good glass the President's ensign was visibly flying at the masthead, but as good old Dooley might say, "Shiver me topmast, but the like iv this I've never before seen since th' day I was born." And here I turn again to Morris for help, the man whose prose is all poetry: "Does our imagination spiritualize the event(s), and make us see Fate forcing her way as she leads the country to its destiny, * * * is it the glow from faces of high minded youths in gray and blue; or is the radiance in the face of Peace? My heart beats before it." Yes, it was on the very spot where the Cumberland went down with her colors at the peak that the chime of guns rang out over the grave of this noble ship—fifty times twenty-one guns in joyous tones of welcome. A battle of warships with unshotted guns.

A SPECTATOR.

COLONEL TORNEY'S EARTHQUAKE SERVICE.

The following expression of appreciation of excellent service was sent to Lieut. Col. George H. Torney, Med. Dept., U.S.A., dated at San Francisco, March 20, 1907: Col. George H. Torney, U.S. Gen. Hospital, S.F.

Dear Sir: At the last meeting of "The California Academy of Medicine," held Feb. 26, 1907, the enclosed "resolution" was unanimously passed by the society, in order to give voice in some way to the debt they feel themselves under to you for your service to the city during the calamity. Yours sincerely, Harold Bruun, Sec. Cal. Academy of Medicine.

The following resolution, recommended by the executive committee, was unanimously passed by "The California Academy of Medicine":

Resolution: Whereas, In consequence of the earthquake and fire of April 18, 1906, the city of San Francisco was destroyed and its people subjected to great danger from unsanitary conditions which threatened an immediate outbreak of epidemics, and

Whereas, a sanitary officer of experience and ability was needed in this emergency to cope with the conditions which arose when many thousands of people were suddenly thrown into camps without provision for sanitation, shelter, food or water; and

Whereas, on April 19, such an officer was found in Lieut. Col. George H. Torney, Deputy Surgeon General, U.S. Army, who responded promptly and acted in the capacity of chairman and chief executive of the general military and civil authorities, in forming, equipping and operating a sanitary organization, which efficiently met the exigencies of the occasion and secured order and discipline in the camps and brought safety and comfort to the suffering refugees,

Therefore, be it resolved, that it is the sense of this society that the city of San Francisco rests under great obligation to Colonel Torney for an invaluable service in a time of direct extremity manifest in the saving of many lives and preventing further impending calamity.

Be it further resolved: That as an expression of appreciation of this work, a copy of these resolutions be spread upon the minutes of this society, that another copy be forwarded to Colonel Torney, and another to the Surgeon General of the U.S. Army at Washington.

FIELD GLASSES IN TARGET PRACTICE.

An officer of the Army has asked us for an interpretation of Par. 405, Small Arms Firing Regulations, as amended by G.O. 34, War Dept., 1907, direct from the War Department, and says: "Does this paragraph as amended mean that field glasses may not be used on the range during regular practice? Does it also mean that an anemometer may not be used on the range during the preliminary practice of the regular season? In this country and climate, the mirage makes it difficult and often impossible for the firer or scorer at the 1,000-yard firing point to see the color of the disk shown at the target, or even to see in which ring the disk is shown, without the aid of field glasses, or a telescope. This also happens at 800 yards and sometimes at 600 yards. Field glasses would most certainly be used in the field in time of war by expert shots sent out on expeditions to silence an enemy's machine gun, or on like expeditions. I know of two cases of this kind in which field glasses were used to great advantage. If we had a greensward to fire over as they have on most ranges in the East, field glasses would be unnecessary, but out here we have to fire over white glaring sand devoid of grass, and through an ever-present and heavy mirage, which makes field glasses almost indispensable to a firer at the longer ranges, in determining the

exact position of his hit, on the target, and in determining the extent and direction of the mirage.

"As to the anemometer, I have just received one from the Signal Corps for use on the range. Our regular season begins the first of May, and as our range is about three and a-half miles from the post, the anemometer sent me will be of no use to us this year, in the instructions of troops at this post, unless we are allowed to use it on the range during preliminary practice of this year's regular season."

In answer to the above we would say that it has been decided by the General Staff of the Army that in the small arms firing practice of this summer, ordinary field glasses, such as would be used in warfare, may be employed, but that spy-glasses shall be debarred. In short, it is the desire of the General Staff that in this practice the conditions of actual warfare shall be simulated as closely as possible. For that reason the anemometer is barred from use on the range because in battle it would be impracticable. At the same time there is no objection on the part of the Department to the practice of troops with it, preliminary to the range trials. At the latter, however, the officers believe that the individual soldier should be able to judge from the waving of the grass and other signs the velocity of the wind just as he would be forced to do in battle and the advantage of the range trials is in teaching the enlisted man to shoot straight without extraneous assistance.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY IN ARMY.

In an article on wireless telegraphy for military purposes the New York Times says: "After the warships, it is in the signal service of armies that the wireless is most used. The German army has its Funkentelegraf Battalion, as well as its Balloon Battalion, and the rapidity of its work has delighted the general staff. Since the Signal Corps of the United States Army adopted the wireless system as a part of its regular equipment its efficiency has become even greater than before. The Corps has been commanded by Brig. Gen. James Allen since February, 1906, and the progress in wireless signaling is due largely to his efforts."

After describing the method of packing and transporting in three loads aggregating 425 pounds the wireless apparatus for army use devised by Chief Packmaster H. W. Daly, of the Q.M. Department, the Times says: "The rapidity with which this apparatus can be unpacked and set up, or taken down and packed away, has been one of the matters which have received most attention in the experiments. It has been found that fifteen minutes were sufficient for this. The German Funkentelegraf is smaller and less powerful than the American, but it can be unpacked and set up in less than five minutes. An apparatus similar to that of the German army was one of those tested in Cuba under the direction of the General Staff and the speed of setting up was proved, but the apparatus was deemed to be not sufficiently powerful for use in the American Army, so the larger outfit was selected."

"The American Army has proved that wireless telegraphy, even if still in infancy, has passed the experimental stage, and reached that of practical utility; therefore, it has determined to be the first in the field to rely upon it for its communications. In order to make the work more effective the Signal Corps is busy installing powerful permanent stations with tall masts at many points. These are destined to serve as central communication points for the smaller portable outfits in the field. Several of these permanent stations are being erected in Cuba, each of which will have an effective radius of at least 100 miles. Other apparatus has been installed at Fort Riley, Fort Leavenworth, and at Fairbanks and Circle City, Alaska. One of the most important stations is that about to be set up at Fort Gibbon, Alaska."

PATRIOTIC WORDS FROM "MOTHER" EDDY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

The press reports announce that Mrs. Eddy, the founder of Christian Science, has been invited to head the list of those who are identified with the American Branch of the Association of International Conciliation, with headquarters at 542 Fifth avenue, New York. The list of officers is given as follows: Mrs. Mary Baker Eddy, Andrew Carnegie, Seth Low and Nicholas Burray Butler. Apropos of this, it will not come amiss to quote some beautiful words of Mrs. Eddy's, which show very plainly, although she is a lover of peace, and an active worker in the cause of peace, the great appreciation she has of our brave soldiers and sailors, and her loyalty to country. The following is from her message to the Mother Church in Boston on occasion of the June communion, 1898:

"Pray for the prosperity of our country, and for her victory under arms; that justice, mercy, and peace continue to characterize her government, and that they shall rule all nations. Pray that the Divine Presence may still guide and bless our Chief Magistrate, those associated with his executive trust, and our national judiciary; give to our Congress wisdom, and uphold our nation with the right arm of his righteousness. In your peaceful homes remember our brave soldiers, whether in camp or in battle. O may their love of country, and their faithful service thereto, be unto them life-preservers! May the Divine Love succor and protect them, as at Manila, where brave men, led by the dauntless Dewey, and shielded by the Power that saved them, sailed victoriously through the jaws of death and blotted out the Spanish squadron."

"May our father-mother God, who in times past hath spread for us a table 'in the wilderness' and 'in the midst of our enemies,' establish us in the most holy faith, plant our feet firmly on Truth, the rock of Christ, the substance of things hoped for—and fill us with the life and understanding of God, and good will toward men." From "Christian Science Versus Pantheism," by Mary Baker Eddy. E. K. W.

The announcement of a committee, with Mrs. Eddy as chairman, to which our correspondent refers, was a bit of newspaper humor.

During the heavy fog on the Long Island, N.Y., coast on April 28 the passenger steamer Puritan had a good opportunity to test her new submarine signal system. The bells on Cornfield and Brenton's Reef lightships were picked up more than five miles away and the sound was never lost after being picked up. Nothing was heard from the bell supposed to be at the Point Judith whistling buoy and it is thought that it is not connected. "The fact that the location of those two lightships could be determined in the fog while they were still five miles distant," says the Newport Herald, "shows what an advantage this submarine signalling apparatus is in foggy weather."

General Kuroki, of the Japanese army, was given a rousing reception in Washington at the close of the week. He and his staff arrived in the city from Hampton Roads on Thursday under the escort of Lieut. General MacArthur and his staff, and under their guidance visited the heads of the various Departments. He was met at the railway station by General Bell, Chief of Staff, and his aide, Captain Wright, and some troops of Cavalry, and from that time on he was excellently entertained. He will be the guest of honor at a banquet at the White House and again at a banquet given by Secretary Taft while at the Japanese embassy. Several functions have been arranged for him. General Kuroki is accompanied by Lieut. Gen. Yasutsuna Kigoshi, Major Gen. Michiharu Umezawa, Col. Masamori Ota, Lieut. Col. Motohiko Nagayama, Major Toyohiko Yoshida, Capt. Shojiro Tanaka, Capt. Marquis Jutoku Saigo, Surg. Capt. Toshitsugu Tamuro, Intendant Capt. Go Kobayashi, Sergt. Major of Infantry Hideo Hosokawa, Sergt. of Cavalry Masao Takahashi, 1st Pvt. of Infantry Masakuni Asakawa, 1st Pvt. of Infantry Ichiro Watanabe. General MacArthur's staff includes Col. Frank L. Winn, military secretary; Major W. W. Harts, C.E., U.S.A.; Col. John L. Chamberlain, inspector general Western Division; Sergt. Martin Jensen, orderly; Corp. Christian Christiansen, orderly. The party was joined at Pittsburg, where a dinner was given at the Allegheny County Club in General Kuroki's honor, by Baron Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, and his staff. Count von Hatzfeldt, first secretary of the German legation, and his wife, who were in the city, came on with the party to Washington. General Kuroki, through his interpreter, Captain Tanaki, said he was delighted with the way the Government was treating him, and remarked that for hospitality, as well as many other things, the Japanese could always feel they could come to the United States to learn. In spite of sixty-four years, the General does not look old. He is as young and sprightly in action as a man of thirty-five. He makes no attempt to speak English, but it is said this is due to his modesty. All of the American officers who are escorting General Kuroki and his staff are impressed with their brightness and quickness of acquiring knowledge.

The fact that the U.S.S. Connecticut, in command of an officer whose record during forty-four years' of service had been without blemish, should have been run on to a perfectly well-known shoal is very disquieting. It appears that in the bright glare of a tropical sun a red channel buoy was mistaken for a black one, and the ship, not having been given a sufficiently wide berth, the order given under a misapprehension, ran the ship aground. Park Benjamin takes this fact as the text for an article in the Independent, in which he holds that too large a proportion of the service of the Navy officers of to-day is ashore, where they cannot learn seamanship. In case of the commander of the Connecticut, the proportion of sea service was forty per cent. to forty-seven per cent. on shore duty, and thirteen per cent. unemployed, and his sea service had been in large proportion, in fact wholly, up to his thirtieth year, on vessels now not only obsolete, but in all of their appointments practically archaic. This officer was fifty before he attained his first command, that of a gunboat of 1,700 tons. "Then," as Mr. Benjamin says, "he proceeded, via an arm-chair at the General Board, to the control of a great floating fortress of 16,000 tons." It is not quite clear what the size of a vessel has to do with the mistaking of a light of one color for that of another color, but there is force in the general conclusion of Mr. Benjamin that our Navy officers need more training, and training at an earlier age, in the command of vessels of our modern Navy. Our present system, he says, "exalts the transformation of the military sailor into the fighting engineer, and subordinates the seaman to the gunnery expert, or the motive power expert or the electrical expert, useful enough and necessary in their fields, forgetting that so long as ships are ships, sailors must be sailors," and that naval commanders must be "bred for the sea on the sea."

Owing to the illness of the Arab stallion which Homer Davenport has asked the War Department to test in an endurance ride across the country, the trial has been postponed, but General Bell explains that the postponement is only temporary. In an explanation which he made this week, in regard to the offers of both Mr. Davenport and Gen. John B. Castleman, he said: "It is needless for me to say that both Mr. Davenport and General Castleman are horse breeders who are well known throughout the country, and both of them lovers of good sport and fair play, who would not desire to enter their animals against any horses out of condition." He said, furthermore, that pulmonary emphysema was a horse disease well known to him. In a letter to General Bell, General Castleman said: "The American saddle horse furnished for the test is private property at private risk, furnished by promptness of public spirit without conditions. I assume, as a matter of course, the start would be made in deference to Mr. Davenport's wish, or the condition of his horse, and I have no desire to ask any modification in respect to the test from Portland, Ore., to New York city. I proposed to make this march and the horse will be here as agreed on the 11th inst., to be turned over to the government for that purpose, and I have no conditions whatever to suggest. I ventured to propose the name of Lieutenant Reed, of the 6th Cavalry, because I knew he was a good horseman and a good officer. The owners of breeds of horses will have to regulate their own affairs. I will advise the Adjutant General, however, I would not care to enter a competition against a lot of scrubs; all I ask is such breeds as are recognized by the government. I want to encourage good horse breeding and at the same time be of incidental advantage to the government."

The Secretary of War, in an official communication, dated May 3, 1907, referring to the proceedings of the board of officers, of which Col. Philip Reade, 23d U.S. Inf., is president, for the purpose of testing revolvers and automatic pistols, in regard to the eight recommendations made by the board, said: "In view of the fact that there are no caliber .45 revolvers on hand, that it would cost, approximately, \$40,000 to arm the troops in the Philippine Islands with such revolvers, and of the further fact that the revolvers, if they should be issued to the troops in question, might be replaced later by automatic pistols, the first recommendation of the board in that respect has not been approved. Troops G, 6th Cav.; F, 9th Cav., and G, 11th Cav., will be armed with

the Savage automatic pistol, and Troops H, 2d Cav.; H, 4th Cav., and E, 10th Cav., with the Colt automatic pistol for test and report in accordance with the second and third recommendations of the board. The Colt double action revolver will not be furnished to troops stationed at posts where troops armed with the automatic revolver are stationed, as it is considered that the test of these revolvers made by the board is satisfactory, and the fourth recommendation of the board, in that regard, has, therefore, not been approved. Recommendations five, six, seven and eight of the board have been approved."

An unusual case of belated conscience-activity was brought to the attention of the Surgeon General's office of the Army this week when an old case of amputating instruments, which had been in the possession of the office for several years, but for various reasons had never been opened, was finally opened. It was found to contain in addition to a complete set of well-preserved knives, the following letter dated Sept. 25, 1903, and signed "A Seventy-seven Year-old M.D.": "I have the honor to report amputating case practically in as good condition as when I received it for it in 1864. It was retained in my possession at the close of the war under the following circumstances: Some of the men belonging to the same command with myself found in a deserted rebel camp an amputating case with the U.S. stamp upon it, evidently a case captured from the Union army. It was a very complete case and I returned it in my final account with the government. It was accounted all right and my liability discharged. I have taken good care of the case left in my possession all these years, used it but very little and now surrender it to the government, where it rightfully belongs. Thanking Uncle Samuel for the long loan of this case of instruments, and hoping to be forgiven for the irregularity in its retention, I remain with high regard."

The Adjutant General is advised by telegram of May 7 from the commanding general, Department of California, that the transport Logan sailed on May 6 from San Francisco, Cal., for Manila, with headquarters, staff, band, Cos. A, B, C, E, F, H, I, K and L, 9th Cavalry (27 officers and 682 enlisted men), the 27th Battery, Field Artillery (4 officers and 112 enlisted men), and the following military passengers: Colonel Boms, Major Macomb, Chaplain Prioleau, Captains Armstrong, Hamilton, Sievert, Miller, Parsons, McCormack, Lieutenants Pearson, Calvert, Fehér, Gibbins, Cole, Bowie, Herman, Hathaway, Kuznik, Howard, Camp, Esty, Love, Buchanan, Winfree, Davis, Holderness and Elliott, 9th Cav.; Captain Scott, Lieutenants Bowen, Williford and Henderson, Art. Corps; Colonel Loughborough, 13th Inf.; Majors Morgan, adjutant general; Lynch, paymaster; Captains Clarke, Signal Corps; Dean, Med. Dept.; Kromer, 10th Cav.; Game, 1st Inf.; Lieutenants Norton, 8th Inf.; Small, Philippine Scouts; Veterinarians Power, Art. Corps; Glasson, 9th Cav.; 10 Hospital Corps, 4 casuals, 55 recruits for 10th Infantry, and 2 female Army nurses.

It has practically been determined by the Canal Commission to purchase its commissary supplies through the Commissary Department of the Army. The previous practice has been to purchase them in New York without advertising and this has led to a protest from the people of the Mississippi valley and particularly of New Orleans, who claim that they can supply the goods required, of as good quality and as cheaply or more so than in New York. The Commissary Department of the Army makes its purchases all over the country, at the lowest possible price and is entirely above any suspicion of graft. Of course this conclusion is only the natural result of placing the construction work under the supervision of the Army and it is merely one step toward eliminating any possibility of scandal in connection with the scheme. It is the logical inference and undoubtedly will work well, although it will greatly increase the work of the Commissary Department. This change gives great satisfaction to Southern commercial bodies who have protested against the present method as unfairly discriminating against them.

Capt. C. de F. Chandler, of the Signal Corps of the Army, has sent to the bureau in Washington a detailed report of his experiences in the balloon flight from St. Louis, made on April 30 and ending on May 1 at 2:30 o'clock. He says that the balloon used was the America and carried 1,742 pounds' weight, of which 1,200 pounds were sand ballast. The conditions at the time of ascension were unfavorable. The sky was overcast and there was a very light wind blowing. The ascent was rapid and the balloon was soon above the clouds, of which the Captain was fortunate enough to make three very clear negatives. In the evening they floated above the clouds in bright moonlight and turned in at a late hour, only to be awakened by a shock caused by the drag rope catching on the top of a hill 1,500 feet high. However, the rope soon cleared itself and nothing else occurred to mar the night's voyage. The following day they landed in Pope County, Ill., the drag rope becoming entangled in an oak tree.

Following the custom of the last two years of purchasing two and three-year-old colts and breaking them to the use of the mounted officers of the Army, the Quartermaster's Department has contracted for thirty-six colts for the coming year, to weigh between 850 and 1,000 pounds, according to their age, and to stand from 14 3/4 to 15 1/2 hands high. Last year seventy-six were similarly purchased. All of this year's purchases are sent to the military school at Fort Riley to be trained, and it is found that these horses are in great demand by officers. It is the purpose to supply each officer with two mounts, one which has had a year's training and a green horse which he has to train himself. The horses so purchased have cost on an average \$150 per head, although it is probable that price will be considerably raised within the year, and it is required that they shall have a strain of thoroughbred in them.

A press despatch from Houston, Tex., May 5, reports that Lieut. Col. Francis H. French, 12th Inf., I.G., S.W. Division, is at Houston examining private soldiers on matters having a bearing upon the shooting-up of Brownsville. He will investigate matters brought out in the Penrose court-martial to the effect that there were extra guns and that some of them were found in a storeroom at the barracks at Fort Brown after the battalions of the 21st

Infantry quit that post. This suggests the possibility that ten or twelve Regular Army rifles and many rounds of ammunition were allowed to go into the hands of persons not connected with the Army, prior to the departure of the battalion of the 26th Infantry and the arrival of the 25th. In addition to this Colonel French will take up the matter of extra rifles which were stored at Fort Brown, and investigate a report that ammunition was issued to a civilian.

Major Francis P. Frémont, of the 5th U.S. Infantry, who was tried before a G.C.M. at New York city, and found guilty of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d Article of War, was sentenced to lose sixty files in military rank on the lineal list of majors of Infantry. The sentence was approved by General Grant, and the comments of the latter on the case will be found in the G.O. relating thereto, under our Army head in this issue. In an account of the G.C.M. proceedings, in our issue of April 27 last, it was stated that Mr. E. G. Vaughn, president of the National Bank of Cuba, testified that "on the joint signatures of Major Frémont and E. J. Donnelly, the bank had loaned \$2,500." Mr. Vaughn's testimony was that the note was signed by Major Frémont and A. J. Finlay. Mr. E. J. Donnelly informs us that he was never on any note either with Frémont or Finlay.

We have received from Mr. Sylvester T. Smith, of Chicago, Ill., the sum of \$10 as a contribution to the fund to appeal in behalf of Chief Yeoman Buenzle, U.S.N., whose suit for damages because of his expulsion from a Newport dance hall while in uniform was decided adversely lately by the Rhode Island Superior Court. An appeal is to be taken, we understand, to the Supreme Court, and we have forwarded this contribution to Capt. Albert C. Dillingham, U.S.N., who has interested himself in the matter. Captain Dillingham, in a note to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL acknowledging Mr. Smith's contribution, says: "As custodian of this fund I sincerely thank Mr. Smith for his substantial appreciation of this question; also I take this opportunity of thanking you for your very kind offices in forwarding check."

The city fathers of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., on April 19, passed the following resolution: "By Alderman Vanderhook, seconded by Alderman McDonald. Resolved, That the Common Council of the city, in behalf of our citizens, do hereby extend to Major Ducat, the commanding officer of the post (Fort Brady), and to his men, our sincere and grateful thanks for the efficient services, and for the use of the post engine during the recent break in the water works in the city. Resolved further, That as an appreciation, this resolution be spread on the minutes of the proceedings, and a copy forwarded to the commanding officer of the post. Carried. All the aldermen present voting therefor."

Charles M. Schwab, speaking of labor conditions in San Francisco, May 7, said: "Our concern will never take a battleship or any other kind of a ship to be built in San Francisco as long as the labor conditions are maintained as at present. We lost \$2,500,000 on the last three battleships contracted for, and have lost more money in our other works throughout the different parts of the country. When we took control of the Union Works, Henry T. Scott had already contracted for these three ships, and then the men were working ten hours a day, but this did not exist long before it was nine hours."

Members of the class of 1891, U.S.N.A. are arranging to hold a class dinner in Washington, D.C., on Tuesday evening, June 4, 1907, in celebration of the twentieth anniversary of their entrance in the Service. It is requested that all members of the class seeing this notice, will communicate with Lieut. Comdr. Henry H. Hough, U.S.N., Office of Naval Intelligence, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., stating whether or not they will be able to attend. Any information about the addresses of members of the class who have left the Service will be very much appreciated.

The 23d U.S. Infantry, Col. Philip Reade commanding, arrived at Washington May 1 on the transport Summer for the purpose of taking part in the military ceremonies connected with the dedication of the statue of General McClellan, May 2. The 23d Infantry is stationed at Camp Capt. John Smith, at the Jamestown Exposition, and returned there immediately after the conclusion of the dedicatory exercises. The 23d Infantry was encamped alongside the District of Columbia National Guard at Mount Gretna last summer, and the men of both regiments became great friends, it is said.

Secretary Taft proposes to apply to the workmen on the Panama Canal the Army principle of additional pay for length of service. "It will furnish a motive for their continuance in the service," says the Secretary; "will give stability to the organization, and will moderate the tendency to frequently recurring demands for increases in the class rates which the peculiar conditions of work and life on the isthmus develop."

A newspaper despatch states that Major Samuel W. Miller, Infantry arm, Inspector General's Department, was at Camp Wallace in the Philippines on March 21 to conduct an investigation into the trouble at that post, as a result of which three officers, Capt. Edgar A. Sirmyer and Reginald E. McNally and 1st Lieut. George H. Baird, 8th Cav., were placed under arrest.

Col. J. Garrard, recently promoted from lieutenant colonel, 14th U.S. Cav., has been assigned to command the 15th Cavalry vice Chase, detailed to the Inspector General's Department.

Col. Frederick K. Ward, U.S.A., who has been on duty in the Inspector General's Department, has been assigned to command the 7th Cavalry vice Morton promoted.

It is announced that Mexico has begun the construction of elaborate fortifications at Coatzacoalcas and Salina Cruz.

WORK OF THE WOMAN'S AUXILIARY, Y.M.C.A.

Those who attend the garden party at Governors Island, May 28, on behalf of the Woman's Auxiliary of the International Committee, may be sure that they will have a delightful time as they have had in former years on like occasions. There will be a tent where an enticing gypsy will, upon the proper crossing of the palm, tell fortunes and we are sure that there will be abundant prophecies of good fortune. There will be a flower booth presided over by Mrs. J. N. Pardee and Miss Donnellan, assisted by the children of the garrison, and an ice cream tent, presided over by Mrs. L. C. Allen, assisted by Mrs. C. Richard, Mrs. G. H. Davis, Mrs. W. H. Jordan, Mrs. A. W. Foreman, Mrs. Z. M. Madison and Miss Harbeson. One of the tea tents will be designated the Chinese Tea Tent and will be presided over by Mrs. Heistand, assisted by Mrs. Johnston, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Dorsey, Miss Pullman, Miss Sadler, Miss Miller, Miss Shearer, Miss Cronkhite, Miss Helen Curtis, Miss Spencer and Mlle. de Villeneuve. Also another tea tent presided over by Mrs. Stephen C. Mills, assisted by the following ladies: Mrs. Osgood, Mrs. Greble, Mrs. Cronkhite, Mrs. Newcomb, Mrs. Shirley, Miss Burlbank, Miss Curtis, Miss Gladys Edgerton, Miss Howard, Miss Mildred Greble, Miss Gale.

It is intended to make this fête one of the finest ever given. Mrs. Frederick D. Grant is chairman of the entertainment committee on the island; Mrs. Francis M. Gibson, chairman entertainment committee for the branch; Mrs. Fabius M. Clarke, chairman of the press committee, and Mrs. Henry Bischoff is president of the Society. The vice-presidents are Mrs. Richard Aldrich, Miss Grace Bigelow, and Miss Edna Storm. Mrs. Charles F. Rae is chairman of the New York branch. Mrs. Grant will receive all members of the Army Relief Society in her home, and General Grant will make the dear old house look like an enchanted spot.

The Woman's Auxiliary last year received \$168,644.36. Of this amount Miss Helen Miller Gould contributed \$83,586.33, and these sums were contributed by anonymous friends, viz., for army work in the Philippines, \$8,832.88; general fund, \$2,000; Army post work, \$2,000; for work in Japanese army, \$1,000; for army association building, Fort Leavenworth, Kan., \$20,000; for railroad libraries, \$7,000. The membership fees amounted to \$2,007.01; there was a special gift fund of \$38,249.40. The most marked step of progress in the Naval Association for the year was the gift by Mr. John D. Rockefeller of the money necessary for the erection of a building for the branch at Norfolk, Va.

Another naval branch was opened in July, 1906, at Philadelphia. In Boston, under the leadership and direction of a young business man, the ships have been visited and meetings and entertainments have been given. In the home naval branches alone the men have deposited for investment and safe-keeping \$567,788. The memorial building given through the Auxiliary at St. Louis, Mo., is under course of construction and will be opened to the men centering at that point within a few months. The work at Army posts in the United States in post exchange buildings has been continued, five such associations having been organized during the year. The work on the Army Association building at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., has been pushed and it is expected that this will be ready for occupancy by July 1, 1907, and will prove a center of attraction for the 3,000 or more soldiers located at that point. At Fort William McKinley, P.I., there is a memorial building for the use of enlisted men.

SERVICE WEDDINGS.

The post chapel at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., April 30, was the scene of one of the prettiest weddings ever held in the post, when Miss Louise I. Adams, daughter of Lieut. Col. Granger Adams, Art. Corps, and 1st Lieut. Beverly F. Browne, Art. Corps, were married by the Rev. Robert Spencer, rector of an Episcopal church at Springfield, Mo. The bride wore a plain white princess gown, trimmings of which were used on her mother's wedding dress, and consisted of brocade satin, chiffon, Duchesse and point lace. The bride also wore a long tulle white veil, pinned with a diamond crescent, and carried white roses. Miss Boynton, of New York city, a cousin of the bride, who has been the guest of Colonel Adams and his daughter for several months, was the maid of honor. She wore a beautiful white Peau-de-citron princess, which was elaborately trimmed in lace to match. Her hat was of white, trimmed with white ostrich plumes. The bridesmaids were Miss Hoyle and Miss Banister, who looked very pretty in white tissue dresses, which were princess style, and trimmed with Valenciennes lace. They wore white garden hats, trimmed with red roses, and carried American Beauties. Capt. E. G. Peyton, of Fort Leavenworth, who appeared in his full dress uniform, acted as best man. The ushers were Lieutenant Smith, of Fort Leavenworth; Lieutenants Barnard, Danford, Lininger, Taulbee and Allin, of Fort Riley. The church was beautifully decorated in palms and flags. Following the ceremony, a reception was held at the home of the bride's father. An interesting feature attending the cutting of the bride's cake was the presence of her mother's wedding cake and that of her grandmother's, made in 1847, both in excellent preservation. The bride has been at the post for a number of years and was one of the most popular and cultured young women of Fort Riley. The bride and groom left May 1 for New York, where they will visit for a short time before going to Fort Moultrie, S.C., the home station of the groom. Among the many entertainments given in honor of Miss Adams was a dinner given by Miss Hoyle on Sunday evening, April 28. The bride's table, at which were seated the Misses Adams, Banister, Hetherington, Hoyle, Boynton and Lieutenants Browne, Barnard Hoyle, Taulbee, Dodds, Allin and Lininger, was very artistically decorated in red in honor of the branch of the Service to which both honored guests belong. Over the table was suspended a big white flower wedding bell, in which was hidden a little gift of silver or gold, such as stick pins and watch charms, with appropriate verses for each guest. At each place at the table there were little souvenir trunks and suit cases tied with white satin ribbon and little gilt slippers. These were filled with rice, which was later thrown at the prospective bride and groom. After the elaborate dinner the guests were entertained with a little music. At several tables were seated Major and Mrs. Hinds, Colonel Maccomb, Lieutenant Colonel Adams, Mrs. Hoyle, Lieutenants Holderness and Winfree, and the Misses Fanny and Margaret Hoyle.

Miss Helen M. Richards was married at Cavite, P.I., April 3, 1907, to Lieut. Theodore E. Backstrom, U.S. M.C.

Miss Flora Grandy, of Burlington, Vt., was married at Manila, P.I., March 5, 1907, to Dr. Henry W. Eliot, Med. Dept., U.S.A.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sherman announce the engagement

of their daughter, Lillian, to Lieut. Elliott J. Dent, Corps of Engineers, U.S.A. Miss Sherman has returned from Europe and will be at the Mendota, Washington, D.C., during the remainder of the spring.

The engagement is announced of Mrs. Eloise Sprague Wood, of New York city, to Lieut. George Leonard Smith, U.S.N., of the U.S.F.S. Connecticut. The wedding will take place at the country home of the bride's sister, Mrs. Hugh Talbot, in Westfield, New Jersey, on June 1.

The engagement is announced of Miss Mary Hendrick Swigert and Lieut. Jairus A. Moore, Art. Corps, U.S.A. Miss Swigert has spent the winter at Fort Monroe, Va., with her cousins, Lieut. and Mrs. Augustine McIntyre.

The marriage of Miss Helen Chick and Lieut. Robert Gaither Caldwell, 10th U.S. Inf., was celebrated May 1 at the home of the bride's grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Chick, at Fort Leavenworth, Kan. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Robert Talbot. To the strains of the Lohengrin wedding march the bridal party descended the stairway, led by the ribbon bearers, Mrs. Tom Martin, Miss Julia Moore, Miss Lelia Chesney and Miss Helen Hendrick. The maid of honor, little Julia Porterfield, a cousin of the bride, followed. The bride and her grandfather were met at the altar by Lieutenant Caldwell and his best man, Lieut. C. H. Morrow, of Fort Leavenworth. The bride's gown was a lovely creation of messaline satin, with a deep yoke of rose point lace edged with folds of satin. The bertha of rose point fell over her short puffed sleeves, which were finished with folds of the satin. A tulle veil arranged in crown effect with clusters of lilies of the valley finished an effective costume. She carried a shower of lilies of the valley, with long streamers. Her only ornament was a pearl pin, the gift of the groom. The wedding was a military one and the full dress uniform of the groom and his best man gave an added touch of interest and attractiveness to the scene. The ceremony was performed in the parlor beneath a wedding bell made of white carnations and American flags. The mantel was banked with Easter lilies, ferns, palms, American flags and Southern smilax, reaching to the ceiling. Tall cathedral candles were used on the altar, while stately bunches of Easter lilies were effectively placed on either side of the bower, American flags being used throughout the receiving rooms. The dining room table held a beautiful centerpiece of sweet peas; the chandeliers in all the rooms were adorned with garlands of Southern smilax and flags; the mantel in the living room was banked with bride's roses. Lieut. and Mrs. Caldwell will be at home after May 15 at Fort Seward, Alaska.

The marriage of Capt. W. B. Scales, 5th U.S. Cav., and Miss Fannie Miller McNeely, of Salisbury, N.C., took place May 2, 1907, in the post chapel at Fort Riley, Kan., which was beautifully decorated for the occasion with flags and palms. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Robert Nelson Spencer, rector of the Episcopal church, Springfield, Mo. The bride was attended by her sister, Mrs. Strachan, as matron of honor, and Mrs. Dixon, Mrs. McNair, Mrs. McCain and Miss Cora Carleton. The bride's gown was of ivory liberty satin, trimmed with Duchesse lace, a full tulle veil, and she carried a bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. She also wore a crescent of diamonds and pearls, the gift of the groom. The best man was Capt. Fox Conner, Art. Corps, U.S.A., and the ushers were Capt. W. S. McNair, Art. Corps, and Lieut. J. W. Moore, 2d Cav. Capt. B. H. Dorcy, Lieut. C. G. Harvey, R. M. Danford and E. V. Armstrong were groomsmen. The bride was given away by her mother, Mrs. McNeely. Following the ceremony a reception was held in the post assembly hall. According to time-honored custom the bride cut the cake with her husband's saber and found the dime in her own slice. The ring was cut by Mrs. Lewis and the thimble by Lieutenant Armstrong. At 10 p.m. the bride and groom left on the westbound train for Denver, amid a shower of rice, good wishes and West Point yells.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Richards, of Salt Lake City, Utah, have issued invitations for the marriage of their daughter, Della Janet, to Lieut. Samuel Minter Parker, 29th Inf., of Fort Douglas, on the evening of Wednesday, May 15. The wedding will be in St. Mark's Cathedral, Salt Lake City, and will be a military one.

Epworth Church, in Freemason street, Norfolk, Va., was the scene of a beautiful wedding on May 7, when Miss Aileen Saunders Pettit, daughter of Mrs. Charles Wesley Pettit, became the bride of Paymr. George G. Seibels, U.S.N. The ceremony was performed by Rev. George E. Booker, pastor of the church, assisted by Rev. A. C. Thompson, rector of St. John's Church, Portsmouth. Mrs. A. Brooke Taylor was the matron of honor and gave the bride away. Miss Floyd Taylor, of Richmond, and Miss Margaret Cobb were bridesmaids, and Mr. Temple Seibels, brother of the groom, was best man. The ushers were Mr. Harry Seibels, Lieut. C. H. Fischer, U.S.N.; Lieut. Hilary Williams, U.S.N.; Dr. Harvey S. Baker, Mr. Julian Osborne and Mr. Percy Pettit.

RECENT DEATHS.

Gen. James M. J. Sanno, U.S.A., retired, a veteran of the Civil, Indian and Philippine Wars, died from intestinal troubles at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., May 4. During over forty-four years of active service he served on many important details of duty, and was held in high esteem. He was born in New Jersey on Dec. 10, 1840, and was appointed a cadet at the West Point Military Academy from that state on July 1, 1859. He was graduated and appointed a second lieutenant of the 7th Infantry, June 11, 1863, in which regiment he was promoted to the grade of captain, May 15, 1871, having declined an appointment as captain in the 28th Infantry, July 28, 1866. He was promoted to major of the 3d Infantry May 12, 1895; lieutenant colonel of the 4th Infantry, Aug. 11, 1898, and colonel of the 18th Infantry, Dec. 18, 1899, and was appointed brigadier general July 30, 1903. He was retired from active service July 31, 1903, at his own request, after over forty-four years' service. General Sanno was breveted major Feb. 27, 1890, for gallant services in action against Indians at the Big Hole, Mont., Aug. 9, 1877, while a captain of the 7th Infantry. General Sanno was a 33d degree Scottish Rite Mason, and was also a member of the M.O.L.L.U.S., Military Order of Foreign Wars, Society of the War of 1812, Society of the Army of the Potomac, and of the Army and Navy Club. He leaves a wife, Mary Worth Sanno, who was a daughter of General Sprague, and a granddaughter of Gen. W. S. Worth. The children who survive him are: Genevieve, wife of Mr. Montgomery Vaddell, of New York; Mary, wife of Capt. J. J. Hornbrook, U.S.A.; William North Sanno, and Katherine, wife of Lieut. Harris Pendleton, Jr., U.S.A. The funeral services were held in Washington, D.C., and the interment was in Arlington, with military and Masonic honors.

Mrs. Matilda Dunham Lawton, widow of Chief Eng.

Elbridge Lawton, U.S.N., died at Baldwinville, N.Y., April 24, 1907, aged 73 years.

Mrs. Mary Coldwell Evans, mother of the wife of Surg. Andrew M. Moore, U.S.N., retired, died in Nashville, Tenn., April 23, 1907.

Charles J. Mann, aged 83 years, father of Lieut. Col. William A. Mann, 6th U.S. Inf., died at Altoona, Pa., April 21, 1907.

Gen. John Watts De Peyster, a member of one of the oldest Knickerbocker families in New York city, died May 5 in his home at that place. He became colonel of the 111th Regiment, N.G.N.Y., in 1845, and later became adjutant general of the state militia. For meritorious services rendered to the state and to the United States prior to and during the Civil War he was in 1866 breveted major general of New York militia.

Jared L. Rathbone, a graduate of the U.S.M.A., class of 1865, who resigned from the Army in 1872, died in San Francisco, Cal., May 2, 1907. He was graduated as a second lieutenant June 23, 1865, in the 12th Infantry, and was made a first lieutenant the same day. He was transferred to the 1st Artillery March 5, 1869, and resigned June 28, 1872.

Mr. Charles Willis Fisher, who died in New York city May 7, was for many years a teacher in the Emerson Institute, Washington, D.C., and subsequently a successful instructor preparing men for West Point and Annapolis. He leaves two children—Charles Willis, Jr., an assistant naval constructor, just finishing a course at Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Boston, and Miss Marjorie Fisher.

Mrs. Emily Magruder Gibson, wife of Robert E. Gibson, of Concord, N.C., who committed suicide by swallowing carbolic acid at Catonsville, a suburb of Baltimore, Md., on May 7, was a daughter of the late Allen B. Magruder, and a niece of the Confederate general, John Bankhead Magruder.

George B. Butler, N.A., who died at his home near Croton Falls, N.Y., May 4, in his seventieth year, was an artist of repute, who had lived for many years abroad, having at times studios in Rome, Capri and Venice. He joined the 7th Regiment, N.G.N.Y., before it left for Washington, April 19, 1861, and was appointed a second lieutenant, 3d U.S. Infantry, Aug. 5, 1861, being later promoted first lieutenant. He resigned in 1863. At Gettysburg he was shot in the right arm, which necessitated its amputation above the elbow. Despite the loss of his arm, he was a skilled horseman and most expert swordsman.

Mrs. Thista Dana, widow of Gen. James J. Dana, U.S.A., died at Cambridge, Mass., May 4.

Mr. Arthur Lowe, father of Mrs. J. W. Craig, wife of Captain Craig, 12th U.S. Cav., died in Washington, D.C., May 5, at the George Washington University Hospital.

PERSONALS.

The present address of Mrs. Malvern-Hill Barnum is 204 South Sixth avenue, La Grange, Ill.

Capt. R. C. Langdon, 3d U.S. Inf., with Mrs. Langdon, is staying at Hotel Chamberlin, Fort Monroe, Va.

The statue of Ensign William Bagley is to be unveiled in Capitol Square, Raleigh, N.C., on Monday, May 20, 1907.

A daughter, Hester Marie Laning, was born to the wife of Lieut. Harris Laning, U.S.N., at Annapolis, Md., May 6.

Rear Admiral Joseph N. Hemphill, accompanied by his flag officer, Lieut. D. P. Mannix, left Washington, May 6, for Manila, where he will take command of the Philippine Squadron of the Pacific Fleet.

Secretary of the Navy Metcalf, accompanied by Mrs. Metcalf, returned to Washington, May 7, from Baltimore, N.C., where for two weeks they have been the house guests of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Vanderbilt.

Rear Admiral C. S. Sperry, U.S.N., will be detached from duty at the Naval War College, Newport, R.I., May 23, having been appointed a delegate on the part of the United States to The Hague conference to be held June 15 next.

Brig. Gen. George B. Davis left Washington on May 4 for West Point, N.Y., where he will visit his daughter until he sails for Europe as a member of the American delegation to The Hague Peace Conference. He will be accompanied upon his journey by Mrs. Davis.

Mrs. Frémont, wife of Capt. John C. Frémont, U.S.N., naval attaché of the American Embassy in Paris, will sail for home this month with her two daughters. Owing to the recent death of a relative, however, they will take no active part in society. Washington will be glad to welcome them back, nevertheless, for Mrs. Frémont and her daughters are all popular there.

Capt. and Mrs. O. W. Bell, of Jefferson Barracks, have issued invitations to a large reception to be given in honor of Miss Blanche Soudard Turner and Miss Julia Lodge, the latter a guest of Mrs. Van Blarcom, of St. Louis. Miss Turner is a sister of Capt. G. Soudard Turner and Lieut. G. E. Turner, and daughter of the late Gen. John W. Turner and Mrs. Turner, of St. Louis.

The infant daughter of Comdr. and Mrs. Walling, who was born last November at the navy yard, New York, was baptized Burnice on Sunday, April 28, at Grace church, Brooklyn Heights, her god-parents being Charles Deering, formerly of the Navy, now living in Chicago; Mrs. C. W. Bonner, of New York, and Mrs. H. K. White, wife of Colonel White, of the U.S.M.C., for whom (she being absent in Porto Rico) Mrs. Albert Marshall, wife of Lieut. A. W. Marshall, stood proxy.

Gen. J. Watts De Peyster, whose death was reported May 5, gave to the Smithsonian Institution from time to time oil paintings, bronzes and military material, besides over 1,000 maps and 6,000 books in various languages bearing upon the military and civil history of Napoleon and his times, and specified by the donor as the "Watts De Peyster Collection, Napoleon Bonaparte." He has also presented many other works, such as rare dictionaries and encyclopedias, books relating to the Civil War, general literature, and the gypsies. His gifts number over 6,000 volumes and 1,000 maps.

Lieut. Frederick Koch, Philippine Scouts, who has resigned from the Army after an honorable service, entered the Army as a private in the 9th U.S. Infantry, May 4, 1883, serving in that command until May, 1888, during which time he rose to the rank of sergeant. A few days later he enlisted in the detachment of cavalry at West Point, in which he served as private, farrier, corporal, sergeant, and first sergeant. On Aug. 17, 1889, he was appointed first lieutenant, 41st U.S. Vol. Inf., and served until honorably mustered out in June, 1901. He was appointed in the Philippine Scouts as second lieutenant in July, 1901, and was promoted first lieutenant in February, 1902.

Mrs. Humphrey, wife of Gen. Charles F. Humphrey, has left Washington for Old Point Comfort, Va.

Gen. James A. Buchanan, U.S.A., has cards out for an entertainment for the Controller of the Currency and Mrs. William Barrett Ridgely, May 18, in Washington, D.C.

Mrs. Larimer, wife of Lieut. E. B. Larimer, U.S.N., left Bremerton, Washington, April 25, for Mare Island on the Spokane to join her husband, who commands the destroyer Paul Jones.

Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich, U.S.N., who has been on duty in Washington, D.C., has been assigned to command the New York Navy Yard on June 1, to relieve Rear Admiral Coghlan, retired.

Ray Spear, U.S. Navy, paymaster of the battleship Iowa, is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Spear, Ninth avenue and Lincoln street, Spokane, Wash. He came home from Guantanamo Bay and is under waiting orders.

Admiral Thierry, of the French cruiser Kleber, visited the navy yard, New York, May 3, and paid an official visit to Rear Admiral Coghlan, the commandant. The visit was returned May 4 by Lieutenant Henderson, Rear Admiral Coghlan's junior aide.

Lieuts. Sheldon W. Anding and Townsend Whelen, 30th U.S. Inf., now at Fort Crook, have been selected to compete with the Army Infantry teams in the national match for 1907 at Camp Perry, O., and in consequence will not sail for the Philippines with their regiment.

Chaplain George E. T. Stephenson, U.S.N., recently appointed, is a Baptist clergyman, and was formerly pastor of the Washington Heights Baptist Church, in Washington, D.C. He was born in Albany County, New York, thirty-three years ago, and is a graduate of Columbian University, the University of Chicago, Colgate University and Colgate Academy. He served as a private in Co. H, 1st Illinois Volunteers, in 1898.

Brig. Gen. George B. Davis, U.S.A., Judge Advocate General, who is one of the delegates of the United States to the coming peace conference at The Hague, has left Washington, D.C., for West Point, N.Y., where he will remain with his two married daughters until he takes his departure on May 9 on the steamship Cretic bound for Naples. He will be accompanied to Europe by Mrs. Davis and they will probably not return to the United States until next fall.

Mr. William D. Gourlay, a veteran of the Civil War and a clerk at headquarters, Atlantic Division, Governors Island, N.Y., will make the memorial address on Decoration Day before General Corbin Post, No. 74, Department of Connecticut, Union, Conn. Mr. Gourlay was also one of the minute men of the 6th Massachusetts Volunteers (three-months' troops), the regiment which fought its way through Baltimore April 19, 1861, to reach Washington.

Capt. H. F. Dalton, 16th U.S. Inf., lately on duty as constructing quartermaster at Camp Wallace, Union, P.I., completely rebuilding that post, will return from Manila via the Suez Canal in June, joining Mrs. Dalton and their two charming boys at Salem, Mass., where the latter have been the guests of Captain Dalton's parents during the winter. After a two months' leave in New England Capt. and Mrs. Dalton will go to Fort Crook, the new station of the 16th Infantry.

Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, U.S.N., has sent word to Newport, R.I., from Hampton Roads that his son-in-law, Lieut. Harry E. Yarnell, U.S.N., is ill with typhoid fever at the naval hospital at Portsmouth, Va., and Mrs. Yarnell has gone to Portsmouth to be with her husband. Lieutenant Yarnell is attached to the battleship Connecticut, which several weeks ago brought a number of typhoid fever patients from Cuban waters to the naval hospital at Brooklyn, and it is thought that he contracted the disease at that time. Several other officers of the Connecticut are reported ill with the disease.

Of the members of the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D.C., 608 are officers of the Navy, 574 officers of the Army, 68 officers of the Marine Corps, 125 ex-officers, graduates of the Naval Academy, members of the Loyal Legion and Cincinnati. During the last year, 1906, twenty-two members died, viz., Francis Fessenden, W. C. Forbes, P. DeW. Ramsay, John M. Schofield, R. M. Rogers, S. T. Hamilton, J. T. Martin, Geo. W. Matthews, J. S. Pettit and B. K. West, of the Army; G. W. Wentz, G. S. Beardsley, Duncan Kennedy, J. M. Hudgins, J. W. Greene, B. H. Warren, Le Roy M. Garrett and Alfred B. Canaga, U.S. Navy; A. M. Higgins, Martin T. McMahan, U.S. Vols.

At a meeting of the Massachusetts Commandery, M.O. L.L.U.S., the following were elected officers for the ensuing year: Commander, Rear Admiral John F. Merry, retired, U.S.N.; senior vice-commander, Brevet Brig. Gen. James F. Curtis, U.S.V.; junior vice-commander, Brevet Col. George B. Dyer, U.S.V.; recorder, 1st Lieut. Charles H. Porter, U.S.V.; registrar, 1st Lieut. Patrick T. Jackson, U.S.V.; treasurer, Major Edward T. Bouvé, U.S.V.; chancellor, Capt. Gustave Magnitzky, U.S.V.; chaplain, Rev. Edward Everett Hale, D.D.; council, Col. Charles E. Hagwood, U.S.V.; Col. Benjamin F. Peach, U.S.V.; Brevet Major L. Frederick Rice, U.S.V.; Capt. Wm. A. Snow, U.S.V.; Mr. William B. Stearns, Capt. Samuel A. Kephart, U.S.A., 120th Coast Art., was elected an hereditary companion of the Order.

The following were the Army passengers on the Army transport Buford sailing from San Francisco, Cal., April 30, for Manila, P.I., via Honolulu, T.H., Nagasaki, Japan, and Chinkiang, China: Mrs. F. M. C. Usher, wife of Captain Usher, Med. Dept.; Mrs. Nannie M. Wayland, mother of Lieutenant Wayland, 3d Cav.; Mrs. Marah, Miss Hoskins, Mrs. Twomy and child, Frank J. Forrest, wife and son; Mrs. Cunningham and two children, Lieut. Rush B. Lincoln, 2d Inf., and wife; Mrs. D. E. Shean, wife of Lieutenant Shean, 16th Inf., and sister, Mrs. F. S. Darragh; Lieut. L. H. Fredendall, 2d Inf.; Lieut. George H. Hudelson, 15th Inf.; Lieut. F. K. Chapin, 3d Cav.; Lieut. Russell James, 8th Inf. In addition to the above there were a number of congressmen and members of their families.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected in the District of Columbia Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S., and are as follows: Commander, Brevet Brig. Gen. Maxwell V. Z. Woodhull, U.S.V.; senior vice-commander, Brig. Gen. Anson Mills, U.S.A.; junior vice-commander, Rear Admiral John H. Upshur, U.S.N.; recorder, Major William P. Huxford, U.S.A.; registrar, Pay Dir. Leonard A. Frailey, U.S.N.; treasurer, Lieut. William B. Thompson, U.S.V.; chancellor, Capt. Amos B. Shattuck, U.S.A., hereditary; chaplain, Chaplain James H. Bradford, U.S.V.; the council, Brevet Capt. Albion B. Jameson, U.S.V.; Comdr. Robert Platt, U.S.N.; Brevet Lieut. Col. George F. Schayer, U.S.V.; Capt. Gilbert M. Husted, U.S.V. Companions of the Order elected on May 1 were: Rear Admiral C. D. Sigbee, U.S.N.; Jay Paul Jameson, and Cornelius Boardman Tyler.

Gen. T. F. Rodenbough, U.S.A., and wife have left New York city for Silver City, N.M., to visit their daughter there for a month.

Cadets Leroy Block and John Dyer, of the New York schoolship St. Mary's, were hurt by the bursting of a steam pipe in a launch at Glen Cove, N.Y., May 6, and were taken in a special tug to Bellevue Hospital.

Mrs. C. H. Craven, widow of the late Lieut. Comdr. Charles Henderson Craven, U.S.N., will spend the summer with her daughter, Miss Gertrude Craven, at their cottage in North Hatley, Province of Quebec, Canada.

The good wishes of the friends of Capt. and Mrs. Charles L. Bent go with them in their departure from the Army into civil life. Captain Bent resigned to accept a position in the Harriman railroad system, his resignation being accepted April 29 last.

Mrs. A. R. Hendley and her father, General McKenzie, were hosts for a dinner party in Washington, May 7, given in honor of Lieut. and Mrs. Mark Brooke, U.S.A., who are now at the Washington Barracks. The guests included Lieutenants Dillon, Robert and Mitchell.

Gen. Horace Porter, former United States Ambassador to France and one of the American delegates to the Peace Conference at The Hague, had a long audience with President Fallières, of France, at the Elysée Palace, Paris, May 9. He will go to Switzerland at the end of the week to visit his daughter before proceeding to The Hague.

The following military men were registered at the Hotel Astor, New York city, this week: Col. G. B. Sanford, U.S.A.; Col. H. L. Harris, U.S.A.; 2d Lieut. M. W. Howze, U.S.A.; Lieut. Robert L. Berry, U.S.M.C.; Capt. George C. Burrell, U.S.A.; Dr. John C. Martin, U.S.N.; Major R. S. Smith, U.S.A.; Lieut. J. R. Kelly, 7th U.S. Inf.; and Lieut. G. B. Landenberger, U.S.N.

Signal honor was paid to Vice-Admiral Sir Gero Ijuin, commander of the Japanese squadron in Hampton Roads, on May 7. He is the ranking naval officer in the waters off the Jamestown Exposition grounds, and every commander of the American and foreign fleet called on him. The first to call was Admiral Davis, of the American fleet, representing Admiral Evans, who is sick. The commanders of the Italian, Austrian, French and other squadrons then called. The Japanese cruisers occupy the places in the battleship column made vacant by the departure of the British squadron.

Arrivals at the Ebbitt House, Washington, D.C., for the week ending May 8, included the following: Comdr. G. R. Salisbury, U.S.N.; Rear Admiral A. Dunlap, U.S.N., and Mrs. Dunlap; Paymr. H. A. Dent and Surg. E. M. Brown, U.S.N.; Rear Admiral J. E. Craig, U.S.N., and Mrs. Craig; Gen. Charles Heywood, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Heywood; Pay Dir. I. G. Hobbs, U.S.N.; Gen. T. C. Sullivan, U.S.A., and Miss Sullivan; Lieut. A. Kautz, U.S.N., and Mrs. Kautz; Lieut. L. J. Wallace and Comdr. P. H. Bailey, U.S.N.; Lieuts. W. A. Blain and C. R. Lewis, U.S.A.; Lieut. R. S. Berry, U.S.M.C., and Mrs. Berry; Capt. J. M. Baker, U.S.A.; Ensign A. A. Peterson, U.S.N., and Lieut. R. P. Palmer, U.S.A.

Secretary of War and Mrs. Taft returned to Washington, D.C., May 7, from a cruise to Jamestown on the Gretchen, the yacht owned by Mrs. John E. Reyburn and her brother, General Crozier, whose guests they were. Associate Justice Moody and Miss Boardman, who were also members of the party, returned with them to the city, the trip up from Norfolk being made on one of the regular steamers. Secretary Taft will spend the week of June 15 to 22 in South Dakota. He will be the guest of Senator Kittredge at Sioux Falls on June 15 and 16, and the Senator will accompany him to the Black Hills, where he will inspect the post at Fort Meade. Mr. Taft will be in Sioux City for several hours on June 17, and the Commercial Club is planning a great reception for him.

The memorials lately erected by the State of Minnesota to the 3d, 4th and 5th Regiments of Infantry, and the 1st Battery of Artillery, in the National Military Park at Vicksburg, Miss., will be dedicated with appropriate ceremonies on the 24th day of May, 1907. Gov. John A. Johnson, with his staff, will participate in the ceremonies of the occasion, and many of the old veterans and citizens will take part in these dedicatory ceremonies. Persons desiring to avail themselves of this opportunity, especially old veterans, are requested to advise the undersigned, as early as possible, not later than 18th inst., that adequate provisions may be made for their accommodation: L. F. Hubbard, C. C. Andrews, T. P. Wilson, Minnesota Vicksburg Monument Commission, St. Paul, Minn.

The fifth anniversary of the battle of Bayan was celebrated at Camp Columbia, Cuba, May 2, under the direction of Chaplains Pierce, Rice and Waring. The entertainment opened with music by the 27th Infantry Band. Max Muller, chief musician, who was in the Bayan expedition. Private Abbott followed in a sketch. Then came Hollister, of the Engineers, with a comical part, and Milburn in a black face act. The views of the battle of Bayan were then thrown upon the canvas with a picture machine and the engagement described by Chaplain Rice. General Davis was made a major general and Colonel Baldwin a brigadier general as a result of the fight. Captain Moore, Dr. Potter, Lieutenant Wagner and Lieutenant Jossman and fifty-five men were wounded taking the fort of the Sultan of Bayan. Lieutenant Vicens and eight men were killed. After the pictures, Ballanger recited and then Dr. Griffin entertained with jokes. Seipel, of the marines, and Brickman, of the infantry, made a hit with a black face act. Sergeant Spencer as Sousa was great. Sergeant Lyons, of the engineers, about to retire after long years of service, entertained the audience with a black face sketch.

The Washington Times says: "William M. Mason, newspaper correspondent on foreign, military and naval affairs, who has just recovered from a critical illness of several weeks, has resigned his connection in Washington to accept an important position with the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, beginning his duties in New York this week. Mr. Mason becomes an assistant to General Manager Schwab and his duties will take him constantly to foreign offices of the company. For ten years Mr. Mason has represented different newspapers and press associations in the State, War and Navy Departments and was one of the first correspondents to reach Martinique following the great volcanic eruption, having made a trip in his professional capacity around the globe, and having been stationed in the Philippines during the insurrection there. For several years he has been in charge of the Washington bureau of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, and also has been connected with the Scripps-McRae Press Association, the Baltimore Sun, and other publications." Mr. Mason is a gentleman of high personal character and fine abilities, who will succeed in whatever he undertakes, and we congratulate the North German Lloyd Company upon securing his services.

Rear Admiral and Mrs. Cowles, U.S.N., who have been guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Vanderbilt at Biltmore, N.C., with a house party of Washington society members, have returned to Washington, D.C.

Brig. Gen. Albert L. Myer, U.S.A., who has been in New York city since April 10, visiting his home at Troy, N.Y., left New York city on May 10 for San Antonio, Tex., to assume command of the Department of Texas.

Midshipman A. W. Fitch, U.S.N., on duty on the Asiatic Station, has been transferred to the Chancey for duty from the Pennsylvania, and Midshipman C. M. Austin has been transferred from the latter vessel to the West Virginia.

Barbara Krupp, second daughter of the late Herr Krupp, the steel manufacturer, was married at the Villa Huegel, near Essen, Germany, May 7, to Baron Tilo von Wilmowski. The couple will live at Boston, where the Baron is a government official.

Capt. William M. Parker, 24th U.S. Inf.; 1st Lieut. William C. Stone, 3d U.S. Inf., and 2d Lieut. Wm. G. Motlow, 1st U.S. Inf., are undergoing treatment in the Government Hospital for the Insane, Washington, D.C., having recently been ordered there from San Francisco.

The following officers of the Army were members of the floor committee at the Congressional Library reception held in Washington on the occasion of the meeting of the Society of the Army of the Potomac and the unveiling of the statue to General McClellan: Brig. Gen. Palmer G. Wood, chairman; Major Gen. Alfred E. Bates, Brig. Gens. John J. Coppinger, Wm. P. Craighill, David J. Craigie, Wirt Davis, Wm. P. Hall, Hamilton Hawkins, Edward M. Hayes, Chambers McKibbin, Francis Moore, James Oakes, Samuel Ovenshine, Major Richard W. Tyler, and Mr. Francis B. Heitman.

The Burlington, Vt., Free Press and Times says, May 7: "Brig. Gen. Crosby P. Miller, U.S.A., retired, will be placed in charge of the important construction work in progress at the Soldiers' Home, near this city, on the relief of Capt. John S. Sewell, Corps of Engrs., about June 1 next," says the Washington Star. General Miller was a distinguished officer in the Quartermaster's Department and has had considerable experience in the construction of buildings for the use of the Army. He is a veteran of the Civil War, and was graduated from the Military Academy in June, 1867. He was placed on the retired list at his own request under the forty-years' clause in March, 1906, immediately following his promotion from lieutenant colonel and deputy quartermaster general to the grade of brigadier general. Since then he has made his home in this city, and his selection as the officer in charge of construction work in the Soldiers' Home is regarded by the board of governors of that institution as particularly fitting and fortunate. As has been already stated, Captain Sewell, who is now in charge of the work, will resign his Army commission in a few weeks' time in order to accept a responsible position with a marble company in Georgia. The work heretofore in his charge at the Washington Barracks Reservation has been transferred to Capt. J. T. Crabbs, of the Quartermaster's Department. General Miller will come to Burlington to-day or to-morrow to take possession of the house at 170 Spruce street which he recently purchased, and after settling his family here will return to Washington."

The following officers of the Army and Navy were members of the reception committee on the occasion of the meeting of the Army Societies in Washington last week: Major Gen. George L. Gillespie, U.S.A., chairman. Army—Lieut. Gens. Samuel B. M. Young and John C. Bates; Brig. Gens. Charles T. Alexander, George L. Andrews; Major Gens. Alfred E. Bates and George W. Davis; Brig. Gens. William H. Beck, J. M. Bell, Alpheus H. Bowman, Andrew S. Burt, John G. Butler, Benjamin C. Card and Caleb H. Carleton; Brig. Gen. Eugene A. Carr; Brig. Gens. Peter J. A. Cleary, Henry W. Closson, Michael Cooney, John J. Coppinger, William P. Craighill, David J. Craigie and George B. Davis, Wirt Davis, Eugene D. Dimmick, U.S.A., Francis S. Dodge, Richard C. Drum, Henry H. C. Dunwoody, O. H. Ernst, George A. Forsyth, William H. Forwood, Royal T. Frank; Gen. Horatio G. Gibson, John C. Gilmore, David S. Gordon, Peter C. Hains, William P. Hall, Hamilton S. Hawkins, Edward M. Hayes, John F. Head, Charles W. Hobbs, Charles F. Humphrey and Amos S. Kimball; Major Gen. Jesse M. Lee, Brig. Gens. G. Norman Lieber, Alexander MacKenzie, Chambers McKibbin and James E. Macklin; Major Gens. Henry C. Merriam and Wesley Merritt; Brig. Gens. Marcus P. Miller, Anson Mills, Francis Moore, Alfred Mordecai, James Oakes, John J. O'Connell, Robert M. O'Reilly, Samuel Ovenshine, Alexander J. Perry, David Perry, George E. Pond and Butler D. Price; Major Gen. Wallace F. Randolph, Brig. Gens. James W. Reilly, Benjamin K. Roberts, William B. Rochester and William P. Rogers; Major Gens. Daniel H. Rucker and Joseph P. Sanger; Brig. Gens. Charles G. Sawtelle, Rufus Saxton, Theodore Schwan, Michael V. Sheridan, Frank G. Smith, G. M. Sternberg; Major Gens. John P. Story and Samuel S. Sumner; Brig. Gens. Thomas C. Sullivan, John E. Summers, Asber C. Taylor, Frank Thorp, Charles H. Tompkins, Edwin F. Townsend, Thomas M. Vincent, Henry W. Wessels, jr., Daniel D. Wheeler, Timothy E. Wilcox, Edward B. Williston, O. E. Wood, Palmer G. Wood, Carle A. Woodruff and George A. Woodward. Navy—Admiral George Dewey, Rear Admirals George W. Baird, Albert S. Barker, Royal B. Bradford, Silas Casey, Colby M. Chester, George A. Converse, William S. Cowles, Bartlett J. Cronwell, Samuel R. Franklin, Francis M. Ramsey, Frederick Rodgers, W. S. Schley, T. O. Selfridge, Charles D. Sigbee, Frank Courtney, Silas W. Terry, Asa Walker, John G. Walker, E. W. Watson, A. W. Weaver, El. H. Green, C. T. Hutchins, Richard Inch, Theodore F. Jewell, Charles O'Neill, George W. Pigman, Allen V. Read, George C. Reiter, John H. Upshur, Med. Dir. R. C. Dean, Andrew Dunlap, William H. Everett, Norman H. Farquhar; Chief Engrs. H. W. Fitch, Montgomery Fletcher; Med. Dir. James M. Flint, Rear Admiral John D. Ford, Pay Dir. L. A. Frailey, Surgeon General William Grier, Med. Dir. F. M. Gurnell, Rear Admiral D. B. Harmony, Paymr. Gen. H. T. B. Harris, Rear Admiral J. N. Hemphill, Med. Dir. A. A. Hoehling, P.A. Engr. Benjamin Kavanagh, Paymaster General Albert S. Kenney, Chief Engr. A. Kirby, Rear Admiral Benjamin P. Lamberton, Pay Dir. Thomas H. Looker, Rear Admiral John Lowe, Chief Engrs. F. G. McKean, John McGowan, Robert Potts, Edward D. Robie, Charles R. Roelker, George W. Sennser; P.A. Engr. J. T. Smith, Med. Dir. J. Y. Taylor, Chief Engr. G. E. Tower, Surg. Gen. William K. Van Rypen, Commodore Rush R. Wallace, Pay Dir. James H. Watmough and Civil Engr. F. C. Prindle. Marine Corps—Brig. Gen. George C. Reid, Col. Robert W. Huntington, Col. Green Clay Goodhue, Lieut. Cols. Erastus R. Robinson and A. S. Nicholson.

Capt. M. Childs, 25th U.S. Inf., is at Hot Springs, Ark., to undergo treatment.

Miss Edith Miller, daughter of Capt. F. J. Miller, U.S.A., is now in Washington, D.C., visiting Miss Helen Foulke.

Miss Alice Goodwin, daughter of the late Capt. Walter Goodwin, U.S.N., has returned to Washington after a three weeks' visit at Wallingford, Pa.

Governor and Mrs. Albert E. Mead and Mr. and Mrs. Samuel C. Lancaster were the guests of Rear Admiral and Mrs. Burwell at the Puget Sound Navy Yard on April 24, remaining until the following day.

Comdr. G. R. Salisbury, U.S.N., commandant of the naval station at Culebra Island, was a passenger on the steamship Philadelphia which arrived at New York from San Juan, Porto Rico, early this week.

Among the arrivals at the New Grand Hotel, Broadway and Thirty-first street, New York city, this week were: Gen. David Perry, U.S.A.; Capt. H. M. Merriam, U.S.A.; and Lieut. Harris Pendleton, U.S.A.

Members of the Explorers' Club gave a farewell dinner to Col. David L. Brainard, U.S.A., on May 9 in New York city. Colonel Brainard, who is one of the survivors of the Greeley Arctic expedition, has recently been ordered from the Department of the East to San Francisco. Dr. F. A. Cook presided, and among others present were Anthony Fiala and Captain Bartlett, of the Roosevelt.

The Duke of the Abruzzi, commanding the Italian squadron at Hampton Roads, Va., entertained at a dinner aboard the flagship Varese, May 7, the American and foreign admirals and commanders of the fleets. The program now is for the Italian fleet to sail on May 17 or 18, but the Duke has sent a cable message to Rome, suggesting that the Italian ships return later to Hampton Roads, so that the Exposition may be seen after it has been fully completed. The home government has also been asked for an itinerary of the ships during the prolonged stay of the squadron on this side of the Atlantic. It is announced that Philadelphia, New York and Boston will be visited, and other ports are expected to be included in the official itinerary when it comes from Rome.

Col. Joseph Garrard, recently promoted from lieutenant colonel, 14th U.S. Cav., and assigned to command the 15th Cavalry, was born in Kentucky Dec. 20, 1851, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A., class of 1873, and assigned to the 4th Artillery. He served at various posts of duty on the Pacific and Atlantic coasts and was transferred to the 9th Cavalry Feb. 8, 1886. He served on the frontier, in the campaign against Sioux Indians in 1890 and 1891, and in 1898, although he applied for active service in the Cuban and Porto Rican campaigns, his application was not granted. He was promoted captain Dec. 10, 1888; major, Feb. 2, 1901, and lieutenant colonel, 14th Cavalry, April 22, 1903. He is a graduate of the Artillery School, class of 1884.

A meeting of the Minnesota Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S., will be held at the Hotel Ryan, St. Paul, May 14, 1907, at half-past six o'clock. Dinner will be served at half-past seven. After dinner Companion Mr. Jacob Stone will read a paper entitled, "An Echo of the Past." Nominations of officers for the ensuing year have been made as follows: Commander, Capt. William Robert Bourne, 44th N.Y. Inf., major, U.S. (retired); senior vice-commander, 2d Lieut. Alexander Thompson Bigelow, 15th Vermont Inf.; junior vice-commander, 1st Lieut. Silas Howell Towler, 22d Ohio Light Battery; recorder, 2d Lieut. David Lansing Kingsbury, 8th Minnesota Inf.; registrar, 1st Lieut. Norman Perkins, 56th New York Inf.; treasurer, Capt. Edwin James Farnum, St. Paul, Asst. Q. M., U.S.V.; chancellor, Capt. Darius Alonzo Cudworth, 18th Missouri Inf.; chaplain, Bvt. Brig. Gen. Robert Newton Adams, Col. 81st Ohio Inf.; council, 1st Lieut. William Newton Ladue, Adjt., 5th Michigan Inf.; Capt. Dennis Cavanaugh, 10th Minnesota Inf.; Capt. Orton Skinner Clark, 116th New York Inf.; Companion Archibald McLaren, Companion David Percy Jones.

At the annual meeting of the Western Society of the Army of the Potomac, held at the Palmer House, Chicago, April 22, 1907, the following were elected officers of the Society for the ensuing year: President, Capt. Hartwell Osborn, 55th Ohio Inf., 11th Corps; first vice-president, Capt. O. L. Munger, 44th New York Inf., 5th Corps; second vice-president, Capt. Geo. B. Herenden, 44th New York Inf., 5th Corps; treasurer, Geo. M. D. Libby, 25th and 30th Maine Inf., 19th Corps; executive board, Lieut. J. J. Abernethy, 127th New York Inf., 4th, 5th and 7th Corps; C. H. McConnell, 24th Michigan Inf., 1st Corps; Capt. and Brevet Major C. E. Vaughn, 10th Vermont, 3d Corps; Capt. L. B. Coupland, 19th Indiana, 1st Corps; Geo. K. Shoenberger, 8th Pennsylvania Inf., 5th Corps; secretary, Charles H. Taylor, 2d Michigan Inf., 3d Corps; chaplain, Rev. Wm. White Wilson, drummer, 47th N.Y. Inf., 10th Corps; surgeon, W. T. Thackary, M.D., 4th Pennsylvania Inf., 1st Corps; ensign, Capt. L. B. Coupland, 19th Indiana, 1st Corps. The Society is in a prosperous condition and is an organization of great interest and value to surviving members of the Army of the Potomac in the West. Communications should be addressed to Charles H. Taylor, secretary, 536 Postal Telegraph Building, Chicago, Ill.

The following transfers are announced by the California Commandery, M.O.L.L.U.S.: From the Commandery of Wisconsin, Brig. Gen. Lorenzo Wesley Cooke, U.S.A., retired, from the Commandery of Oregon, Capt. John Adams Payne, U.S.A., retired; from the Commandery of Pennsylvania, Lieut. Col. John Wretts Hannay, U.S.A., retired; to the Commandery of New York, Brig. Gen. Richard Loder, U.S.A., retired; to the Commandery of District of Columbia, Capt. Edward John Dorn, U.S.N., retired; Brig. Gen. Henry Clay Ward, U.S.N., retired; Brig. Gen. Daniel Davis Wheeler, U.S.A., retired. To the Commandery of Washington, Col. Thomas Childs Woodbury, 3d U.S. Inf. (hereditary); to the Commandery of Michigan, Capt. Frederick William Fuger, 13th U.S. Inf.; to the Commandery of Wisconsin, Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, U.S.A. The Board of Officers have suggested the following companions as candidates to be voted on at the annual meeting, May 18, 1907: Commander, Capt. George Stone; senior vice-commander, A. A. Paymr, Pelham Warren Ames, U.S.N.; junior vice-commander, Brevet Col. Gilbert Dwight Munson, 78th Ohio Inf.; recorder, Brevet Lieut. Col. William Renwick Smedberg, U.S.A.; registrar, Capt. John Charles Currier, treasurer, Capt. Charles Mason Kline; chancellor, Capt. David Goehnauer; chaplain, Major John Harrison Macomber, U.S.A., retired; for the council, Brevet Lieut. Col. Jesse Beech Fuller, Capt. Thomas Stowell Phelps, U.S.N.; 2d Lieut. Horace Wilson; Rear Admiral Oscar Walter Farenholt, U.S.N.; Brig. Gen. Frank Morrell Cox, U.S.A., retired; Gen. Charles D. Viele, U.S.A.; Major William E. Hubbard, U.S.A., and Paymr. A. G. Myers, are among the officers of the Southern California Association of Companions.

Dr. Raymond Spear, U.S.N., is at Atlantic City, N.J., recuperating from a severe illness.

Lieut. Nelson P. Vulte, U.S.M.C., spent several days in Washington, D.C., visiting his aunt, Miss Adele Vulte, at her apartment on I street.

Mrs. Hourigan, the wife of Lieut. Comdr. Patrick W. Hourigan, U.S.N., is staying at the Sherwood Inn, Old Point Comfort, for the Jamestown Exposition.

Admiral Thierry, escorted by the French consul general, Lucien Louis Bonzom, visited Mayor McClellan at the City Hall, New York city, May 6. The Admiral had not visited New York city since 1874, and was astonished at the changes.

Col. Philip Reade, U.S.A., contributes a valuable and interesting article on "The Progress of Target Practice," to Arms and the Man, in which he describes the total neglect of this important branch of military training before the Rebellion, as the result of which the value of the rifle as to accuracy was in a great degree lost for want of proper training for the soldier.

A card party will be given May 23 in the hop room at Washington Barracks, D.C., for the benefit of the Army Relief Society, by the Washington No. 2 Branch. Bridge and euchre will be played; a number of prizes have been given, and a large attendance is expected. The ladies in charge of arrangements are: Mrs. J. J. Morrow, Mrs. Chester Harding, Mrs. Charles Lynch, Miss F. E. Wilcox, Mrs. J. G. Galbraith and others. The following are the officers of this branch: President, Mrs. G. M. Sternberg; corresponding secretary, Miss F. E. Wilcox; recording secretary, Mrs. Charles Lynch; treasurer, Mrs. E. A. Koerper.

A Cuban dinner was given in Washington, D.C., by Mrs. Eugene Henley at the residence of her father, Brig. Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, Chief of Engineers, U.S.A., on May 6, in honor of Lieut. and Mrs. Mark Brooke, U.S.A., who have just returned from Cuba. The decorations were in the Engineer colors, the hand-painted menus and place cards were adorned with flags and shields, while Cuban cigarettes and bull-fight fans were the souvenirs of the occasion. Those present were: Lieut. and Mrs. Mark Brooke, U.S.A.; Miss Juliette Williams, daughter of Colonel Williams, U.S.A.; General Mackenzie, Miss Louise Chase, daughter of the late Col. Constantine Chase, U.S.A.; Lieut. Edward Dillon, U.S.A.; Lieut. Henry Robert, U.S.A.; Miss Langfitt, daughter of Major Langfitt, U.S.A.; Miss Hester Shepard, Lieut. William A. Mitchell, U.S.A., and Mr. Eugene Henley.

The regular nominations for governors of the Army and Navy Club of the city of New York, to serve three years until 1910, are Major James B. Horner, U.S.V.; Capt. Charles Curie, U.S.V.; Comdr. George W. McElroy, U.S.N.; Capt. Edward D. Tausig, U.S.N.; Major Wm. G. Gambrell, U.S.A. At the annual meeting to be held on Saturday, May 11, amendments to the by-laws will be considered. Among other things these amendments provide that "none but resident members shall vote, hold office or have any interest in the property of the club, but members in active service in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps, when residing or on duty within the resident limit, may vote and shall be considered eligible for office. Non-resident members shall consist of all commissioned officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps of the United States, in active service, as also all others, not associate members, who shall reside permanently more than fifty miles from the club house and shall have no office or place of business in the city of New York. Any non-resident member, not in active service in the Army, Navy or Marine Corps of the United States, who shall take up his residence, during any part of the year, within the prescribed limit, or shall have an office or place of business in said limit, shall become a resident member and pay the required entrance fee, if not previously paid, and the pro-rata of the current semi-annual subscription, and thereafter the regular subscription."

Among the speakers and their toasts at the eleventh annual dinner of the New York Society of the Order of the Founders and Patriots of America in New York city a few days since were: "The Army," Brig. Gen. Henry S. Turrill, U.S.A., retired; "The Navy," Rear Admiral Joseph B. Coghlan. General Turrill, who filled the branch made in the speakers' list by the absence of Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, criticized the recent peace congress and the effort at disarmament, and said in part: "If you were to dismiss the police force in New York, or the National Guard, there would be anarchy in twenty-four hours. And so it is with the nations. Arbitration can be effected only when there is power to force arbitration. But it will never come. Andrew Carnegie, who is so strenuous for peace, made his fortune from the steel rails used to construct railroads guarded by soldiers and from armor plate. I think an Army and Navy are needed to protect our interests on the Pacific, and they will be attacked unless they are protected. This is an unanswerable argument to the vapors of the peace emissaries." General Turrill traced the work of the Army from the time of the Indian campaigns on the Western plains, when, too, he said the Army was denounced, to the present time. When he mentioned that sixteen thousand troops took part in the Spanish-American War in Cuba, aided by the Rough Riders, Admiral Coghlan interrupted with the facetious remark, "Aiding the Rough Riders, you mean." The Army, said the General, had not received enough credit for its part in building up the country.

The secretary of the Filipino Progress Association of New York recently called Secretary Taft's attention to the alleged use of thumbcrews on prisoners by the Filipino presidente of Tolosa, to extort confessions from his prisoners; that the prisoners were thus tortured until the blood spurted from their fingers, and that this took place in the presence of an American Army officer, who stood by and did not stop it. In reply, the writer has been informed that Mr. Taft had already cabled to Governor Smith to institute an immediate investigation of all of the charges, and to call upon General Wood for an inquiry into the charge against the Army detective.

According to a Washington despatch the excavation at Panama last month, under the direction of Lieutenant Colonel Goethals, was the nearest yet to the goal of 1,000,000 cubic yards a month. A cable report from the engineer-in-charge, received at the office of the Isthmian Canal Commission, May 7, says that for April the excavation in Culebra Cut amounted to 879,527 cubic yards, and at the Gatun lock site to 108,000 cubic yards. Secretary Taft called at the White House on May 4 to show the President the report of the engineers whom he sent to examine the foundations of the Gatun dam on the Panama

Canal site. Messrs. Alfred Noble, Frederick P. Stearns and John R. Freeman, the engineers, report that they inspected the five pits dug to determine the character of the rock below the level of the foundations of the lock walls. The deepest pit had a depth of over eighty-seven feet. They found that the pits entered and continued in rock from a few feet below the ground's surface to the bottom. With one exception the rock was a fine grained bluish gray rock, technically designated as argillaceous sandstone. The conclusion is that a stable foundation exists at this point.

ARTILLERY PROMOTIONS.

The following promotions in the Artillery Corps were announced in Special Orders of May 10. From first lieutenant to captain, dating Jan. 25, 1907: Tobin, Watson, Raymond, Wyke, Zollars, Storck, Yule, Metcalf, McBride, Vance, Coward, Roberts, jr., Lawson, Westervelt (captain, Ord. Dept.), Davis, Buck, Hopkins, Hillman (captain, Ord. Dept.), Birnie, jr., Sunderland, Deems, jr., Fenner, Frohwitter, Nones, Hyde, Carson, Mitchell, Doyle, Robinson, Perkins, McIntyre, Murphy, Moore, Edwards, Greene, Merriam, Briggs, Bunker, McCauley, Collins, McAlister, Covington, Griffin, Abbott, English, Gibbons, Dunn, Power, Long, Welsh, Mitchell, Denger, Williams, Cotchett, Mason, Taylor, Ryan, Masteller, Campbell, Matson, Langdon, Lincoln, Craig, Wilson, McEers, Howard, Long, Warfield, Landers, Sevier, Seaman, McElgin, Fuller (1st lieut., Signal Corps). The commissions of the last four officers date from April 5, 9, 11 and 13, respectively.

The following are promoted from second lieutenant to first lieutenant, to date from Jan. 25: Ferris, Taylor, Mortimer, Taylor, Hanna, Winslow, Cooper, Margolis, Geere, Wertenbaker, Baker, Davis, Howes, jr., McKenney, Clark, Fulton, Wheatley, Myers, Paterson, Bishop, Crawford, Terrell, Wood, Carpenter, Hinrichs, jr. (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Frankenberger, Casad, Allen (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Munroe (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Abbott, Morrison, Crissy, Rehkopf, Wilson, Terrell, Andrus, Hope, Lecoq, O'Neil, Lull, Collins, Baker, Smith, Howze, Cochran, Patterson, Turtle, Kilbourne, jr., Jones, Hawkins (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Brinton, jr., Selfridge, Colley (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Bunker, Gray, Dice, Cudvin, Hinkle, Bunn, Morse, Ireland (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), McNair (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Alley, Fenton, Moony (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Allin, Glassford, Bryson, McDonald, Gardner, Honeycutt, McKie, Worcester, Blakely, Smart, Danford, Dillard (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Quinn, Gilmore, Crain, Gruber, Waller, McKell, Cross (1st lieut., O.D.), Barkley, Neal, Singes, Cubbinson, Anderson, Farnsworth, Mack, Carpenter, Holcombe, Phis, jr., Duncan, McKay, Spaulding, Doe, McKinlay, Williams, Osborne, Kean, Dunwoody, Seagrave (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Dadds, jr., Bartlett, Lums (1st lieut., Ord. Dept.), Eddy, Peterson, Hammond, Moon, Walker, Boemer, Niles, Gibson, Bishop, Tompkins, Dusenbury, Magruder, Lewis, Upham, Carter, Guthrie, Prosser, Burgin, Horowitz, Corbin, Morrow, jr., Riley, Horsefall, Metter, Gatewood, Pelot, Brett, Torney, Williford, Bradshaw, McFarland, Green, Pendleton, Henderson, Huntley, Wilhelm, Wildrick, Donahue, Gillespie, Smith, Pratt, Cullen, Furnival.

OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

Manila, May 5, 1907.

The Adjutant General, Washington.
Transport Sherman arrived May 2. Transport Dix arrived May 5.

THE ARMY.

Secretary of War—William H. Taft.

Assistant Secretary of War—Robert Shaw Oliver.

Major Gen. J. Franklin Bell, U.S.A., Chief of Staff.

S.O., MAY 9, WAR DEPT.

The following changes in the stations and duties in the Inspector General's Department will take effect June 30:

Col. Stephen C. Mills, Governors Island, Inspector General.
Major Warren P. Newcomb, C.A., Acting Inspector General, Dept. of the East, assistant to Inspector General.
Col. John L. Chamberlain, Dept. of California, as inspector general, that department, and Department of the Columbia, as inspector general of the latter department, retaining station at San Francisco.

Lieut. Col. George L. Anderson, inspector general, Dept. of California, as assistant to Inspector General.

Col. George F. Chase, inspector general, Dept. of the Lakes, Chicago, as inspector general.

Lieut. Col. Francis H. French, inspector general, Dept. of Dakota, St. Paul, as inspector general.

Major Jacob G. Galbraith, inspector general, Dept. of the Missouri, Omaha, as inspector general.

Major Augustus P. Blocksom, inspector general, Dept. of the Columbia, Vancouver Barracks, assistant to the Inspector General.

Major Adelbert Cronkrite, C.A., acting inspector general, Dept. of the Gulf, Atlanta, as inspector general of that department.

Major Omar Bundy, 6th Inf., acting inspector general, Dept. of Texas, San Antonio.

Capt. Elijah B. Martindale, jr., C.A., detailed for general recruiting service for practical instruction for ten days in method of examining recruits.

Leave for three months on surgeon's certificate of disability granted Elisha G. Abbott, C.A.

G.O. 100, MAY 2, 1907, WAR DEPARTMENT.

Announces the changes among General Officers which appeared in our issue of May 4, page 979.

G.O. 103, MAY 7, 1907, WAR DEPT.

I. Para. 846 and 1565, Army Regulations, are amended to read as follows:

846. Packages of public property weighing not more than four pounds may be sent through the mails under cover of the penalty envelope. Penalty envelopes with return address may be furnished to any person from whom official information is desired, but will not be furnished to merchants or other dealers to cover transmission of public property, or the return of official vouchers.

1565. Detached soldiers going to or returning from the Philippine Islands and Alaska will be required to turn in all ordnance property in their possession before departure.

II. Par. 1367, Army Regulations, as amended by Par. I, G.O. No. 144, W.D., Aug. 15, 1906, is further amended to read as follows:

1367. Re-enlisted pay accrues to a soldier who has completed five years of continuous service including one re-enlistment and who re-enters the Service at any time after three months from date of discharge. Re-enlisted pay is \$3.00 a month.

III. So much of Par. V, G.O. No. 84, W.D., April 11, 1907, as prescribes an annual allowance of 800 rounds of subcaliber ammunition for the 8-inch rifle and 800 rounds for the 10-inch

rifles, models of 1888, 1895, and 1900, is amended so as to prescribe an annual allowance of 600 rounds for such rifles. By order of the Secretary of War:
J. FRANKLIN BELL, Major Gen., Chief of Staff.

CIRCULAR 29, APRIL 30, 1907, WAR DEPARTMENT.
1.—The following decisions of the Secretary of War are published to the Army for the information and guidance of all concerned:

1. Graduates of the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery.—The names of only such officers as have graduated from the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery, Fort Riley, Kan., since the issuance of General Order, No. 133, War Department, July 23, 1906, will be borne on the Official Army Register as graduates of that school.

2. Rating of enlisted men holding expert positions in Coast Artillery.—When an enlisted man of Coast Artillery holding the rating of casemate electrician; observer, first class; plottier; chief planter; chief loader; observer, second class; gun commander, or gun pointer is discharged and re-enlisted on the day following, his rating, if so recommended by his immediate commanding officer, will be considered continuous, and an order announcing that fact will be issued by the proper Artillery district commander. An enlisted man so mustered will be entitled to the additional pay from date of re-enlistment.

3. Rank of chief mechanic of Field Artillery.—A chief mechanic of a battery of Field Artillery does not have the rank of sergeant. His name will be borne on the muster rolls and pay rolls immediately preceding the names of the mechanics.

4. Sixty-foot launches and smaller vessels belonging to the Quartermaster's Department will not be used for towing service targets or more than one sub-caliber target at Coast Artillery target practice.

5. When sixty-foot launches or vessels of a smaller type only are available, Artillery district commanders will submit timely requests to the Adjutant General of the Army for the hire of the necessary vessels.

By order of the Acting Secretary of War:

J. FRANKLIN BELL, Major General, Chief of Staff.

G.O. 34, APRIL 26, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.

The following changes in stations of troops are ordered:
The 2d Battalion, 20th Inf., Major George W. McIver, will stand relieved from duty at the Presidio of Monterey, Cal., on June 14, 1907, proceed thence to San Francisco, Cal., and embark on the transport Warren, to sail June 15, 1907, for Honolulu, H.T.; upon arrival at Honolulu, the battalion will relieve the 3d Battalion, 10th Inf., and take station at Camp McKinley.

Upon arrival at Camp McKinley, Honolulu, H.T., of the 2d Battalion, 20th Inf., the 3d Battalion, 10th Inf., Major Robert C. Van Vleet, commanding, will stand relieved from duty in this Department and proceed on the transport Warren to Alaska, and take stations as follows: Battalion field and staff and Co. L, at Fort Liscomb; Co. M, at Fort Egbert; Co. I, at Fort St. Michael; Co. K, at Fort Davis.

G.O. 36, APRIL 27, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.
Col. Richard E. Thompson, Signal Corps, is relieved from duty as Acting Adjutant General, and in charge of the Office of the Inspector of Small Arms Practice at these headquarters.

G.O. 39, MAY 2, 1907, DEPT. OF CALIFORNIA.
Upon the departure of Col. Richard E. Thompson, Signal Corps, chief signal officer of the department, for Seattle, Wash., Major Edwin A. Root, 19th Inf., in addition to his other duties, will take charge of the office of the chief signal officer of the department as acting chief signal officer.

G.O. 16, APRIL 30, 1907, DEPT. OF THE COLORADO.
Major Ernest Hinds, adjutant general, having reported, is announced as Adjutant General of this Department, relieving Col. Thomas F. Davis, 18th Inf., to enable the latter to comply with Par. 1, S.O., No. 88, etc., W.D.

G.O. 13, APRIL 30, 1907, DEPT. OF DAKOTA.
I. First Lieut. Henry M. Bunkhead, 17th Inf., aide-de-camp, is detailed as inspector of small arms practice of the department, relieving 1st Lieut. Morris M. Keck, 12th Inf.

II. First Lieut. Douglas McCaskey, 4th Cav., aide-de-camp, is detailed as signal officer of the department, relieving 1st Lieut. Morris M. Keck, 12th Inf.

COURT-MARTIAL OF OFFICER.

G.O. 13, APRIL 30, 1907, DEPT. OF THE EAST.
Publishes the proceedings of the G.C.M. at the Army Building, New York city, of which Col. Charles Morris, A.C., was president, and Capt. William J. Glasgow, 13th Cav., A.D.C., judge advocate, for the trial of Major Francis P. Fremont, 5th U.S. Inf.

Charge: "Conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, in violation of the 61st Article of War."

The twelve specifications under the charge alleged that the accused had obtained loans under false pretenses. One of Major Fremont's loans, of \$300, was obtained from the Thirty-fourth Street National Bank. Other loans of \$291.67, \$100 and \$500 were obtained from other sources, one of which was the First National Bank of Plattsburg. It was alleged that the major promised his pay check in payment of one note he had given to the Plattsburg bank, whereas he had already collected the money from the Government. An account of the case has already appeared in our columns.

The finding of the court as to the charge was: "Not guilty of conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, in violation of the 61st Article of War, but guilty of conduct to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in violation of the 62d Article of War." He was sentenced to lose sixty fives in military rank on the lineal list of majors of Infantry.

General Grant, in reviewing the proceedings, says: "In the foregoing case the alleged false representations—excepted in his findings by the court—as to his being owner of property, having been, according to oral testimony, made at different times to different persons, and having been made in writing at another time in language incapable of being otherwise construed, seem to have been established beyond any doubt that in reason could exist. The facts found by the court that he borrowed money on promises of payment from his official pay, which payment he has neglected and evaded to the scandal and disgrace of the military service, undoubtedly constitute conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, in violation of the 61st Article of War, and should have been so found.

The finding that such conduct is only prejudicial to good order and military discipline tends, by the force it gains from the length of service and high rank of the members of the court, to lower the standard of integrity to which officers of the Army should be held and to detract from the benefit which should flow from this trial. In order that some punishment may be imposed, the sentence is approved, and will be served to the War Department for execution. Major Fremont will be released from arrest and restored to duty."

G.O. 21, APRIL 25, 1907, DEPT. OF THE GULF.

Gives instructions relative to kitchen car outfits stored at posts in this Department.

G.O. 8, MAY 1, 1907, PACIFIC DIVISION.

In compliance with Par. 193, Army Regulations, the undersigned hereby assumes command of the Pacific Division.

MARION P. MAUS, Colonel, 20th Inf.

G.O. 31, APRIL 24, 1907, ARMY OF CUBAN PAC.

I. Col. Charles H. Whipple, assistant paymaster general, is relieved from duty as Chief Paymaster, Army of Cuban Pacification.

II. Major George F. Downey, paymaster, having reported, is assigned to duty and announced as Chief Paymaster, Army of Cuban Pacification.

G.O. 34, MAY 1, 1907, ARMY OF CUBAN PAC.

Capt. Paul B. Malone, 27th Inf., is assigned to duty and announced as Judge Advocate of this Army, with station in Marianno, vice Lieut. Col. Charles McClure, 17th Inf., hereby relieved.

By command of Brigadier General Barry:

MILLARD F. WALTZ, Lieut. Col., Gen. Staff, Chief of Staff.

G.O. 35, MAY 1, 1907, ARMY OF CUBAN PAC.
The section of the machine gun platoon of the 11th Infantry now stationed at Santiago will be sent to Holguin, Cuba, to join the section of the platoon there stationed.

G.O. 9, MARCH 22, 1907, PHILIPPINES DIVISION.

I. Major Hugh J. Gallagher, C.S., in addition to his duties as chief commissary, Department of Luzon, is designated as acting chief commissary of the division, vice Col. Abiel L. Smith, assistant commissary general, relieved on March 15.

II. Gives instructions in regard to the disposition of unserviceable ordnance stores.

G.O. 21, MARCH 22, 1907, DEPT. OF VISAYAS.

Capt. William M. Coulling, Q.M., is relieved from duty as chief quartermaster of the department.

First Lieut. Ralph B. Lister, 1st Inf., is announced as acting chief quartermaster of the department.

GENERAL OFFICERS.

Brig. Gen. Charles Morton will proceed to San Francisco, Cal., and upon arrival report by telegraph to The Adjutant General of the Army for further orders. (May 2, W.D.)

GENERAL STAFF.

Par. 9, S.O. 78, April 3, 1907, W.D., is so amended as to relieve Capt. Fox Connor, Gen. Staff, from his present duties.

to take effect at such time as will enable him to report in person to the Chief of Staff in Washington on Aug. 31, 1907, for duty, and to direct him to report to the Chief of Staff for the purpose indicated on that date. (May 6, W.D.)

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The following changes in the stations and duties of officers of the Inspector General's Department are ordered: Lieut. Col. William T. Wood, I.G., is relieved from duty as inspector general, Philippines Division, to take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed on the transport to sail from Manila about July 15, 1907, via the Suez Canal to the United States for further orders.

Lieut. Col. W. E. Wilder, I.G., is relieved from duty as assistant to the inspector general, Northern Division, to take effect at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed to San Francisco, Cal., and take transport to sail from that place on or about July 5, 1907, for the Philippine Islands for duty as inspector general of the Philippines Division. (May 6, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER'S DEPARTMENT.

Capt. George A. Nugent, Q.M., is relieved from detail in the Quartermaster's Department, to take effect May 2, 1907. (May 2, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. William E. Horton, Q.M., is extended fifteen days. (May 4, W.D.)

Col. William S. Patton, A.Q.M.G., now on leave, is relieved from further duty as Chief Q.M., Philippines Division, and will proceed to New York city and assume charge of the general depot of the Quartermaster's Department in that city, relieving Lieut. Col. William H. Miller, who will proceed to Manila for duty as Chief Quartermaster of the Philippines Division. (May 3, W.D.)

Post Q.M. Sergt. William C. Grindley, Cuba, will be sent at once to the Presidio of San Francisco. (May 8, W.D.)

Post Q.M. Sergt. James R. Gillespie, upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 8, W.D.)

Sick leave for three months is granted Capt. Clyde D. V. Hunt, Q.M. (May 8, W.D.)

SUBSISTENCE DEPARTMENT.

Post Coms. Sergt. Stanley J. Erasmus, Fort Worden, Wash., will be sent to Fort Gibbon, Alaska, for duty aboard the river transport Jeff C. Davis during the summer months. He will be relieved from duty on that transport at such time as will enable him to relieve Post Coms. Sergt. George Flock from duty at Fort Gibbon prior to the close of navigation. Sergeant Flock upon relief will be sent to Seattle, Wash., for instructions. (May 3, W.D.)

Post Coms. Sergt. William Reuter, now at Angel Island, on or before expiration of furlough, will report at Depot of Recruits and Casuals, Fort McDowell, for temporary duty, to relieve Post Coms. Sergt. Patrick J. McManus, who will be sent to Manila on the transport leaving San Francisco about Sept. 5, 1907, for duty, to relieve a post commissary sergeant whose tour of duty is completed. (May 3, W.D.)

Post Coms. Sergt. Francis Webster is relieved from duty in the office of the Chief Commissary of the Department, and will proceed to Norfolk, Va., and report to Capt. Julius N. Kilian, C.S., Jamestown Ter-Centennial Exposition, for duty in his office. (April 17, D.G.)

Capt. Hamilton S. Hawkins, coms., is granted leave of absence for two months, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about April 15, 1907. (March 20, Phil. D.)

Post Coms. Sergt. William J. Cobb from duty at the depot commissary, Manila, and will proceed to Borongan, Samar, for duty, relieving Post Coms. Sergt. William A. Hunter, who will be sent to Camp John Hay, Benguet, for recuperation. (March 20, Phil. D.)

Post Coms. Sergt. James O'Connor from duty at the depot commissary, Manila, and will proceed to Camp John Hay, Benguet, for duty. (March 19, Phil. D.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Major Robert S. Woodson, surg., will proceed to Camp McGrath, Batangas, for duty. (March 18, D. Luzon.)

Contr. Surg. William H. Richardson, Fort Sheridan, Ill., will accompany the 3d Squadron, 9th Cav., to San Francisco, and then return to his proper station. (April 29, D. Lakes.)

Par. 2, S.O. 57, these headquarters, April 22, 1907, ordering Contr. Surg. Oswald F. Henning to accompany Troops 1, K and L, 9th Cav., to San Francisco, is revoked. (April 29, D. Lakes.)

First Lieut. Haywood S. Hansell, asst. surg., Placetas, Santa Clara, will proceed to Washington, D.C., at such time as will enable him to report in person to the president of the Examining Board at the Army Medical Museum Building, that city, on May 14, 1907, for examination for advancement. (April 25, A.C.P.)

Leave for ten days, to take effect on or about May 20, 1907, is granted Capt. William J. Lyster, asst. surg. (May 4, W.D.)

First Lieut. Samuel E. Lambert, asst. surg., will accompany Major Edward R. Morris, surg., to the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, D.C., the latter officer being unable to travel without an attendant. (May 3, W.D.)

So much of Par. 25, S.O. 66, March 20, 1907, W.D., as relates to 1st Lieut. Samuel E. Lambert, asst. surg., is revoked. (May 3, W.D.)

First Lieut. Samuel E. Lambert, asst. surg., after his arrival at the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, D.C., with Major Edward R. Morris, surg., will report in person to Major William H. Arthur, surg., president of the examining board, for examination to determine his fitness for advancement. (May 3, W.D.)

Capt. Herbert G. Shaw, asst. surg., is relieved from duty at the General Hospital, the Presidio of San Francisco, and will proceed to Vancouver Barracks, Wash., for duty. (May 2, W.D.)

Leave for three months, with permission to go beyond the sea, is granted Lieut. Col. Louis Brochmann, deputy surgeon general. (May 2, W.D.)

Contr. Surg. Richard P. Bell from duty on the transport Kibitpatrick, to take effect upon the arrival of that transport at Portland, Me., and will proceed to Fort Levet, Me., for duty. (May 2, W.D.)

Leave for one month, to take effect May 31, 1907, is granted Capt. John R. Devereux, asst. surg. (May 8, W.D.)

Major Champe C. McCulloch, jr., surg., now on duty with the Isthmian Canal Commission at Ancon, Canal Zone, will proceed at once to Fort Meade, S.D., for temporary duty. (May 3, W.D.)

Leave for ten days is granted Lieut. Col. William W. Gray, deputy surgeon general. (May 2, W.D.)

Leave for fourteen days is granted Capt. Chandler P. Robbins, asst. surg. (May 2, W.D.)

So much of Par. 9, S.O. 94, April 23, 1907, W.D., as directs Capt. William J. Lyster, asst. surg., to proceed to Fort Sam Houston, Texas, and report to the C.O., 26th Inf., for duty to accompany that regiment to the Philippine Islands is revoked. Captain Lyster will proceed at this proper time to San Francisco, and take transport to sail about June 5, 1907, for the Philippines for duty. (May 6, W.D.)

Capt. Robert E. Noble, asst. surg., is relieved from duty at Fort Casey, Wash., to take effect upon the arrival at that post of 1st Lieut. John R. Bosley, asst. surg., and will then repair to Washington and report to the chairman of the Isthmian Canal Commission for duty with the commission on the Isthmus of Panama. (May 6, W.D.)

Major Robert S. Woodson, surg., will proceed to Camp Connel, Samar, for duty. (March 15, D.V.)

Contract Dental Surg. F. Homer Welven from temporary duty at Fort Hamilton, N.Y., on May 6, and will proceed to Fort Niagara, N.Y., for temporary duty until July 1, 1907, at which time the chief surgeon of the department will make recommendation for his future assignment. (May 2, D.E.)

First Lieut. Harry G. Humphreys, asst. surg., will proceed to Fort William McKinley, Rizal, for duty. (March 25, D. Luzon.)

Capt. Robert N. Wina, asst. surg., now at Camp Stotsenburg, Pampanga, will proceed to Camp John Hay, Benguet, for medical treatment and recuperation. (March 25, Phil. D.)

Capt. Pierre C. Stevens, paymaster, will report to Col. George W. Adair, asst. surg. gen., president of the examining board at St. Paul, Minn., for examination for promotion. (May 3, W.D.)

Major Walter D. McCaw, surg., is detailed to represent the Medical Department of the Army at the 14th International Congress on Hygiene and Demography, to be held at Berlin, Germany, Sept. 23 to 29, 1907. (May 7, W.D.)

Leave for one month, effective about June 1, 1907, with permission to apply for an extension of one month, is granted Contr. Surg. George S. Wallace. (May 7, D.E.)

The following changes of stations and duties of medical officers are ordered: Capt. Allie W. Williams, asst. surg., now sick in the division hospital, Manila, is relieved from duty in the Department of the Visayas, and will, when reported fit for duty, report to the commanding officer, division hospital, for duty. 1st Lieut. Joseph F. Siler, asst. surg., from duty at Fort William McKinley, Rizal, and will proceed to Zamboanga, Mind. 1st Lieut. Harry G. Humphreys, asst. surg., from duty at the division hospital, Manila, and will report to the commanding general, Department of Luzon, for assignment to duty. (March 22, Phil. D.)

Major H. P. Birmingham, surg., med. inspr., A.C.P., will proceed to the following stations in the order named: Cordenas, Santo Domingo, Sagua la Grande, Lajas, Soledad, Constancia, Cienfuegos, Palmira, Hormiguero, Ranchuelo, Placetas, Camajuani, Caibarien, Sancti Spiritus, Ciego de Avila, Quincey, Media, Camaguey, Nuevitas, La Gloria, Nuevitas, Camaguey, Holguin, Santiago, Manzanillo, Casilda (Trinidad), Batabano and Havana, for the purpose of making inspections of the sanitary conditions at those places, and return to his station at these headquarters. (April 23, A.C.P.)

The leave granted Contr. Surg. John M. Hewitt is extended one month. (March 27, Phil. D.)

Contr. Surg. Luis G. deQuevedo, now at San Juan, P.R., will proceed to Henry Barracks, P.R., about June 1, 1907, for temporary duty during the absence on leave of Contr. Surg. George S. Wallace. Upon the return of the latter Contr. Surgeon deQuevedo will return to his station. (May 7, D.E.)

Sergt. First Class William H. Thomas, H.G., from duty at Fort William McKinley, Rizal, to Camp Stotsenburg, Pampanga, for duty. (March 19, Phil. D.)

Sergt. First Class John R. Sands, H.C., is relieved from duty at San Isidro, Nueva Ecija, and will be sent to Manila for duty. (March 22, Phil. D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

First Lieuts. William A. Mitchell and Mark Brooke, C.E., are relieved from duty in Cuba at such time as will enable them to comply with the above mentioned order, and will proceed to Washington Barracks, D.C., not later than May 1, 1907, to the C.O. of that post for duty. (April 24, A.C.P.)

Second Lieut. Charles K. Rockwell, C.E., in addition to his other duties will report to the commandant, Engineer School, Washington Barracks, D.C., for the purpose of taking the summer course at that school. (May 3, W.D.)

The leave granted 2d Lieut. Frederic E. Humphreys, C.E., is extended fourteen days. (May 3, W.D.)

Leave for one month is granted 1st Lieut. George R. Spalding, C.E., Chief Engineer Officer of the Division. (April 30, S. W.D.)

First Lieut. Richard C. Moore, C.E., is detailed on duty connected with the building of roads on the Island of Cuba, with station at Vinales. (April 23, A.C.P.)

Capt. Clarke S. Smith, C.E., is detailed on duty connected with the building of roads on the Island of Cuba, with station at Guane, Province of Pinar del Rio. (April 23, A.C.P.)

Capt. Edward M. Markham, C.E., is detailed on duty connected with the building of roads on the Island of Cuba, with station at Pinar del Rio. (April 23, A.C.P.)

First Lieut. Warren T. Hannum, C.E., is detailed on duty connected with the building of roads on the Island of Cuba, with station at San Juan y Martinez. (April 23, A.C.P.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

Leave for four months, with permission to go beyond the sea, is granted Lieut. Col. William A. Glasford, Signal Corps. (May 4, W.D.)

The following promotions and reduction in the Signal Corps, made by the Chief Signal Officer of the Army, were announced on May 1: To be sergeants, Corps. John M. Whittles; Arthur O. Butler and Thornton A. Lemaster, to date May 1, 1907; to be corporals, First Class Privs. John Stuart and Charles M. Bishop, to date May 1, 1907. Sergt. Isaac C. Dale is reduced to grade of private, to date April 29, 1907, for improper conduct.

First Class Sergts. Jacob Piotrowski and Charles W. Chadbourne, Signal Corps, Fort Word, will be sent to Fort Lawton, Wash., for temporary duty prior to transfer to Alaska. (May 7, W.D.)

First-class Sergt. George McNamara will be sent to Fort Wood, N.Y., for duty. (May 8, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

1ST CAVALRY—COL. G. S. ANDERSON.

First Lieut. Roger S. Fitch, 1st Cav., will proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and report in person to Brig. Gen. Charles B. Hall for appointment and duty as aide-de-camp on his staff. (May 6, W.D.)

2D CAVALRY—COL. F. WEST.

Chief Trumpeter William C. Twitty, band, 2d Cav., Fort Assiniboine, is transferred to the 6th Cavalry as private. (May 7, W.D.)

3D CAVALRY—COL. J. H. DORST.

The resignation of 1st Lieut. C. C. Culver as squadron adjutant, 2d Squadron, 3d Cav., was on April 1 accepted, to take effect April 6, he having been detailed on special duty as assistant to the Chief Q.M. Dept. of Luzon.

First Lieut. Clarence C. Culver, 3d Cav., Camp Stotsenburg, will proceed to Manila as soon after April 1 as practicable for duty as assistant to the Chief Quartermaster of the Department, relieving 2d Lieut. Louis H. Kilbourne, 8th Cav., who will remain on duty at these headquarters until the date of the embarkation of his regiment for the United States, when he will report to his regimental commander for duty. (March 25, D. Luzon.)

Capt. John W. Heard, 3d Cav., now at Camp Stotsenburg, Pampanga, will proceed to Camp John Hay, Benguet, for medical treatment and recuperation for one month. (March 23, Phil. D.)

4TH CAVALRY—COL. E. Z. STEEVER.

Chaplain James L. Griffes, 4th Cav., is granted leave for two months and five days, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about Aug. 15, 1907. Chaplain Griffes is authorized to await at Nagasaki, Japan, the arrival of his regiment leaving this port on the transport scheduled to sail on or about Oct. 15, 1907. (March 21, Phil. D.)

5TH CAVALRY—COL. W. S. SCHUYLER.

Capt. Edward A. Sturges, 5th Cav., now at Fort Wingate, N.M., having been assigned to Troop L, at Whipple Barracks, Ariz., will join his troop. (April 22, D. Colo.)

Col. Walter S. Schuyler, 5th Cav., will proceed to Albany, N.Y., and report in person to the Governor of New York for temporary duty with the organized militia of that State. (May 4, W.D.)

First Serg. John Cotter, Troop L, 5th Cav., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 4, W.D.)

7TH CAVALRY—COL. F. K. WARD.

Second Lieut. Howard C. Tatum, 7th Cav., now at Camp Gregg, Pangasinan, will proceed to Camp McGrath, Balangas, for appointment as squadron quartermaster and commissary, 2d Squadron, 7th Cav. (March 18, D. Luzon.)

8TH CAVALRY—COL. H. P. KINGSBURY.

The leave granted 2d Lieut. Reynolds J. Powers, 8th Cav., is extended one month. (May 6, W.D.)

The leave granted 2d Lieut. Frank E. Davis, 8th Cav., is extended one month. (May 6, W.D.)

Principal Musician James Smith, band, 8th Cav., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 7, W.D.)

11TH CAVALRY—COL. J. PARKER.

So much of Par. 18, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Frederick T. Dickman, 11th Cav., is revoked. (May 6, W.D.)

First Lieut. Julien E. Gaujot, 11th Cav., will proceed to Omaha, Neb., and report in person to Brig. Gen. Earl D. Thomas, U.S. Army, for appointment and duty as aide-de-camp on his staff. (May 7, W.D.)

Capt. Grayson V. Heidt, 11th Cav., will proceed to Washington Barracks, D.C., for observation and treatment. (April 23, A.C.P.)

12TH CAVALRY—COL. J. B. KERR.

Leave for one month is granted Capt. John W. Craig, 12th Cav. (May 6, W.D.)

The leave granted Chaplain Timothy P. O'Keefe, 12th Cav., is extended twenty days. (April 24, D.G.)

Leave for two months is granted 1st Lieut. John J. Ryan, 12th Cav., to take effect upon his assignment to a regiment as a captain. (May 8, W.D.)

13TH CAVALRY—COL. O. A. P. HATFIELD.

Lieut. Col. Walter L. Finley, 13th Cav., will join that portion of the 13th Cavalry stationed at Fort Riley, Kan. (May 2, W.D.)

Leave for one month, effective on or about June 10, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. Henry T. Bull, 13th Cav. (May 6, D.E.)

Par. 19, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. William N. Hensley, Jr., 13th Cav., is revoked, and he will report in person on May 15, 1907, to Col. Montgomery M. Macomb, Field Artillery, president of the examining board at Fort Riley, for competitive examination to determine his fitness for appointment as first lieutenant of Field Artillery, and will return to his proper station. (May 7, W.D.)

14TH CAVALRY—COL. E. A. GODWIN.

First Lieut. Philip W. Corbushier, 14th Cav., is detailed as professor of military science and tactics at the Agricultural and Mechanical College of Kentucky, Lexington, Ky., to take effect Aug. 4, 1907, vice Capt. Wilson B. Burt, 18th Inf., who will then join his regiment. (May 2, W.D.)

First Lieut. Philip W. Corbushier, 14th Cav., is granted leave for three months and fifteen days, to take effect after completion of target practice. (April 30, Pac. D.)

15TH CAVALRY—COL. JOSEPH GARRARD.

First Lieut. Charles E. McCullough, 15th Cav., now at Camp Columbia, Cuba, will be sent in arrest under charge of an officer to his proper station, Cienfuegos, Cuba, to be turned over to the C.O. of that station. (April 27, A.C.P.)

Col. George F. Chase, 15th Cav., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Inspector General's Department, vice Col. Frederick K. Ward, 1st Cav., who at his own request is relieved from detail in that Department. Colonel Ward is assigned to the 7th Cavalry. Colonel Chase will proceed to Chicago, Ill., for duty as inspector general of the Northern Division. Colonel Ward will proceed to Fort Riley for duty pending the arrival of the 7th Cavalry, when he will join his regiment. (May 3, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Francis H. Hardie, 15th Cav., from further duty with the Army of Cuban Pacification and will join that portion of the 15th Cavalry stationed at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt. (April 23, A.C.P.)

ARTILLERY CORPS.

BRIG. GEN. A. MURRAY, CHIEF OF ARTILLERY.

Capt. Ernest D. Scott, A.C., will proceed at once to San Francisco, Cal., reporting to the Commanding General, Department of California, for the duty specified in letter communicated. (April 30, D. Cal.)

Leave for three months is granted Veterinary Surg. Fred B. Gage, A.C., to take effect on or about June 15, 1907. (May 1, A.D.)

Capt. LeRoy S. Lyon, 26th Battery, F.A., is granted leave for two months and five days, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about April 15, 1907. Captain Lyon is authorized to await at Nagasaki the arrival of his battery leaving Manila on the transport scheduled to sail on or about June 15, 1907. (March 19, Phil. D.)

In view of suspension of all Artillery Service practice by telegraphic instructions from the War Department, dated April 19, 1907, Par. 9, S.O. 63, c.s., these headquarters is revoked. (May 2, 1907.)

First Lieut. Albert T. Bishop, A.C., is transferred from the 11th Co. C.A. to the unassigned list. (May 6, W.D.)

Leave for two months, to take effect about July 20, 1907, is granted Capt. Ernest A. Greynough, A.C., President of San Francisco. (April 29, D. Cal.)

Capt. William A. Covington, Coast Art., will proceed to New York city for temporary duty, under the chief signal officer, Department of the East, pertaining to the fire-control installations at Fort Schuyler, Fort Totten, Fort Hamilton, and Fort Wadsworth, New York, and Fort Hancock, N.J. (May 7, W.D.)

For the purposes of the joint Army and militia exercises in the various Artillery districts the following orders are published:

The U.S. Army torpedo planter Gen. Henry J. Knox, Capt. Frank G. Maindin, C.A., commanding, upon the completion of instruction work at Fort Moultrie, S.C., and of taking up the mines planted last year at Fort Fremont, S.C., will proceed to New York Harbor in time to arrive there not later than June 3, 1907.

The U.S. Army torpedo planter Major Samuel Ringgold, Capt. George T. Patterson, C.A., commanding, upon the completion of instruction work at Fort Howard, Md., will proceed to New York Harbor in time to arrive there not later than June 3, 1907.

The U.S. Army torpedo planter Col. George Armistead, Capt. Frank R. Ferguson, C.A., commanding, upon the completion of instruction work at Fort Caswell, N.C., will proceed to New York Harbor in time to arrive there not later than June 3, 1907.

Leave for twenty-five days, effective about June 1, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. L. U. Brinton, Jr., A.C. (May 8, D.E.)

Leave for one month and fifteen days is granted Major Henry C. Davis, A.C. (May 9, D.E.)

First Lieut. Charles G. Mettler, Field Art., from further duty at the School of Application for Cavalry and Field Artillery, and will join the 2nd Battery, Field Art. (May 8, W.D.)

The following promotions of officers of the Artillery Corps are announced:

First Lieut. Harry C. Williams promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Alden Trotter promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Frank S. Long promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. John P. Spurr promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Albert U. Faulkner promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Francis W. Ralston promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Cleveland C. Lansing promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Adna G. Clarke promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Samuel G. Shartle promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Michael H. Barry promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. George M. Apple promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Clarence G. Bonker promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

The officers named will remain on duty at their present stations until further orders. (May 4, W.D.)

First Lieut. Edward Gottlieb, A.C., will proceed from Boston to the factory of the National Carbon Company, Cleveland, O., for the purpose of testing and experimenting with different types of carbons for searchlights, and return to Boston. (May 2, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Clarence Deems, A.C., is relieved from further duty at Fort Schuyler, N.Y., and will proceed to Fort Howard, Md., and assume command of that post and of the Artillery District of Baltimore. (May 2, W.D.)

Capt. Charles M. Bunker, A.C., is relieved from treatment at the Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., and will return to his proper station. (May 4, W.D.)

Capt. James M. Wheeler, A.C., having reported, will proceed to Alcatraz Island, Cal., for duty at the military prison. (April 20, Pac. D.)

The following promotions of officers of the Artillery Corps are announced:

First Lieut. Edward A. Stuart promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. John S. Johnston promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Edward T. Donnelly promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Joseph S. Hardin promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Louis E. Bennett promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. George L. Hicks, Jr., promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Lynn S. Edwards promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. George M. Brooke promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

First Lieut. Hugh K. Taylor promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Adolph Langhorst promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. John B. W. Corey promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. George A. Torey promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Ralph E. Herring promoted to captain; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. William E. De Sombre promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Carl E. Wiggin promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Glen F. Jenks (detailed first lieutenant, Ord. Dept.) promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Edmund T. Weisel promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Marlborough Churchill promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Clarence B. Ross promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Howard L. Martin promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Richard H. Jordan promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. John M. Page promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. William F. Jones promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

Second Lieut. Samuel C. Cardwell promoted to first lieutenant; rank, Jan. 25, 1907.

The officers named will remain on duty at their present stations until further orders. (May 4, W.D.)

[This is the order as issued, but we learn that it is a clerical error of the Adjutant General's Office, which escaped the notice of six or seven proof readers, as such errors sometimes will. The promotion of 2d Lieut. Ralph E. Herring is to first lieutenant.—Ed.]

INFANTRY.

3D INFANTRY—COL. T. C. WOODBURY.

So much of Par. 19, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Ralph Dickinson and Louis A. Kunzig, 3d Inf., is revoked. (May 2, W.D.)

4TH INFANTRY—COL. E. B. BOLTON.

Leave for twenty-seven days, effective June 1, 1907, is granted 1st Lieut. Sylvester Bonnasoff, Battalion Adjutant, 4th Inf. (May 4, D.E.)

First Lieut. J. De Cam Hall, 4th Inf., upon the expiration of the leave of absence granted him, will join his proper station. (May 7, W.D.)

Sick leave for six months is granted 2d Lieut. William H. Hawes, 4th Inf. (May 8, W.D.)

5TH INFANTRY—COL. C. D. COWLES.

First Lieut. Daniel A. Nolan, 5th Inf., Sagua la Grande, assigned to Co. H, 5th Inf., will proceed to Caibarien for duty with his company. (April 30, A.C.P.)

6TH INFANTRY—COL. J. W. DUNCAN.

Major Omar Bundy, 6th Inf., will proceed with the least practicable delay to Chicago, Ill., and report to the commanding general, Northern Division, for temporary duty in the office of the inspector general of that division. (May 6, W.D.)

Leave for fifteen days is granted 2d Lieut. Keith S. Gregory, 6th Inf., to take effect upon the expiration of his present sick leave. (May 6, W.D.)

Second Lieut. Keith S. Gregory, 6th Inf., is relieved from further treatment at the General Hospital, Washington Barracks, D.C., and upon the expiration of the leave granted him will join his proper station. (May 6, W.D.)

So much of Par. 19, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Jesse D. Elliott, is revoked. (May 7, W.D.)

Major Omar Bundy, 6th Inf., is detailed as acting inspector general. (May 8, W.D.)

7TH INFANTRY—COL. D. CORNMANN.

Leave for two months, to take effect upon completion of target practice of Co. A, 7th Inf., with permission to apply for an extension of one month, is granted 1st Lieut. Frederick E. Wilson, 7th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich. (April 30, D. Lakes.)

Leave for one month and fifteen days, to take effect on or about May 1, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. John F. Franklin, 7th Inf., Fort Wayne, Mich. (April 29, D. Lakes.)

8TH INFANTRY—COL. F. A. SMITH.

Second Lieut. Jason M. Walling, 8th Inf., is relieved from duty at Camp Jossman, Guimaras, and will proceed to the Post of Hilo, Hilo, P.I., for duty. (March 15, D.V.)

Second Lieut. Charles A. Dravo, 8th Inf., from duty with Co. L, 8th Inf., at the Post of Hilo, to Camp Jossman, Guimaras, for duty with his company. (March 18, D.V.)

Co. C, 8th Inf., with the exception of the enlisted men assigned to the Machine Gun Platoon, 8th Inf., will proceed to Camp Bumpus, Leyte, for temporary duty in the field, relieving Co. M, 8th Inf., which will return to its permanent station, Camp Jossman, Guimaras. (March 19, D.V.)

The Machine Gun Platoon, 8th Inf., under the command of 1st Lieut. Frank H. Kalde, 8th Inf., with complete machine-gun equipment, will proceed to Camp Bumpus, Leyte, for temporary duty in the field. (March 19, D.V.)

Color Serg. George Dawson, 8th Inf., upon the receipt of this order, will be placed upon the retired list. (May 7, W.D.)

Capt. Robert H. Peck, 8th Inf., is granted leave for three months, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about April 5, 1907. (March 22, Phil. D.)

First Lieut. Walter H. Johnson, 8th Inf., is granted leave for two months, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about April 1, 1907. (March 22, Phil. D.)

9TH INFANTRY—COL. E. B. ROBERTSON.

Second Lieut. Robert L. Meador, 9th Inf., will proceed to Fort William McKinley, Rizal, for examination for promotion. (March 19, Phil. D.)

11TH INFANTRY—COL. R. T. YEATMAN.

So much of Par. 19, S.O. No. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Martyn H. Shute, 11th Inf., is revoked. (May 8, W.D.)

12TH INFANTRY—COL. L. C. ALLEN.

Lieut. Col. Francis H. French, 12th Inf., is detailed for service and to fill a vacancy in the Inspector General's Department, vice Lieut. Col. Daniel H. Brush, inspector general, relieved. (May 6, W.D.)

Sick leave for one month is granted 2d Lieut. R. T. Phinney, 12th Inf. (May 2, D.E.)

First Lieut. Morris M. Keck, 12th Inf., upon the expiration of the leave of absence granted him, will proceed to join his regiment. (May 7, W.D.)

So much of Par. 18, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Riley E. Scott, 12th Inf., is revoked, and he will report in person on May 15, 1907, to Lieut. Col. William H. Coffin, Coast Art., president of the examining board at Fort Monroe, for competitive examination to determine his fitness for appointment as first lieutenant of Coast Artillery. (May 7, W.D.)

13TH INFANTRY—COL. R. H. R. LOUGHBOROUGH.

First Lieut. Beverly C. Daly, 13th Inf., from further treatment in the hospital at Camp John Hay, Benguet, to Manila, for observation and treatment. (March 27, Phil. D.)

14TH INFANTRY—COL. J. C. DENT.

The leave granted 2d Lieut. John G. Macomb, 14th Inf., is extended one month. (May 8, W.D.)

15TH INFANTRY—COL. W. S. SCOTT.

First Lieut. Sylvester C. Loring, 15th Inf., from treatment in the hospital at Camp Eldridge, Laguna, to his station. (March 26, Phil. D.)

18TH INFANTRY—COL. T. F. DAVIS.

Second Lieut. William L. Patterson, 18th Inf., having reported at the Infantry and Cavalry School and Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Mo., on April 24 appointed as aide-de-camp on the staff of Brig. Gen. C. B. Hall. In addition to his present duties Lieutenant Patterson is temporarily appointed as assistant to the officer in charge of the post steam laundry.

19TH INFANTRY—COL. JOSEPH F. HUSTON.

Second Lieut. Hornsby Evans, 19th Inf., is granted leave for two months, with permission to visit China and Japan, effective on or about April 1, 1907. (March 27, Phil. D.)

20TH INFANTRY—COL. M. P. MAUS.

Leave for twenty days is granted 2d Lieut. Oscar A. Russell, 20th Inf., to take effect upon the completion of his examination for appointment as a first lieutenant of Coast Artillery. (May 7, W.D.)

Leave for twenty-five days is granted 2d Lieut. Felix W. Motlow, 20th Inf., to take effect upon the completion of his examination for appointment as a first lieutenant of Coast Artillery. (May 8, W.D.)

Leave for one month is granted 2d Lieut. John C. Maul, 20th Inf., to take effect upon the completion of his examination for appointment as a first lieutenant of Field Artillery. (May 8, W.D.)

21ST INFANTRY—COL. C. A. WILLIAMS.

Major Lawrence J. Hearn, 21st Inf., is detailed to attend the encampment of the National Guard of Colorado near Golden, Colo., July 7 to 28, 1907. (May 8, W.D.)

22D INFANTRY—COL. A. REYNOLDS.

Capt. Robert L. Hamilton, 22d Inf., will report in person to Col. John A. Lundeen, A.C., president of an Army retiring board at San Francisco, for examination. (May 3, W.D.)

23D INFANTRY—COL. P. READE.

So much of Par. 19, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. William T. Macmillan, 23d Inf., is revoked. (May 3, W.D.)

So much of Par. 18, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Arthur W. Copp and William C. Miller, 23d Inf., is revoked. (May 3, W.D.)

25TH INFANTRY—COL. R. W. HOYT.

Leave for thirty days is granted Capt. H. M. Powell, 25th Inf., to take effect on or about May 3, 1907. (April 26, D.E.)

Capt. Marshall Childs, 25th Inf., will proceed to Hot Springs, Ark., Army and Navy General Hospital for observation and treatment. (May 8, W.D.)

27TH INFANTRY—COL. W. L. PITCHER.

Capt. Mathew E. Saville, 27th Inf., will proceed to Hot Springs, Ark., Army and Navy General Hospital, for observation and treatment. (May 2, W.D.)

Second Lieut. James M. Hobson, Jr., 27th Inf., is relieved from duty as prison officer, Camp Columbia, and will report to the C.O., 27th Inf., for duty. (April 25, A.C.P.)

Capt. Paul B. Malone, 27th Inf., is relieved from duty as provost marshal, Army of Cuban Pacification. (April 25, A.C.P.)

Capt. Walter T. Bates, Q.M., 27th Inf., is relieved from duty as assistant to the depot quartermaster, Mariano, and will report to his regimental commander for duty. (April 23, A.C.P.)

Second Lieut. Ambrose R. Emery, 27th Inf., is relieved from duty as assistant to the depot quartermaster, Mariano, and will report to his regimental commander for duty. (April 23, A.C.P.)

28TH INFANTRY—COL. O. J. SWEET.

First Lieut. Edward W. Robinson, 28th Inf., Matanzas, will proceed to Mariano, reporting to the chief signal officer, Army of Cuban Pacification, for duty. (April 23, A.C.P.)

29TH INFANTRY—COL. B. C. LOCKWOOD.

First Lieut. Richard P. Rifenberick, Jr., 29th Inf., aide-de-camp, will proceed to Fort Logan, Colo., for examination by the surgeon at that post as to his fitness for tropical service. (April 26, D. Colo.)

Second Lieut. Ralph D. Bates, 29th Inf., having been relieved from duty in connection with the progressive military map work, will rejoin his proper station, Fort Douglas, Utah. (May 2, S.W.D.)

So much of Par. 19, S.O. 84, April 10, 1907, W.D., as relates to 2d Lieut. Bernard P. Oswalt, 29th Inf., is revoked. (May 6, W.D.)

Leave for one month, to take effect on or about May 15, 1907, is granted 2d Lieut. Sam M. Parker, 29th Inf., Fort Douglas, Utah. (April 22, D. Colo.)

30TH INFANTRY—COL. E. B. PRATT.

Sick leave for two months, with permission to apply for an extension of one month, is granted 2d Lieut. Albin L. Clark, 30th Inf. (May 6, W.D.)

Leave from June 15 to July 4, 1907, both dates inclusive, is granted 1st Lieut. Milo C. Corey, 30th Inf. (May 2, W.D.)

Lieut. Col. Alfred C. Sharpe, 30th Inf., from further duty with the provisional governor of Cuba, and will join his proper station. (May 8, W.D.)

PHILIPPINE SCOUTS.

The resignation of 1st Lieut. Frederick Koch, Philippine Scouts, has been accepted to take effect May 8, 1907. (May 6, W.D.)

First Lieut. Emil Speth, Philippine Scouts, now at Tagabiran, Samar, will proceed to Manila, Division Hospital, for observation and treatment. (March 14, D.V.)

Major Hugh D. Wise, Philippine Scouts, Tagabiran, Samar, will proceed to Manila, Division Hospital, for observation and treatment. (March 18, D.V.)

Second Lieut. Thomas F. Moran, Philippine Scouts, is granted leave for three months, with permission to visit the

United States and to leave the division about June 15, 1907. (March 23, Phil. D.)

ASSIGNMENTS TO REGIMENTS.

Col. Joseph Garrard, recently promoted from lieutenant colonel, 14th Cav., with rank from April 20, 1907, is assigned to the 15th Cav. (May 3, W.D.)

Capt. Andrew J. Dougherty, recently promoted from first lieutenant, 28th Inf., with rank from April 29, 1907, is assigned to the 30th Inf. He will join the company to which assigned. (May 2, W.D.)

BOARDS OF OFFICERS.

A board of officers is appointed to meet May 20, 1907, at the call of the president thereof, at St. Paul, Minn., for the examination of officers of the Pay Department for promotion. Detail for the board: Col. George W. Adair, asst. surg. gen.; Major James B. Houston, paym.; Major William G. Gambrell, paym.; Major Charles E. Stanton, paym.; Capt. Walter D. Webb, asst. surg. (May 3, W.D.)

A board of officers, to consist of Lieut. Col. Rogers Birnie, O.D.; Major Tracy C. Dickson, O.D.; Major Jay E. Hoffer, O.D.; Capt. Thales L. Ames, O.D., is appointed to meet at the Sandy Hook Proving Ground, New Jersey, May 6, 1907, for the purpose of marking the examination papers of officers examined for detail to the Ordnance Department and of making recommendation for details to the grade of captain and first lieutenant. Those eligible will be the officers found qualified for detail at the examination and those who have served before in the department. If as many as fourteen officers be found qualified that number will be recommended for detail. The board will make recommendations for details both for the grade of captain and for that of first lieutenant. There are eligible for detail as captain those captains and first lieutenants of the Army at large who may be found qualified by the examination or by previous service in the department, and also those first lieutenants in the department detailed from the grade of first lieutenant in the Army at large. (May 2, W.D.)

A board of officers will assemble at Fort Douglas, Utah, May 8, 1907, to examine into the qualifications of Sergt. Charles Wald, Co. K, 29th Inf., Fort Douglas, Utah, for the position of post quartermaster sergeant. Detail: Capt. Henry C. Clement, Jr., Capt. Albert S. Brooks, Q.M., and 1st Lieut. Paul C. Sallenger, 29th Inf. (April 26, D. Colo.)

A board of officers, to consist of Col. Amos Stickney, Corps of Engineers; Col. John W. Pullman, A.Q.M.G.; Lieut. Col. Harvey C. Carlsbach, J.A.; Major Charles Richard, surg.; Capt. William J. Glasgow, 13th Cav., is appointed to meet at Governors Island, N.Y., at the call of the senior member, to make an accurate survey of Governors Island, and to report upon the matter of the improvement of the island. (May 8, D.E.)

A board of officers, to consist of Col. John W. Pullman, A.Q.M.G., and Lieut. Col. Erasmus M. Weaver, C.A., is appointed for the purpose of considering the question of the location of camp sites for the troops which are to participate in the joint Army and militia coast defense exercises during the ensuing summer in the Southern and Eastern Artillery Districts of New York. The members of the board will proceed to Governors Island, Fort Hamilton, Fort Wadsworth, Fort Totten, and Fort Schuyler, N.Y., for the purpose of conferring with the staff officers of the Department of the East, and with the commanding officers of the Southern and Eastern Artillery Districts of New York in regard to the sites and in regard to estimates of material and labor for equipping the camp grounds for the comfort and health of the troops. (May 7, W.D.)

A board to consist of Major Gen. John P. Story, retired; Professor of Mathematics Philip R. Alger, U.S.N. (designated by the Secretary of the Navy); Capt. Abston Hamilton, Coast Artillery, is appointed to meet in Washington at the call of the senior member for the purpose of considering the relative merits of wire-wound guns. (May 8, W.D.)

GENERAL COURTS-MARTIAL.

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at Camp Wallace, Union, April 4, 1907. Detail: Col. Joseph H. Dorst, 3d Cav., Lieut. Col. Richard H. Wilson, 16th Inf.; Major John Cotter, 9th Inf.; Capt. Edward R. Chrisman, 16th Inf.; James R. Lindsey, adjutant, 13th Inf.; Selah R. H. Tompkins, 7th Cav.; Sedgewick Rice, 3d Cav.; Francis H. Beach, 7th Cav.; William L. Kenly, A.C., Andrew E. Williams, 3d Cav.; Casper H. Conrad, 3d Cav.; Easton R. Gibson, 13th Inf.; Charles E. Morton, 16th Inf.; William T. Patton, 13th Inf., judge advocate. (March 27, D. Luzon.)

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at the post of Camp Columbia, Havana, Cuba, May 1, 1907. Detail: Lieut. Col. Silas A. Wolf, 28th Inf.; Major William Black, retired; Major John S. Grisard, retired; Capt. Frank P. Avery, retired; Capt. Frank Tompkins, 11th Cav.; Capt. John Robertson, 27th Inf.; Capt. Rush R. Wallace, jr., U.S.M.C.; 1st Lieut. James O. Green, retired; 1st Lieut. Harry E. Comstock, 27th Inf.; 1st Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d C.E.; 2d Lieut. Henry A. Finch, C.E., and 1st Lieut. Edmond R. Tompkins, 11th Cav., judge advocate. (April 27, A.C.P.)

A G.C.M. is appointed to meet at the post of Camp Columbia, Province of Havana, Cuba, May 1, 1907. Detail: Lieut. Col. Silas A. Wolf, 28th Inf.; Major William Black, retired; Major John S. Grisard, retired; Capt. Frank P. Avery, retired; Capt. Frank Tompkins, 11th Cav.; Capt. John Robertson, 27th Inf.; Capt. Rush R. Wallace, jr., U.S.M.C.; 1st Lieut. James O. Green, retired; 1st Lieut. Harry E. Comstock, 27th Inf.; 1st Lieut. Ulysses S. Grant, 3d C.E.; 2d Lieut. Henry A. Finch, C.E.; 1st Lieut. George C. Shaw, 27th Inf., judge advocate. (April 27, A.C.P.)

RETIRED OFFICERS.

Capt. Asa T. Abbott, retired, at his own request is relieved from duty at the University of South Dakota, Vermillion, S.D., June 30, 1907, and will proceed to his home. (May 2, W.D.)

VARIOUS ORDERS.

The following patients have been transferred from the Army General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, to Washington, D.C., to the Government Hospital for the Insane: Capt. William M. Parker, 24th Inf.; 1st Lieut. William C. Stone, 3d Inf.; 2d Lieut. William G. Motlow, 1st Inf.; Privts. Will S. Hardman, casual detachment, F.A.; Charles J. McHugh, casual detachment, 3d Cav.; Peter Shields, casual detachment, 8th Cav.; Arthur L. Daniels, casual detachment, 2d Inf.; James Crowe, casual detachment, 9th Inf.; John E. Pickard, casual detachment, 13th Inf.; James A. Allen, Co. G, 22d Inf.; Max Hoffman, messenger, S.D.; Ross P. Thorne, general prisoner. (April 26, D. Cal.)

The following officers will proceed to Manila, so as to arrive between April 26 and May 2, 1907, for competitive examination for appointment as first lieutenant of Field or Coast Artillery as designated below: Field Artillery—1st Lieut. Ralph N. Hayden, 3d Cav.; William N. Haskell, 4th Cav.; 2d Lieut. Charles M. Maigne, 7th Cav.; Ralph W. Kingman, 16th Inf.; Walter W. Merrill, 1st Inf.; Walter V. Gallagher, 13th Inf.; Roland W. Boughton, 1st Inf.; Everett N. Bowman, 13th Inf.; Charles B. Amory, jr., 1st Inf.; Joseph A. Atkins, 16th Inf.; Charles F. Thompson, 13th Inf.; Joseph D. Park, 4th Cav.; Walter S. Fulton, 24th Inf.; Frederick W. Manley, 13th Inf.; Charles S. Caffery, 2d Inf.; James P. Wayland, 3d Cav.; Harry D. R. Zimmerman, 7th Cav.; Fred A. Cook, 2d Inf.; Coast Artillery—1st Lieut. Sydney Smith, 16th Inf.; 2d Lieut. Arthur J. Budd, 1st Inf.; Chester H. Loop, 13th Inf.; William P. Currier, 15th Inf.; John G. Hots, 1st Inf.; Clarence A. Mitchell, 15th Inf.; Lawrence E. Hohl, 1st Inf.; Harry A. Schuabe, 13th Inf.; Howard K. Loughry, 9th Inf.; William W. Ross, 16th Inf. (March 22, Phil. D.)

ARMY TRANSPORTS AND CABLESHIPS.

BUFOED—Left Honolulu May 9 for Manila.
INGALLS—At Newport News, Va.
DIX—Arrived Manila May 5.
KILPATRICK—Left Newport May 9.
LOGAN—Left San Francisco for Manila May 6.
MCLELLAN—At Singapore for repairs.
MEADY—New York.
SEWARD—At Manila.
SHERIDAN—San Francisco, Cal.
SHERMAN—Arrived Manila May 2; left May 9.
SUMNER—Left Newport News for Havana May 7.
THOMAS—Left Honolulu May 7 for San Francisco.
LIBOURN—1st Lieut. J. S. Butler, Signal Corps. At Manila.
WRIGHT—At Manila, P.I.
WARREN—At San Francisco, Cal.
BURNSIDE—Seattle, Wash.

FORT RILEY.

Fort Riley, Kan., May 4, 1907.

The headquarters, band and 1st Squadron, 9th Cav., under command of Colonel Bonus, left Fort Riley at seven o'clock, Monday evening, for the Philippines. The troops will arrive in San Francisco to-day and will march directly from the train to the transport Logan, on which they sail Monday. Many friends of the officers of the squadron were at the depot to bid them good-bye, and nearly the entire colored population of Junction City was present to see the soldiers off. The train taking these troops to San Francisco consisted of twenty-two cars, and drawn by two engines, was said to be the best equipped train ever used for the movement of troops in the West. Eighteen short-time men of the 1st Squadron were sent to Fort Leavenworth Monday. They are assigned to a troop there to care for the 2d Squadron's horses until the arrival of the 7th Cavalry. One of the troops of the 10th Cavalry will come to Riley in a few days from Fort Robinson for station.

Col. Li Ting-Hsin, Major Wang Yu-Chin and Capt. Wang Yen-Tin, of the Imperial Chinese army, and Lieut. Lin Sung-Chang, of the Imperial Chinese navy, arrived at Fort Riley Friday morning from the West in their private car. The visitors and their escort, Capt. André W. Brewster, 9th Inf., were taken direct to the quarters of General Godfrey, where they were entertained at breakfast. Afterwards they visited the various schools and the riding hall, where the student officers gave a splendid exhibition in riding their well-trained school horses. This, as well as everything else they saw at Fort Riley, greatly interested the Chinese officers. Owing to the bad weather no review was included in the program. The Chinese officers and their escort left that afternoon for Fort Leavenworth, and from there will go to Washington, then to the Jamestown Exposition.

On Saturday, April 27, the 7th Battery played two games of ball. The first, in the forenoon, with the 20th Battery, resulted in a score of 6-2, in favor of the 7th. The second, in the afternoon, with the 25th Battery, resulted in a score of 10-3, in favor of the 25th Battery.

Mrs. Cameron entertained about thirty guests at cards Friday evening. Mrs. Koehrsperger will entertain at dinner this evening. Capt. W. M. Whitman, constructing quartermaster, was notified Monday afternoon by the Quartermaster General's office that the contract for the big riding hall in the Cavalry post was awarded to the Midland Bridge Company, of Kansas City. The new riding hall will be 333 feet long by 110 wide, and will be across the street from and north of the main guardhouse. It is to be completed within nine months. It will be thirty-three feet longer and ten feet wider than the present riding hall, and will cost \$75,000.

The officers of the garrison met at the mess rooms at ten o'clock, Saturday evening, to drink a farewell health to the officers of the 9th Cavalry Squadron.

The boys are doing quite a lot of fishing this spring. The Kansas River is full of large cat fish, and it is a very common thing for one to bring in twenty-five or thirty pounds from one night's outing.

Major and Mrs. Hinds left for Denver, Colo., Sunday night, where the Major will be on duty as Adjutant General of the Department of Colorado. Shortly before their departure Mrs. Hinds was presented with a beautiful basket of flowers by the members of the 2d Battery. Major Hinds was, for a number of years prior to this promotion, in command of the 2d Battery, and every member regrets the loss of Major Hinds as a battery commander.

Last Sunday afternoon, before a record-breaking crowd, the hoodoo was certainly broken when Fort Riley put it over Chapman by a score of 5-0. McGinnis was in the box for Riley and did excellent work. Chapman did not get a man to first base until the seventh inning. Chapman played a good game, but the soldiers can handle the stick too well. Riley's playing was almost free from errors, only two being made during the game. An exciting ten-inning game of ball was played Tuesday on the Cavalry parade ground between the post team and the University of Missouri. During the first three innings both sides were retired in one, two, three order, but in the fourth the collegians got busy, three runs being made. Another run was secured by Missouri in the sixth inning, making the score 4-0, in their favor, but in the lucky seventh Riley had Lussier on first, and Flaherty hit to left for two sacks, bringing Lussier home. McGinnis followed with a two-base hit, scoring Flaherty; stole third, and came home on Duffy's hit to center, making the score 4-3, in favor of Missouri. In the eighth, with Gordon on first, Lussier hit to right for three sacks, bringing Gordon home and tying the score. In the tenth inning the collegians landed two runs, winning by a score of 6-4.

A request has been made by the Chief Musician of the 15th Cavalry band, now stationed in Cuba, to have Simon Negroto, a Filipino, formerly a sergeant in the 9th Cavalry band, re-enlisted for the 15th Cavalry band. It is believed that this can be arranged, and it is reported that every member of the 15th Cavalry band has agreed to the enlistment of this party as a white man.

Lieut. E. M. Offley, 1st Cav., left Friday for his home station, Fort Sam Houston, Texas. Lieut. Roy F. Waring, 12th Cav., arrived on April 28, and will remain as the guest of Lieutenant Bradshaw, A.C., until after his examination has been completed. Lieut. J. B. Donnelly, 13th Cav., of Meyer, Va., and Edward L. Cox, 9th Cav., Jefferson Barracks, Mo., who have been visitors, left last week for their home stations. Lieut. Wilson G. Heaton, 13th Cav., was a visitor last week.

FORT ROOTS.

Fort Logan H. Roots, Ark., May 6, 1907.

Col. L. M. Maus, of Texas, Chief Surgeon of the Department, spent last week at Fort Roots on a tour of inspection, and was the guest of Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Phalen. On Wednesday evening Major and Mrs. J. P. O'Neil gave a dinner for Colonel Maus. Covers were laid for sixteen.

During the past season Thursdays were kept as reception days at the post, the wives of the officers acting as hostesses in rotation. Mrs. O'Neil was hostess last Thursday, assisted by the officers and ladies of the garrison. This will be the last at home of the series, as the warm weather will end all indoor social affairs. Mrs. Milo O. Corey left on Friday for Leavenworth, Kan., to be for several months the guest of her parents. Mrs. D. O. Fonda, who was the guest of Mrs. Corey, has returned to her home in Indiana. Lieut. and Mrs. Hilden Olin gave a dinner on Monday evening, complimentary to Mrs. Corey. On Tuesday Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Phalen entertained with a dinner-bridge in honor of Mrs. Corey. Six tables were arranged with spring flowers, and the prize winning scores were made by Mrs. Patrick W. Crawford, jr., Mrs. Hilden Olin and Lieut. George E. Goodrich. Capt. and Mrs. Dennis E. Nolan entertained at luncheon on Friday in honor of Mrs. Corey. Covers were laid for six. Captain Nolan returned last week from inspecting the State guard in Missouri. Capt. Frederick B. Shaw returned from north Arkansas last week, and will leave on Sunday for a six weeks' leave, to be spent with relatives in New York.

Mrs. Sterling R. Cockrill, of Little Rock, spent last week with Capt. and Mrs. J. M. Phalen. Mrs. James A. Shipton, of New York, arrived last week to spend the spring with her parents, Dr. and Mrs. C. J. Lincoln. Captain Shipton will arrive in a few weeks for a short stay. Mrs. Shipton entertained with a five o'clock tea on Saturday, in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Prince Johnson and Mrs. Richard Ellett, of Memphis, Tenn. Those who assisted in caring for the guests were: Mesdames Frederick Harger, Gordon Play, D'Orsay Woodbridge, Rudy Smith, T. Howard Bunch, Thomas E. Burrow (St. Louis), William A. Cook, Roy Thompson, H. M. Bennett, Col. and Mrs. Ben S. Johnson, Miss Holze. Tea was poured by Miss Wilkins, and Miss Julia Clarke, daughter of U.S. Senator James P. Clarke, of Washington, D.C. The week-ends at the Country Club was presided over by Mrs. Roy Thompson, assisted by Mrs. James A. Shipton.

Mrs. Sterling R. Cockrill gave a bridge party on Tuesday evening. The prizes were won by Captain Phalen and Mrs.

Tom Waters. Mrs. E. W. Gibb gave a bridge party on Wednesday afternoon. The highest scores were made by Mesdames Phalen and Shipton. Mrs. Gordon Play was hostess on Saturday at a beautiful luncheon-bridge, given in honor of Mrs. Shipton. Elaborate floral effects obtained throughout the reception rooms. Masses of bride's roses were used in the corridors and drawing rooms. The library and dining room were done in American Beauty roses. The table was laid with Chrysanthemum, the American Beauty colors being evidenced in the details of decoration and menu. Mrs. Play and Mrs. Shipton were seated at one end of the table, and Mrs. Fred Harger and Mrs. George Lee at the other. Covers were laid for Mesdames Play, Shipton, Lee Harger, W. B. Worthen, Conaway, Scott, Chester M. Butler, Sid B. Redding, Ashley Cockrill, Arthur Van Etten, H. A. McCutcheon, Charles A. Pratt, F. H. Bunch, Roy Thompson, William A. Cook and M. F. Riley.

JEFFERSON BARRACKS.

Jefferson Barracks, Mo., May 6, 1907.

Lieut. Allen Parker, 26th Inf., received the sad news this week of the death of his brother at Vancouver Barracks, Wash. Lieut. and Mrs. Parker left Wednesday for their home in Indiana, where the interment will take place. Lieut. Nelson A. Goodspeed, 3d Cav., returned last Wednesday from Fort Reno, Oklahoma, and Capt. John T. Geary from Fort McDowell.

Mrs. William A. Powell entertained the Ladies' Bridge Club last Friday afternoon. After a number of rubbers had been played, dainty refreshments were served, and a most delightful afternoon enjoyed. The ladies present were: Mrs. Allen Smith, Mrs. John T. Geary, Mrs. Nelson A. Goodspeed, Mrs. John P. Hasson, Mrs. Slaughter, Mrs. Will L. Pyles and Miss Smith. Major Gerhard L. Luhn, retired, returned to the post Tuesday morning from Fort Sheridan, Ill., where he had been for a short visit to his daughter, Mrs. James E. Fehé, before her departure for the Philippines with the 9th Cavalry.

Lieut. Wilson G. Heaton, 13th Cav., returned last Wednesday from Fort Riley. Lieut. Daniel D. Gregory, 5th Cav., expects to leave the first of next week for his home in Southern Missouri, where he will spend a few months' leave before joining his regiment at Whipple Barracks, Ariz. Miss Adele Hayes, of St. Louis, was the guest of Mrs. Howard L. Laubach this week. Lieut. William A. Powell, Med. Dept., returned last Thursday from Fort McDowell, Cal.

Capt. and Mrs. John T. Geary entertained a number of friends at a delightful dinner last Friday evening. Covers were laid for eight at the prettily appointed table, the color scheme being red and white, and carried out in the flowers and candle shades. Capt. and Mrs. Geary's guests were: Capt. and Mrs. Howard L. Laubach, Lieut. and Mrs. William A. Powell, Mrs. Slaughter and Lieut. Clarence E. Bunker. Lieut. John R. Musgrave, Art. Corps, returned last Tuesday from Fort Meade, S.D. Capt. William T. Littebrant, 12th Cav., has taken a short leave, which he is spending at the Jamestown Exposition.

Lieut. Will L. Pyles, Med. Dept., left Saturday for Washington, to take his examination for promotion, and he will also spend a brief leave in Washington visiting his father-in-law. Quite a number of the members of the garrison went in to St. Louis this week to see Ringling Brothers' Circus. Lieut. George B. Rodney, 5th Cav., arrived here last Wednesday from Whipple Barracks, Ariz., and relieved Lieut. Daniel D. Gregory, 5th Cav. Lieutenant Rodney was accompanied by Mrs. Rodney and their infant son, and they have taken quarters recently vacated by Lieut. Clarence E. Bunker, Art. Corps.

Quite a number of young men, applicants for West Point, were in the post last week taking the examination which is being held here. Capt. Jesse M. Baker, dep't Q.M., St. Louis, has gone East to accompany the remains of his wife, Mrs. Courtenay Hamilton Wallace Baker, who died last week in St. Louis. Lieut. Nelson A. Goodspeed, Mrs. Goodspeed and their infant son expect to spend a leave at their home in Vermont.

On May 10, at the Delmar Gardens in St. Louis, there will be given an entertainment for the benefit of the Skin and Cancer Hospital of St. Louis. An exhibition drill will be given by a detachment of picked men from the garrison, under the supervision of Capt. G. Soudard Turner, 7th Inf.

An examination is being conducted in the post this week of applicants for the Medical Corps of the Army; quite a number of men being here to try it.

FORT ONTARIO.

Fort Ontario, N.Y., May 7, 1907.

The promotion of Col. Charles B. Hodges to brigadier general gave unalloyed pleasure not only to the members of the 23d Infantry here, where he was formerly commandant, but also to the people of Oswego, whose friendship he won by the tactful, friendly spirit which he displayed in the relation of the troops and citizens. This was conspicuously shown in the co-operation which General Hodges gave to the Old Home week celebration committees last July. He was a member of the City Club, a social organization, and also held honorary membership in the Fortnightly Club and the Cardinal club. Reports from the Jamestown Exposition, where the 3d Battalion, with the remainder of the 23d Infantry, is encamped, are to the effect that the "big show" is as yet in a very incomplete state. The regiment took part in all the opening ceremonies, being reviewed by and acting as escort to the President. Last Tuesday, April 30, the regiment went to Washington on the transport Sumner, and took part in the ceremonies attendant on the unveiling of the statue to Gen. George B. McClellan. The health of the camp is generally good, but the men complain of the cold, damp and foggy weather.

Major H. H. Benham, Capt. Frank Halstead and several enlisted men, all of the 23d Infantry, were called to Palisaki, this county, during the week to give testimony before the grand jury in the case of one Ross, charged with assault in the second degree on Major Benham. The alleged crime was a particularly brutal attack, and it is probable the accused man will be indicted. If so, the trial will be held in the early autumn, when several other officers, including Capt. E. W. Rich, Med. Dept., will be summoned to testify. Major Benham, Captain Halstead and the enlisted men will probably leave for Jamestown this week.

Captain Knabenshue, 12th Inf., now at the post, is a brother of A. Roy Knabenshue, the celebrated aeronaut and inventor, of Toledo, O.

COLUMBUS BARRACKS.

Columbus Barracks, Ohio, May 7, 1907.

Bids will be opened in twenty days for the new \$100,000 hospital soon to be built. The post is also to have electric lights, bids for both underground and overground lighting to be opened June 1. An electrical expert has been ordered here to take charge.

Lieut. and Mrs. Joseph C. Brady left for Fort Thomas Tuesday morning. They were the guests of Mr. Cole and Mr. Cowan at a dinner at the Children. After a stay of ten days in the city, Capt. Harry J. Hirsch, 20th Inf., left Saturday for his station at the Presidio. Major Raymond's son, William, is again at home, much benefited by his sojourn at Hot Springs. Lieut. and Mrs. Nelson Gapan, accompanied by their sister, Mrs. Nottingham, have returned from Washington, D.C. Lieut. and Mrs. McAndrews, 1st Cav., are now occupying the quarters vacated by Lieutenant Brady, facing on Buckingham avenue. Miss Louise Glenn arrived home Friday and attended the hop given at the Officers' Club on that evening.

Capt. and Mrs. Carson gave a dinner on Saturday evening, including Col. and Mrs. Glenn, Capt. and Mrs. Rufner and Capt. and Mrs. R. F. Metcalfe. The color scheme of pink was followed in flowers and candle shades, the effect being enhanced by the use of the same tint under a most beautiful drawn work table cloth. The Five Hundred Card Club met Monday night at Captain Cabaniss's quarters. Mrs. Cabaniss and Mrs. Forre entertained. Mrs. Chamberlin won a cut glass bowl, while the other head prize was won by Mr. Will Raymond. The boobies fell to Mrs. Disque and Mr. Gregg.

The fourth game of the Saturday Afternoon League was played on the barracks grounds, the Altons beating our men, 7 to 4.

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Rear Admiral Evans, U.S.N., has so far recovered from his disability as to again assume active command of the Atlantic Fleet, which he surrendered a week ago to Rear Admiral Davis, commander of the Second Division of the fleet. The Admiral has been suffering from a sprained ankle, according to one report, and another is to the effect that he was suffering from gout.

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At a conference this week between Secretary Taft, Lieutenant General Corbin, U.S.A., retired, and Colonel Bromwell it was decided that the latter make an investigation and report to this special board upon the possibility of obtaining a suitable monument and site to the memory of General Sheridan. The commission is of the opinion that this is not possible within the present appropriation and after Colonel Bromwell's report is formally made will prepare to ask Congress for an additional sum.

Gen. Alexander Mackenzie, Chief of Engineers, directs that the regular annual reports of all officers of the Corps of Engineers be forwarded in time to be received at the Office of the Chief of Engineers as soon after July 1 next as practicable and not later than July 20.

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2nd, MORE MONEY

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NEW YORK, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1907.

The offices of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL are now located at No. 20 Vesey street, New York, in the Evening Post building. This change of location does not require any change in addressing communications to the paper. The best address is always ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, New York; or W. C. and F. P. Church, New York. Be particular as to the title of the paper and the city, as some of our letters go to Washington.

THE ARMY AND NAVY READY AS USUAL.

Through the confusion, discomfort and glaring unpreparedness attending the opening of the Jamestown Exposition one fact impressed itself upon every observer, namely, that the Army and Navy were ready, as usual, for the duty required of them. The naval and military features of the opening were complete in every detail, and their share in the ceremonies was performed without a hitch. It is doubtful whether this can be truthfully said of any other branch of the whole inaugural ceremony. On the contrary, it is probable that had the Navy and Army been as unprepared as were the other participants, the opening of the Exposition would have been a dismal failure. In other words, our military services saved from reproach and really gave brilliancy to an international occasion which, without their presence, would have been a discredit to the nation.

There has been much solemn talk in Boston and elsewhere about what is termed "vaunting the splendors of war at Jamestown," and the country has been gravely assured that the managers of the Exposition might be engaged in better business. There was a magnificent assemblage of naval vessels, those of the United States serving to exemplify more impressively than ever before the vigorous expansion of our sea power. But in view of the fact that the Navy and Army display was all that saved the opening ceremonies from ending in an utter fizzle, perhaps even those who protest against "vaunting the splendors of war" will agree that the "vaunting" in this case was a most fortunate incident. The Navy and the Army at Jamestown not only performed their professional duties with superb picturesque effect, but both again served as the best exemplars of American hospitality. Aboard the naval vessels in Hampton Roads and with the troops in Camp John Smith scores of visitors, including members of Congress and other persons of note, found the only shelter and refreshment obtainable. The officers of both Services extended a cordial welcome to the hungry, and had it not been for them many invited guests would have suffered real hardship. In this matter of hospitality as in other respects, both in peace and war, the Army and Navy are always ready. Let us hope the Government may enable them to remain so always.

Whether the two Services have been treated with due consideration by the Exposition managers is open to question. It was due to the Army and Navy that, when the Exposition opened, it should be in a state of completion. As things turned out, however, the enterprise was in a state but little removed from chaos, and utterly out of keeping with the dignity and character of the military and naval display. Assuming that the utmost was done to complete the Exposition in time for the opening, the fact remains that it was not in a condition which harmonized with the thoroughness, scope and spectacular beauty of the naval and military display.

The attendance of large numbers of officers and men of the military services at civilian functions subjects them to a great deal of extra work and a large increase in personal expenses. Moreover, it interferes seriously in their regular routine of instruction and training. It is only fair, therefore, that when they are required to attend such affairs the surroundings, ceremonies and general arrangements should be in a state of preparedness approximating their own. That such conditions prevailed at Jamestown no one will pretend.

MILITARY EXHIBITS AT JAMESTOWN.

It has been remarked by those who attended the opening of the Jamestown Exposition that, although the grounds were in a state of chaos, with heaps of brick and sand lying about, buildings half completed, or even less, roads of mud, which undulated like the surface of the sea and a general air of unattractiveness, the exhibits of the Army and the Navy were in place and as complete as they will be on the day the fair closes. This speaks well for the efficiency of and executive ability of Chief Clerk Schofield and Peters, of the respective departments, who have had the supervision of such matters ever since the Exposition in Chicago, and have seen since then the installation of the exhibits at St. Louis, the Lewis and Clarke Exposition, and, finally, this one in Virginia. In each instance the building has been completed on time and the exhibits placed in them ready for the advertised time for opening.

Naturally the military exhibits of the country have possessed more than an ordinary interest ever since the Spanish War. It is not only that in both branches of the Service there have been marked improvements in the way of arms and equipment, but there has been such a distinct growth in the personnel that the public at large has been forced to a greater individual concern than ever before. The increase of the enlisted force of the Army or Navy meant a greater number of fathers, mothers, sisters, wives and sweethearts who watched the career of soldiers and sailors. Their anxiety in turn superinduced an awakening on the part of others without the same stake, and, although this awakening in some instances, the Army canteen for example, has run amuck, it has on the whole been of benefit to the Services.

For this reason it is felt in the military branch of the Service that it is well for the Government to inform the people at large, as intimately as possible, of the actual life of the soldier and sailor. These exhibits are calculated to that end and, although it is impossible to estimate their exact worth, there is no question in the minds of the officials that the expenditure of time and money is justified.

For instance, the War Department has in its exhibit a great many pictures and photographs showing the scenes of battle in both the Civil War and the insurrection of the Filipinos. From the quartermaster general's division come a number of models and lay figures giving the public an idea of the various uniforms which have been worn by the Army since the Revolution, and those which are now used in various climates. There are also models of the modes of transportation in different years and places, the tents used, the shoes issued, the furniture of barrack and field, together with many historic relics.

The Ordnance Department is equally rich in its display of ordnance, ranging from the smallest side-arm to the largest sea coast defense rifle, and to emphasize the striking power of the latter, the Engineer Corps has a display of coast defenses, batteries and embankments, which are supplemented by models of a dredge and a snagboat. To further illustrate the system of harbor defense employed by this country, there is a glass tank simulating a harbor laid with torpedoes and sub-marine mines, showing how difficult, if not impossible, it would be for a man-of-war to reach an effective firing range without destruction.

From the Military Academy comes a model of a cadet's bedroom and study, together with sample uniforms and a number of photographs showing the buildings and scenery.

The Signal Corps contributes an exhibit which shows all of its means of communicating, including flags, heliograph, telautograph, field telephone, lanterns, smoke devices and wireless telegraph.

Among the miscellaneous items which are properly included in the Army exhibit are models of various parts of our insular possessions, a model of the Panama Canal, and a military encampment ground of thirty acres. This is located just outside the grounds and, with the rest of the military arrangements, will be under the command of Major Gen. F. D. Grant. His representatives on the spot will be Lieut. Philip H. Bagby, 6th Inf., and Lieut. H. N. Cootes, 12th Cav. The representation of the Army will consist of the 1st Squadron of the 12th Cavalry, the 23d Infantry, and the 3d Battery, F.A. The commanding officers are, respectively, Col. Philip Reade, Capt. T. N. Horn, Capt. J. L. Hines and Capt. Julius N. Kilian. The West Point Cadets will visit the fair June 5, and National Guard and other military and semi-military organizations will be there on dates ranging from the present time to Oct. 20.

In writing of the Navy exhibit at Jamestown, it seems wise to place as the foremost attraction the ships of war which ride at anchor in Hampton Roads, both those of our own country and those of foreign nations, which have accepted the invitation of the United States to be present on this occasion. Practically every power on the globe which has a navy will be represented, and it is the one peculiar feature of the Exposition that it is more an international naval review than it is an exhibit of the products of this and other countries. During the summer there will be present not only the ships of more than a score of nations, but there will also be an innumerable throng of pleasure craft representing every yachting association in the world. The list of the ships which have already been formally and officially scheduled for appearance has already been printed in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, but it is likely that there will be many additions and changes in the list.

The department exhibit proper, however, consists of models of every type of vessel in the Navy, from the

earliest day to the present time. There will also be models of the dry-dock Dewey, of a graving dock in which a miniature Illinois will be docked and undocked at intervals. There will also be a display of the uniforms of the Navy and the Marine Corps. The Bureau of Equipment, under the direction of Commander Badger, has prepared an exhibit of everything which it issues from the types of anchors to wireless telegraph equipment, charts, messing apparatus, and dishes.

Lieut. Timmons, of the Bureau of Ordnance, has furnished a complete set of wooden models showing every type of gun ever used in our Navy, together with models of the projectiles. There will also be models of historic ships, and it is expected that these will attract special interest on account of their associations.

The personal representation of the Navy will vary from time to time, as the ships are replaced by others, but it is likely that the exchange of courtesies, which began with the opening of the Exposition, will continue to the end.

The reported killing of American seamen at Santiago de Cuba, which is officially confirmed, is only a corroboration of the views held by every officer of the Army or Navy who has had experience in that island. Regardless of anything which the United States has done or may do to preserve the integrity of the "Pearl of the Antilles," that island remains alien, and in the opinion of members of the Service will always remain alien. The united opinion is that the Cubans hate their rescuers as much as they hated their former oppressors. There have been numerous outbreaks against the Americans, the larger number of which have been minimized or suppressed. Although the present plan is to withdraw the troops of the United States in 1908, there is not an officer in either Army or Navy who believes it can be done if the present plan of leaving the island in a permanently pacified state is to be carried out. Meanwhile there seems to be no likelihood of the relief of the marines; and it is probable that, for at the least the next year, Cuba will obtain as a station for marines just as much as Porto Rico, or the isthmus.

The Ohio State Journal in an editorial article on the recent clash between American bluejackets and Cuban policemen in Santiago intimates a belief that our sailors were the aggressors. In this our Ohio contemporary exemplifies the habit, common to many Americans of a certain type, of discrediting their own countrymen on the unsupported word of foreign accusers. The truth as to the unfortunate affair in Santiago has not been fully ascertained, and until it has been the assumption that the bluejackets were wholly to blame for what happened prejudices the case in a manner wholly unwarranted. We repeat what we have said many times already, that the bluejackets of the United States Navy are neither saints nor devils, but just plain young men with their full average of ordinary human nature. They are American citizens who were taken into the Service only after the most careful inquiry as to their intelligence, morals and general character, in all of which they are required to show at least as high an average as is required of young men examined for employment in civil vocations. These young men come from all over the country, and they represent families of good repute in their respective communities. They are self-respecting, well-behaved and good natured. They like fun ashore and, on some occasions, their frolics disclose an exuberance of spirits that might be called boisterous. But they are neither brawlers nor ruffians, and in an overwhelming majority of cases in which violence has occurred they have been the aggrieved, not the aggressors. Until the contrary has been proved by unimpeachable testimony, we shall believe that such was the case at Santiago. The Deputy Fiscal, a Cuban official of Santiago, in a report which has been transmitted to the Secretary of War by Provisional Governor Magoon, charges that the affray at Santiago was precipitated by Ensign Alfred T. Brisbin, U.S.N., who is attached to the Tacoma, alleging that Ensign Brisbin had been drinking with the enlisted men and that, at a signal from him, they attacked the local police. It is obvious that there can be no truth in this statement. It is purely ex parte, and its origin is such as to discredit it absolutely, if it were not opposed to all the probabilities. It is a notorious fact that in many parts of Cuba, including Santiago, the natives dislike the Americans as vigorously as they did the Spaniards, and nothing is more probable than that the American bluejackets, unarmed and proceeding toward their ship, were wantonly attacked by a gang of police and local ruffians, who subsequently assailed Ensign Brisbin, who appears to have gone to their rescue. Moreover, the allegation of the Santiago official is flatly contradicted by Mr. Ross E. Holaday, American consul at that port, who, in a communication to the State Department, declares that the attack on the men of the Tacoma was murderous. We accept his statement as against that of the Deputy Fiscal, and have no doubt that a full investigation by responsible officers will prove it to be the exact truth.

The War Department, having heard from all the Governors of the coast states, has been able to definitely arrange the exact dates upon which the joint drills between the Coast Artillery and the militia of the adjacent states shall take place. According to the memorandum prepared by General Murray, Chief of Artillery, for Assistant Secretary Oliver, the exercises will occur in the following order: Artillery District of Portland, Aug. 8 to 18; Boston, July 28 to Aug. 3; Narragansett, July 7

to 15; New London, July 15 to 26; eastern district of New York, June 8 to 15; Artillery District of the Narrows, June 8 to 15; Sandy Hook, July 6; no exercises at Delaware, owing to troops going to Jamestown Exposition; Baltimore, July 5 to 14; Potomac, July 18 to 28; Virginia and North Carolina, at Chesapeake and Cape Fear river, no exercises, as State troops attend Jamestown Exposition; Charleston, July 5 to 15; Savannah, July 1 to 15; Key West, Aug. 1 to 15; Tampa, Aug. 1 to 15; Pensacola, Aug. 1 to 15; San Diego, July 5 to 20; San Francisco, July 5 to 20; Columbia, July 8; Puget Sound, shortly after June 1. The exact nature of the instruction was not at first understood by many National guardsmen, but now that they understand the new scheme, great interest is being taken in it. In the 7th and 13th Regiments, of New York, the officers and men are particularly eager for the new work, and will take hold with a vim.

The need of increase, both in the Army and Marine Corps, is again disclosed in the notification from the Secretary of War to Brigadier General Elliott, Commandant of the Marine Corps, that it is desirable that the marines now stationed in Cuba, about one thousand in number, shall be kept there for an indefinite period. It is explained that considerable difficulty is encountered in obtaining recruits to take the places of soldiers who are being discharged in Cuba on the expiration of their terms of enlistment, and that if the marines are withdrawn at this time it will be necessary to replace them with organizations taken from the Army, and such a course, it is evident, would interfere with the dispositions of troops already arranged. Both the Army and the Marine Corps are too small for the increasing work required of them, and this fact is re-emphasized by every emergency requiring the exercise of military authority for special purposes. The increasing difficulty of obtaining recruits, the certainty that it will be necessary to keep a strong military force in Cuba for a year longer at least and the possibility that these conditions may render it necessary to lengthen the tour of duty in the Philippines all combine to prove that a liberal increase in both the Army and the Marine Corps is one of our most urgent national requirements.

We are still receiving letters from various sources inquiring as to the delay in executing the Act of Congress approved March 2, 1907, awarding an allowance of \$6.25 per month, in lieu of fuel and light, to enlisted men of the Army retired after thirty years' service. All we can say to these inquiries is to advise them to be patient, for there is no other course. The situation is just this: The Comptroller of the Treasury has informally ruled that the benefits of the Act of March 2 extend only to those men retired after the measure became a law. That decision, if upheld, would withhold the extra allowance from every enlisted man retired before the act was approved, thus subjecting such men to an unjust discrimination, which we do not believe Congress ever intended to make, or which a just interpretation of the law permits. As pointed out by Major George E. Pickett, Pay Dept., U.S.A., in a communication published in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL last week, the law has again been referred to the Comptroller for further consideration and with the hope that he may reverse his former ruling. However, if he shall refuse to do so, there will be nothing but to carry the matter to higher authority on appeal and await the outcome in patience. In any event, it will be observed, delay of some duration is inevitable.

Concerning the recent promotion of General McCaskey notwithstanding the seniority of General Funston, General Bell, the Chief of Staff, said at the War Department Wednesday that prior to General McCaskey's promotion he had personally received a letter from General Funston, in which he stated that he had no objection to General McCaskey's promotion ahead of himself, because of General McCaskey's character as a soldier and his Civil War record, and that he would gladly have made this statement officially were it not for the fact that this would be assuming that the War Department intended to promote him because he was the senior brigadier general, an assumption he did not care to make; but he desired the Chief of Staff to know his true sentiments on the subject, and for that reason wrote personally about the matter. This is in the highest degree creditable to General Funston, who has shown himself to be not only an efficient officer, but a high-minded, manly and modest gentleman.

We publish elsewhere in this issue the important War Department order giving the permanent assignments of officers of the Coast and Field Artillery. These lists, which have been in preparation for some time, required a great deal of work and study on the part of Brig. Gen. A. Murray, Chief of Artillery, and his assistants, and the order has been eagerly awaited by officers of the Artillery arm. Another order is yet to be issued assigning officers to stations, and those of the Field Artillery to regiments. All of the former 168 second lieutenants now rank as first lieutenants, except three who failed to pass their examination.

It is reported that after the close of the Jamestown Exposition Thomas F. Ryan plans to establish there the largest polytechnic institute in the world, a military feature to predominate.

ARTILLERY ASSIGNMENTS.

G.O. 102, MAY 4, 1907, WAR DEPT.

The permanent assignment by the President, on May 4, 1907, of officers of the Artillery Corps to the Coast Artillery and the Field Artillery, respectively, as hereinafter indicated, under the requirements of Sec. 9 of an act of Congress entitled "An Act to reorganize and to increase the efficiency of the Artillery of the United States Army," approved Jan. 25, 1907, is announced:

TO THE COAST ARTILLERY.

COLONELS.

1. Morris, Charles; 2. Greenough, George G.; 3. Davis, John M. K.; 4. Stewart, William F.; 5. Howe, Walter; 6. Patterson, Robert H.; 7. Hoskins, John D. C.; 8. Harris, Henry L.; 9. Lundeen, John A.; 10. Crawford, Medore; 11. Whistler, Garland N.; 12. Cummins, Albert S.; 13. Walker, Leverett H.; 14. Parkhurst, Charles D.

LIEUTENANT COLONELS.

1. Wimer, John P.; 2. Harrison, George F. E.; 3. Williams, John R.; 4. Homer, William B.; 5. Anderson, George L.; 6. Coffin, William H.; 7. Todd, Albert; 8. Slaker, Adam; 9. Ludlow, Henry H.; 10. Hamilton, William R.; 11. Deems, Clarence; 12. White, John V.; 13. Weaver, Erasmus M.; 14. Marsh, Frederick; 15. Woodward, Charles G.; 16. Allen, Samuel E.

MAJORS.

1. Strong, Frederick S.; 2. Blunt, Albert C.; 3. Rafferty, William C.; 4. Newcomb, Warren P.; 5. Phillips, Charles L.; 6. Bailey, Charles J.; 7. Townsley, Clarence P.; 8. Barney, George F.; 9. Harmon, Millard F.; 10. Cronkite, Adelbert; 11. Hunter, Charles H.; 12. Foote, Stephen M.; 13. Brooks, John C. W.; 14. Bartlett, George T.; 15. Bennett, Charles A.; 16. Davis, Henry C.; 17. Ridgway, Thomas; 18. Ruckman, John W.; 19. Stone, William P.; 20. Haynes, Ira A.; 21. Walke, Wiloughby; 22. Hancock, William F.; 23. Lewis, Isaac N.; 24. Benton, Eliza S.; 25. Hawthorne, Harry L.; 26. Wilcox, Cornelia D. W.; 27. Barrette, John D.; 28. Hubbard, Elmer W.; 29. Cree, John K.; 30. Stevens, Gustave W. S.; 31. Davis, Richmond P.; 32. Robinson, Wirt; 33. Landers, George F.; 34. Gatchell, George W.; 35. Straub, Oscar I.; 36. Schumm, Herman C.; 37. Hunter, Alfred M.; 38. Hayden, John L.; 39. Wilson, Eugene T.; 40. Blake, Edmund M.; 41. Ellis, Wilmet E.; 42. Hann, William G.; 43. Jordan, Sidney R.; 44. Barroll, Morris K.

CAPTAINS.

1. Skerrett, Delamere; 2. Campbell, Archibald; 3. Hains, John P.; 4. Todd, Henry D., jr.; 5. Winston, Thomas W.; 6. Hearn, Clint C.; 7. Davis, William C.; 8. Mauldin, Frank G.; 9. Ketcham, Daniel W.; 10. Lamoreux, Thomas B.; 11. Hero, Andrew, jr.; 12. Harris, Frank E.; 13. Blakely, George; 14. Chase, Arthur W.; 15. Cox, Frank W.; 16. Smith, William R.; 17. Whitney, Henry H.; 18. Kephart, Samuel A.; 19. Burgess, Louis R.; 20. Shipton, James A.; 21. Chamberlaine, William; 22. Heiner, Gordon G.; 23. McManus, George H.; 24. Timberlake, Edward J., jr.; 25. Pence, William P.; 26. Williams, James M.; 27. Hamilton, Alston; 28. Gilmore, John C., jr.; 29. Gardner, Rogers F.; 30. Knowlton, Joseph L.; 31. Wheeler, Joseph, jr.; 32. Callan, Robert E.; 33. Landon, Edwin; 34. McNeil, Clarence H.; 35. Tracy, Joseph P.; 36. England, Lloyd; 37. Kessler, Percy M.; 38. Hagood, Johnson; 39. Patterson, George T.; 40. Ferguson, Frank K.; 41. Abernethy, Robert S.; 42. Sarraff, Edwin O.; 43. Gilbert, Bertram C.; 44. Miller, Lawrence S.; 45. Buckley, Marvin C.; 46. Johnston, Frederick E.; 47. Pearce, Earle D.A.; 48. Conklin, Arthur S.; 49. Koehler, Benjamin M.; 50. Brady, James F.; 51. Applewhite, Hugh La F.; 52. Carmichael, Roderick L.; 53. Moses, Amos; 54. Ashburn, Thomas G.; 55. Bottoms, Sam F.; 56. Coker, Harold E.; 57. Vestal, Samuel C.; 58. McIntyre, Thomas H. R.; 59. Ward, Philip R.; 60. Nugent, George A.

61. Hamilton, William W.; 62. Cole, William E.; 63. Spinks, Marcellus G.; 64. Johnson, Jacob C.; 65. Jenkins, Albert G.; 66. Wyllie, Robert E.; 67. Forne, William; 68. Young, Malcolm; 69. Brown, Laurence C.; 70. Steele, Harry L.; 71. Dwyer, Thomas F.; 72. Mitchell, James B.; 73. Morgan, Alfred S.; 74. Hilton, Charles H.; 75. Glasgow, Edward L.; 76. Foster, Leo P.; 77. Willis, Percy; 78. Stewart, William F., jr.; 79. Douglas, Joseph B.; 80. Patten, Hudson T.; 81. Hall, Harrison; 82. Kimmel, Edward; 83. Procter, John R.; 84. Phisterer, Frederick W.; 85. Kelton, Robert H. C.; 86. Hains, Peter C., jr.; 87. Bishop, Percy P.; 88. Hatch, Henry J.; 89. Wallace, Elmer J.; 90. Hase, William F.; 91. Doores, William R.; 92. Howell, James F.; 93. Goodfellow, John C.; 94. Geary, John T.; 95. Scott, Guy T.; 96. Mills, Morrell M.; 97. Carpenter, Edward; 98. Merriam, Henry M.; 99. Black, Hanson B.; 100. Wilbur, Harry P.; 101. Martindale, Elijah B., jr.; 102. Coleman, Le Vert; 103. Nichols, Jesse C.; 104. Jewell, Frank C.; 105. Schull, Herman W.; 106. Carter, Clifton C.; 107. Clarke, Henry B.; 108. Cooke, Francis N.; 109. Embick, Stanley D.; 110. Hancock, Gwynn R.

111. Smith, Clarence B.; 112. Reeder, Russell P.; 113. McMillan, Robert P.; 114. Ordway, Godwin; 115. Kilbourne, Charles E.; 116. Montrose, William H.; 117. Ellis, Richard T.; 118. Stopford, Frederick W.; 119. Sheen, Henry H.; 120. Gulick, John W.; 121. Balentine, Arthur T.; 122. Tilton, Ernest R.; 123. Grant, Homer B.; 124. Waldron, Leonard T.; 125. Greenough, Ernest A.; 126. Greig, Alexander, jr.; 127. Avery, Solomon, jr.; 128. Ruggles, James A.; 129. Murphy, Terence E.; 130. Newton, Harry W.

131. Raymond, Allen D.; 132. Pourie, James R.; 133. Hughes, John L.; 134. Abbott, John W. C.; 135. Matthews, Harry T.; 136. Barnes, Harry C.; 137. Mould, Stephen H.; 138. Chapplear, Louis S.; 139. Woods, Robert F.; 140. Thompson, Albert C.; 141. Steele, Theophilus B.; 142. Gilmer, Ellison L.; 143. McBride, John, jr.; 144. Cravens, Richard K.; 145. Hubbard, George O.; 146. Wheeler, James M.; 147. Kerck, Harrison S.; 148. Miller, Frank J.; 149. Golderman, Philip S.; 150. Latham, Charles L.

151. Connolly, George F.; 152. O'Connor, Samuel S.; 153. Yost, Philip; 154. Macon, Edward N.; 155. Johnson, John S.; 156. Hardin, Joseph S.; 157. Bennett, Louis E.; 158. Hicks, George L., jr.; 159. Edwards, Lynn S.; 160. Taylor, Hugh K.; 161. Trotter, Alden; 162. Long, Frank S.; 163. Spurr, John P.; 164. Ralston, Francis W.; 165. Clarke, Adna G.; 166. Sharite, Samuel G.; 167. Barry, Michael H.; 168. Bunker, Clarence G.; 169. Tobin, William H.; 170. Watson, Harry J.; 171. Raymond, William H.; 172. Wyke, Jacob E.; 173. Zolars, Charles O.; 174. Storck, John; 175. Metcalf, Willis C.; 176. McBride, Robert B.; 177. Vance, Willis R.; 178. Coward, Jacob M.; 179. Roberts, John L., jr.; 180. Lawson, Charles R.

181. Davis, Edwin G.; 182. Buck, Frederick L.; 183. Hopkins, Jay P.; 184. Hillman, Leroy T.; 185. Sunderland, Archibald H.; 186. Penner, Raymond H.; 187. Frohwitter, Charles L. J.; 188. Nones, Edward P.; 189. Hyde, Arthur P. S.; 190. Carson, Clifford C.

191. Robinson, James P.; 192. Perkins, George T.; 193. Murphy, John B.; 194. Moore, Jarius A.; 195. Edwards, Frank B.; 196. Merriam, Henry C.; 197. McCauley, Harry W.; 198. Collins, Robert W.; 199. McAllister, Samuel D.; 200. Covington, William A.

201. Abbott, Eliza G.; 202. English, Samuel M.; 203. Hasbrouck, Alfred; 204. Dren, John M.; 205. Power, Carroll; 206. Long, James L.; 207. Mitchell, Ralph M.; 208. Dengler, Frederick L.; 209. Williams, Richard H.; 210. Mason, Alfred M.

211. Taylor, Roy L.; 212. Ryan, Lewis S.; 213. Masteller, Kenneth C.; 214. Matson, Joseph; 215. Lincoln, Francis H.; 216. Wilson, William H.; 217. Powers, Edward D.; 218. Howard, Charles E. N.; 219. Long, Edwin C.; 220. Landers, Howard L.; 221. Sevier, Granville; 222. Seaman, Claudius M.; 223. McElgin, Hugh J. B.; 224. Fuller, Arthur L.

LIEUTENANTS.

1. Manning, Guy E.; 2. Koch, Theodore H.; 3. Lipop, John J.; 4. Lefort, Allan; 5. Casey, Henry R.; 6. Perry, Fred L.

7. Lomax, Francis H.; 8. Moore, William K.; 9. Beckham, David Y.; 10. Marshall, Richard C., jr.; 11. Siegel, John O.; 12. Ballard, William W., jr.; 13. Corput, Rex Van Den; 14. Thomas, James A.; 15. Ohnstad, John C.; 16. Condon, Clarence M.; 17. Rorebeck, Curtis G.; 18. Watson, James D.; 19. Fisher, Charles L.; 20. Winn, Charles D.; 21. Hines, Frank T.; 22. Totten, James; 23. Hamilton, Wesley W. K.; 24. Brown, Hugh S.; 25. Scott, Henry H.; 26. Kerfoot, Benjamin H.; 27. Clark, Francis W.; 28. Canfield, Edward, jr.; 29. Bryant, Arthur H.; 30. Peace, Willis G.; 31. Platt, William P.; 32. Carleton, Guy E.; 33. Brown, Beverly F.; 34. Skinkle, Edward M.; 35. Bettison, William R.; 36. Maybach, Alfred A.; 37. Berry, John A.; 38. Robinson, Gordon; 39. Bridham, Claude E.; 40. Tidball, William.

41. Prentice, James; 42. Bowen, William S.; 43. Battle, Marion S.; 44. Thornton, Frank T.; 45. Ross, Stanley S.; 46. Parker, Graham; 47. Gottlieb, Edward; 48. Cravens, Lanier; 49. Burt, Charles C.; 50. Miller, Howard S.

51. Menges, William H.; 52. Keesling, Arthur L.; 53. Behr, Francis J.; 54. Jones, Thomas A.; 55. Musgrave, John B.; 56. Peck, William H.; 57. Wilson, James E.; 58. Rhoades, Albert L.; 59. Murray, William E.; 60. Stayton, Norris.

61. Cotten, Bruce; 62. Langhorst, Adolph; 63. Taylor, George A.; 64. Herring, Ralph E.; 65. De Sombre, William E.; 66. Wiggins, Carl E.; 67. Jenks, Glen F.; 68. Weisel, Edmund T.; 69. Ross, Clarence B.; 70. Martin, Howard L.

71. Jordan, Richard H.; 72. Page, John M.; 73. Cardwell, Samuel C.; 74. Taylor, James B.; 75. Taylor, Brainerd; 76. Winslow, Richard P.; 77. Cooper, Avery J.; 78. Geere, Frank; 79. Wertenbaker, George L.; 80. Baker, Walter C.

81. Hawes, George P., jr.; 82. Clark, Charles A.; 83. Fulton, James M.; 84. Wheatley, Charles E.; 85. Paterson, William; 86. Biscoe, Earl; 87. Crawford, Lawrence C.; 88. Terrell, George H.; 89. Carpenter, Wade H.; 90. Hinrichs, Frederick W., jr.

91. Casad, Adam F.; 92. Munroe, John E.; 93. Abbot, Stephen; 94. Crissy, Myron S.; 95. Wilson, Walter K.; 96. Terrell, John P.; 97. Andrews, Malcolm P.; 98. Hope, Offner; 99. Leonard, Francis O'Neil, John.

101. Lull, Charles E. T.; 102. Collins, Owen G.; 103. Smith, Frederic H.; 104. Cochen, Charles W.; 105. Patterson, Charles H.; 106. Turtle, Lewis; 107. Jones, Clifford; 108. Hawkins, Wilford J.; 109. Brinton, Louis C., jr.; 110. Colley, Henning F.; 111. Bunker, Paul D.; 112. Gray, Quinn; 113. Dice, Louis R.; 114. Colvin, William M.; 115. Hinkle, Francis M.; 116. Bunn, Henry W.; 117. Morse, Harry L.; 118. Ireland, Mark L.; 119. Alley, Charles R.; 120. Benton, Charles L.

121. Moody, Lucette B.; 122. Glassford, Pelham D.; 123. McDonald, Donald C.; 124. Gardner, Fulton C. C.; 125. McKie, John W.; 126. Worcester, Philip H.; 127. Danford, Robert M.; 128. Dillard, James B.; 129. Gilmore, Quincy A.; 130. Crain, James K.

131. Waller, Carr W.; 132. McKell, David McC.; 133. Cross, Matthew A.; 134. Barkley, Albert H.; 135. Singles, Walter; 136. Anderson, Rollo F.; 137. Farnsworth, Edward E.; 138. Mack, Jacob A.; 139. Holcombe, John L.; 140. Phipps, Frank H.

141. Duncan, Thomas; 142. McKay, Douglas L.; 143. Spaulding, Thomas M.; 144. Doe, Thomas B.; 145. Williams, Benjamin H.; 146. Kean, Otto W.; 147. Dunwoody, Halsey; 148. Dodds, William H., jr.; 149. Bartlett, Le Roy; 150. Eddy, Robert C.

151. Hammond, John S.; 152. Moon, Basil G.; 153. Walker, James F.; 154. Niles, Elery W.; 155. Gibson, Adelno; 156. Tompkins, Haldan U.; 157. Dusenbury, James S.; 158. Magruder, Lloyd B.; 159. Lewis, Robert H.; 160. Upham, Francis B.

161. Guthrie, Sidney H.; 162. Burgin, Henry T.; 163. Horowitz, Nathan; 164. Corbin, Clifford L.; 165. Morrow, George M., jr.; 166. Horsfall, Lloyd P.; 167. Gatewood, Charles B.; 168. Pelot, Joseph H.; 169. Brett, Morgan L.; 170. Torney, Henry W.

171. Williford, Forrest E.; 172. McFarland, Earl; 173. Green, Joseph A.; 174. Pendleton, Alexander G.; 175. Henderson, John C.; 176. Wilhelm, Walter M.; 177. Wildrick, Edward W.; 178. Gillespie, Alexander G.; 179. Pratt, John S.; 180. Cullen, Edward J.; 181. Farnival, Richard.

1. Philbrick, John; 2. Poindexter, Fielding L.; 3. Davis, William M.

1. Hart, Patrick J. (major); 2. Bateman, Cephas C. (captain); 3. Marvine, Walter (captain); 4. Springer, Ruter W. (captain); 5. Hendley, Ivory H. B. (captain); 6. Walkley, Charles S. (captain); 7. Easterbrook, Edmund P. (captain); 8. Perry, Barton W. (captain); 9. Yates, Julian E. (captain); 10. Carey, Patrick P. (captain).

1. Greble, Edwin St. J.; 2. Rumbough, David J.; 3. Treat, Charles G.; 4. Van Deusen, George W.; 5. Miller, Edward A.; 6. Conklin, John; 7. Sturges, Samuel D.; 8. Berry, Lucien G.; 9. McMahon, John E.; 10. Menoher, Charles T.; 11. Mott, T. Bentley; 12. Hinds, Ernest; 13. March, Peyton C.; 14. Kenly, William L.

1. McGlachlin, Edward F., jr.; 2. Lassiter, William; 3. Irwin, George LeR.; 4. McNair, William S.; 5. Snow, William J.; 6. Gately, George G.; 7. Lyon, LeRoy E.; 8. Horn, Tiaman N.; 9. Summerville, Charles P.; 10. Cruikshank, William M.

11. Farr, Otto W. B.; 12. Autman, Dwight E.; 13. Fleming, Adrian S.; 14. Payne, Brooke; 15. Guinard, William S.; 16. Bowley, Albert J.; 17. Overton, Winfield S.; 18. Bishop, Harry G.; 19. Newbitt, Willard D.; 20. McMaster, Richard H.

21. McCloskey, Manus; 22. Stephens, John E.; 23. Merrill, Thomas E.; 24. Conner, Fox; 25. Butner, Henry W.; 26. Newbold, Henry L.; 27. Scott, Ernest D.; 28. Smith, Wright; 29. Carr, Winfred B.; 30. Starbird, Alfred A.

31. Lloyd, Charles E.; 32. Spaulding, Oliver L., jr.; 33. Launs, Conrad H.; 34. Casella, Arthur F.; 35. Gallup, Fred H.; 36. Farrar, Henry B.; 37. Kilbreth, John W., jr.; 38. Granger, Ralph S.; 39. More, Dan T.; 40. Hill, Edward.

41. Hopkins, Frank E.; 42. Austin, Fred T.; 43. Puls, Charles C.; 44. Hand, Daniel W.; 45. Boiseau, Louis T.; 46. Lambdin, William McK.; 47. Stuart, Edward A.; 48. Donnelly, Edward T.; 49. Brooke, George M.; 50. Williams, Harry C.

51. Faulkner, Albert U.; 52. Lansing, Cleveland C.; 53. Apple, George M.; 54. Yale, Edgar H.; 55. Westervelt, William J.; 56. Birnie, Union, jr.; 57. Deems, Clarence, jr.; 58. Mitchell, Harry E.; 59. Doyle, Fred C.; 60. McIntyre, Augustine.

61. Greene, George R.; 62. Briggs, Raymond W.; 63. Bunker, Charles M.; 64. Griffin, Francis W.; 65. Welsh, Robert S.; 66. Cotchett, Walter V.; 67. Campbell, Tilman; 68. Langdon, Jesse G.; 69. Craig, Daniel F.; 70. Warfield, Augustus B.

1. Jones, Clarence N.; 2. Arnold, Robert J.; 3. Burt, William H.; 4. Hennessy, Frederick B.; 5. Leary, Laurin L.; 6. Locke, Morris E.; 7. Bryson, James H.; 8. Mason, Roger O.; 9. Reed, Harrie F.; 10. Browning, William S.

11. Barnes, Joseph F.; 12. Ennis, William P.; 13. Millar, Herbert G.; 14. Currie, Dennis H.; 15. Pratt, Raymond S.; 16. Brewster, Alden F.; 17. DeArmond, Edward H.; 18. Wood, Norton E.; 19. Wheeler, Ernest S.; 20. Fuger, Albert S.

21. Michel, William N.; 22. Butler, Hartman L.; 23. Hollyday, Thomas W.; 24. Corey, John B. W.; 25. Churchill, Marlborough; 26. Jones, William F.; 27. Ferris, Charles J.; 28. Mortimer, Charles G.; 29. Hanna, Guy B. G.; 30. Margetta, Nelson E.

31. Davis, Robert; 32. McKenney, Richard J.; 33. Myers, Joseph E.; 34. Wood, William S.; 35. Frankenberger, Samuel; 36. Allen, Charles M.; 37. Morrison, William F.; 38. Rehkopf, Ned B.; 39. Baker, Scott; 40. Howse, Marion W.

41. Kilbourne, Henry S., jr.; 42. Selfridge, Thomas E.; 43.

McNair, Lesley J.; 44. Allin, George R.; 45. Bryden, William; 46. Honeycutt, Francis W.; 47. Blakely, Charles S.; 48. Smart, Charles T.; 49. Quinn, Leo P.; 50. Gruber, Edmund L.; 51. Neal, Carroll W.; 52. Cubbison, Donald C.; 53. Carpenter, William T.; 54. McKinlay, Louis H.; 55. Osborne, Thomas D.; 56. Sengrave, David C.; 57. Lund, John; 58. Peterson, Julius C.; 59. Roemer, Charles; 60. Bishop, Albert T.

61. Carter, Arthur H.; 62. Prosser, Walter E.; 63. Riley, James W.; 64. Mettler, Charles G.; 65. Bradshaw, James S.; 66. Huntley, Harold W.; 67. Donahue, Walter E.; 68. Smith, Edwin De L.

1. Bell, Samuel H. (captain); 2. Brown, Henry A. (captain).

1. Griffin, Gerald E.; 2. Le May, Daniel; 3. Foster, Fredrick; 4. Corcoran, Richard B.; 5. Power, Richard H.; 6. Jewell, Charles H.; 7. Wilyoung, Lester E.; 8. Gage, Fred B.; 9. Sproule, William A.; 10. Donovan, Andrew E.; 11. Norton, Oscar M.; 12. Hanvey, George A., jr.

By order of the Secretary of War:
J. FRANKLIN BELL, Major Gen., Chief of Staff.

NOTE.—The officers whose names are printed in italics are serving as members of the several staff departments and corps.

WARSHIPS AT HAMPTON ROADS.

The final and most important of the series of international naval rowing contests in connection with the opening of the Jamestown Exposition was the three-mile rowing contest for the beautiful Battenberg Cup between the crews of the British warship *Argyll*, the pick of the squadron, and the U.S.S. *Illinois*, the pick of the Atlantic Fleet. The cup was given to the American Navy by Prince Henry, upon the occasion of his visit to this country several years ago. The race, which was splendidly won by the British crew by fifteen lengths, excited the most intense interest, and it was gallantly rowed by both crews.

Shortly after the cutters got away over the starting line, the *Illinois* boat shot ahead of her competitor, and held a good lead for over two miles. It was in the last quarter-mile of the race that the Englishmen showed their generalship, as well as their powers of endurance. At two miles and a quarter there were two lengths of clear water between the crews, at two and a half miles the lead had broadened to five lengths, and from that on it kept growing broader, until at the stake boat came the finish, and with it went a \$3,800 pool from the *Illinois* and probably \$25,000 from the other ships, with a wager of \$5,000 between the higher officers of the Connecticut and the Good Hope. Pandemonium reigned when the result of the race was seen. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and though a large majority of the spectators were in favor of the Americans, they were generous and courteous enough to the victorious British crew to accord them all the honors for their victory.

A reception by Rear Admiral Evans on the flagship Connecticut and a ball at the Hotel Chamberlin under the auspices of the Naval Club on May 4 concluded the naval week. The reception on the Connecticut was held from 4 to 7 o'clock. The ship was resplendent with bunting and was surrounded by hundreds of launches as guests were received. Light refreshments were served. Admiral Evans was assisted in receiving by Governor Swanson and Mrs. Swanson. A party of Richmond young women, as well as guests at the Chamberlin from a number of cities, were among the callers. The Hotel Chamberlin, at Old Point Comfort, was a brilliant scene in the night. The ball was attended by American and foreign officers, visitors and many others. The music was furnished by American naval bands. The receiving committee included Mrs. Robley D. Evans, representing the United States Navy; Mrs. George Neville, representing the foreign fleets; Mrs. Frederick D. Grant, representing the United States Army; Mrs. Claude Swanson, representing the State of Virginia, and Mrs. St. George Tucker, representing the Jamestown Exposition.

The British Cruiser Squadron, consisting of the *Argyll*, *Good Hope*, *Roxburgh* and *Hampshire*, sailed from Hampton Roads, Va., May 5, and will visit Bermuda and Halifax before returning to England. The ships signaled departing greetings to their American hosts before weighing anchor. The Argentine warship *Presidente Larmiente* also left Hampton Roads the same day, going up the Chesapeake Bay. The Japanese cruisers *Tsukuba* and *Chitose*, commanded by Vice Admiral Sir Gero Ijima, arrived at Hampton Roads May 6, and the Chilean cruiser *Zenteno* arrived a few hours later.

Comdr. S. Takeuchi, naval attaché of the Japanese Legation in Washington, was present to meet the ships from his country. For twenty hours before they have in sight of Hampton Roads the government wireless telegraph stations were in communication with the Japanese men-of-war, Commander Takeuchi sending and receiving greetings from Sir Gero Ijima. Mayor Desplanches, Italian Ambassador, was also at Old Point Comfort to welcome the Duke of Abruzzi, who is in command of the Italian cruisers.

In the boxing contests the Americans have certainly excelled themselves, winning all except two. The men of all the visiting ships have thoroughly enjoyed themselves, and while on shore the police say they never had quieter visitors. It was not unusual to see an American, an Englishman and an Austrian or German strolling amicably together, and when they cannot understand in words they make signs. The "thirst" sign was the same in all languages.

The Austrian cruiser *St. Georg*, which won the prize offered by Army and Navy Life for the free-for-all sailing race on April 27, prize the trophy very highly. It is hand-made and of hammered brass, and stands fourteen inches high, and rests on the forequarters of three buffaloes. Around the sides of the cup are stamped from fifteen to twenty Indian arrow-heads, dug up in the neighborhood of the James River in the district known three centuries ago as that of the chief of Paspahel.

The Japanese cruisers *Chitose* and *Tsukuba* arrived at Hampton Roads, Va., May 6, and were received by Admiral Evans, the fleet officers and members of the Japanese Legation at Washington. After the customary salutes they took position with the other warships anchored in Hampton Roads.

The Chilean cruiser *Ministro Zenteno* arrived May 6 and anchored in Hampton Roads. Robert Fulton Day at the Exposition was fixed as Sept. 27. The program will include a naval parade and yacht demonstration by members of the Robert Fulton Monument Association. Governor Hughes of New York and Governor Swanson of Virginia have been invited to speak.

The Virginia's crew entertained the members of the crew of British cruiser *Argyll* in royal style on the evening of May 2, and the bill of fare was as follows: Soup, mock turtle; entrées, celery, stuffed mangoes; meats, roast turkey à l'Argyll, chestnut dressing, cranberry sauce, giblet gravy, Smithfield ham; vegetables, baked sweet pota-

toes, mashed potatoes, sweet corn, lettuce, radishes; dessert, plum pudding, wine sauce, apple pie, peach pie; fruit, oranges, bananas, ice cream, lady fingers, coffee, cocoa, cocacola, cigars and cigarettes. There was a minstrel show, dancing and boxing contests. The festivities lasted from three o'clock in the afternoon until half past eleven at night.

The American bluejackets hope to get a rowing contest with the Japanese during the stay of their warships. The U. S. Louisiana and Maine have been assigned by Admiral Evans to entertain the officers and men of the Japanese warships Tsukuba and Chitose during their stay in these waters.

Invitations have been received by various Navy officers and others to the banquet which will be held at the Hotel Astor, in New York, on May 17, in honor of Viscount S. Aoki, the Japanese Ambassador; General Baron T. Kuroki, of the Imperial Japanese army, who is now en route to Norfolk, and to Vice-Admiral G. Ijuin, who is commanding the Japanese cruisers Tsukuba and Chitose. The Japanese cruisers will sail from Norfolk about May 15 and will arrive in New York in time for this dinner. Admiral Davis, of the Atlantic Fleet, called upon Admiral Ijuin, May 7, representing Admiral Evans, who is ill aboard the flagship Connecticut. The officers of the other American ships also paid their respects to the newly arrived Japanese. Their visits were returned later in the afternoon by the Japanese officers.

EXTRA DUTY PAY IN MARINE CORPS.

The Court of Claims on Monday, May 6, decided the case of Sergt. C. Lewis Holthaus, U.S.M.C., claiming extra duty pay for the performance of clerical service at the marine barracks at Washington. He was detailed for this service by the commanding officer of the barracks, May 21, 1900. The original order was orally given, but his name was continuously carried on the muster rolls from May 21, 1900, to Sept. 1, 1903, as being on special duty as clerk at the commanding officer's office at the marine barracks. The Controller refused to allow the claim on the ground that there was no written order for the performance of the service as required by S. 1235, Rev. Stat. No opinion was delivered by the Court of Claims, but the court evidently held that the section did not apply to the case as it requires a written order of the commanding officer only when "working parties of soldiers shall be detailed," etc., language which does not apply to an isolated member of the Service. It was also argued by Messrs. George A. and William B. King for the claimants that the fact that the soldier's name was regularly entered on the muster rolls of the barracks as on clerical duty, and that, by regulation, this muster roll was regularly forwarded to the headquarters of the corps, supplied ample written authority for the performance of the service. It was also argued that laws requiring written orders are addressed to the officers whose duty it is to issue such orders and that a failure to put an order in writing is the fault of the officer giving the order and not of the person to whom the order is addressed. On one, or all, of these grounds, the decision of the court must have rested.

THE GRAFTON FUND.

From Fort McKinley, P.I., forwarded by Lieut. J. P. Rubb, 16th Inf., for officers and men: Co. H, 16th Inf., \$26; Co. F, \$2.

From Lieut. W. M. Goodale, Sig. Corps, U.S. cableship Liscomb, \$16, contributed by Lieut. Goodale, Master Sig. Elects. F. P. Turner, O. V. Wilcomb, 1st Class Sergts. C. De Kast, J. R. Taylor, Sergt. G. L. Ann, Corpls. M. L. Boyle, J. R. Flood, D. O. Welsh, 1st Class Pvt. R. A. Howard.

From Camp McGrath, Batangas, P.I., under date of March 27, Col. Charles Morton, 7th Cav. (now brigadier general), sends \$153.95, contributed to the Grafton fund as follows:

Officers, \$31, from Col. Morton, Majors McCormick, Fisher, Capt. Anderson, Waterman, Van Poole, Paine, Tompkins, Rhea, Chaplain Murphy, Dental Surg. Hussy, Vetn. Jefferies, Lieuts. Herr, Miller, Brown, Nicholson, Blair, Montgomery, McLean, Palmer, Lee, Zimmerman.

N.C.S. and Band, 7th Cav., \$4.75, from Sergts. Hesse, Powers, Rauner, Connolly, Aalen, Trometre, Clark, Chief Mus. Brockenshire, Tpr. Gaundet, Prin. Mus. Kovarik.

Post, N.C.S., \$2, from Q.M. Sergt. Jacobs, Comsy. Sergt. Eckhart, Clerk W. H. Zimmerman, Ord. Sergt. Peterson.

Hospital Corps, \$4.75, from Sergts. Phippes, Herman, Pvs. Crawford, McKnights, Murphy, Billings, Whitney, Borner, Cagne, A. M. Talambias, C. M. Stansifer.

Troop A, 7th Cav., \$15.30, from 1st Sergt. Neuen-schwander, Weeden, Tyler, Dugan, Lamson, Kluver, Kuse, Spencer, Pvs. Hayes, Rowland, Wilson, Hill, Chatfield, Detresses, Enders, Perry, Detters, Strongberg, Gasscher, Boyd, Brocher, Thoplan, Bacon, Fox, Hadden, Hillingwood, Rogers, Schowder, Walker, Halk.

Troop B, 7th Cav., \$12.25, from 1st Sergt. Edmundson, Sergt. Locher, Milhuka, Pvs. Kase, Christensen, Wussendore, Anderson, Dent, Archambault, Koon, Lockhart, Solomon, Wilson, Morrow, Stutvurt, Robinson, Huse, Cohen, Daley, Dumfna, Hatfield, Martin, McGee, Unser, Yory, Boyle.

Troop C, 7th Cav., \$8.25, from 1st Sergt. Litterer, Sergts. Scholer, Bender, Pvs. Moses, Barneau, Hall, King, Longton, Lucas, Taft, Reilly, Ketchum, Haynes, Curran, Follett, Keown, Logan, Lone, McLombon, Cox, Weimann.

Troop E, 7th Cav., \$16.30, from 1st Sergt. Cooney, Sergt. Mundt, Fieger, Biggs, Scott, Green, Chiswell, Pvs. Wagner, Rounds, Hunter, Faulkner, Ascher, Hickey, McGee, Deeger, Smith, Truett, Verney, Wagner, Lyons, Connett, Gerow, Manstone, Dunley, Fuller, Goodrich, Harvey, Mitchell, Peconi, Spradling, Higgins, Reeder, Hatrick, Whitman.

Troop F, 7th Cav., \$14.50, from 1st Sergt. Henderson, Sergts. Demerast, Lawrence, Pvs. McHenry, Brownson, Farwick, Griffin, Williams, Morrison, Carroll, Cusseron, Conway, Evans, Gilbert, Lucas, Otteburg, Tobin, Waldish, Wolvier, Jones, Roe, Kientz, Mosian, Carlson, Breck, Blackner, Calahan, Clark, Derbarn, Franklin, Lafener, Paul, Taubee, Faneer, Thomas.

Troop G, 7th Cav., \$23.20, from 1st Sergt. Toy, Sergts. Sabins, Sigmond, Pvs. Funnell, Howard, Goring, Sneed, Wallace, McDugal, Littleton, Baldou, Bureau, Dunn, Engelkenton, Goodenough, LaBonte, Mulhearn, McIntire, Smith, Tolar, Watson, Young, Hoffmann, Prazier, Miller, McDonald, Wallace H., Gooseberry, Coslick, Anderson, Brown, Chambers, Devarak, Fischer, Goulet, Lilly, McCann, Reynolds, Stroud, Wakeford, Wilson.

Troop H, 7th Cav., \$16.20, from 1st Sergt. Connolly, Sergts. McCauley, Emery, Guion, Pvs. West, Arnett, Hill, Babo, Bart, Gerue, Mahoney, Mayo, McFarland, Nolan, Philips, J. W., Schultz, Stegman, Sullivan, Solomon,

Phillips, Morell, Wicks, Frees, Gespes, Clay, Matson, McDonald, Neff, Phillips, Sheen, Strain, Stromer, Wright, Grifffords; "others."

Total from Camp McGrath, as noted, \$153.95.

Additional proceeds of masquerade ball given by officers and men at Camp Columbia, Cuba, forwarded by Chaplain George J. Waring, \$18.

From Fort Wayne, Mich., \$76.50, forwarded by Capt. J. J. Toffey, 7th Inf., contributed by officers, headquarters, 7th Inf., and 1st and 2d Battalion, \$14; N.C.O. and Band, 7th Inf., \$7; Co. A and officers, 7th Inf., \$23; Co. C and officers, 7th Inf., \$9.85; Co. D and officers, 7th Inf., \$14.25; Co. G and officers, 7th Inf., \$8.40.

From Pasig, Rizal, P.I., 1st Class Sergt. M. N. Williams, Sig. Corps, \$2; Sergt. J. M. Worley, Sig. Corps, \$2.

From headquarters, 9th Inf., Cuartel de España, Manila, P.I., forwarded by Capt. E. V. Bookmiller, 9th Inf., for thirteen officers, \$32.50; N.C.S. and Band, 9th Inf., \$8.50; Co. E, 9th Inf., \$19.25; Co. F, 9th Inf., \$30.25; Co. G, 9th Inf., \$46.25; Co. H, 9th Inf., \$12; total \$148.75.

Individual subscriptions:

Capt. G. T. Langhorne, \$5; Capt. E. B. Winans, \$5; Major W. A. Bethel, \$5; Contract Surg. J. B. Pascoe, \$3; Mrs. John Millis, \$2.50; Ralph Millis, 25c.; Walter Millis, Jr., 5c.; Lieut. J. C. LeSage, \$5; Lieut. P. Moylan, \$5; Lieut. A. Ballin, \$5; Lieut. C. H. Mason, \$4.80; Capt. M. Baldwin, \$5.

Total received to include May 8, \$7,685.57; total since last week, \$500.80.

BATTLE MEDALS FOR NAVY.

In reply to inquiries we repeat the statement that any former officer or enlisted man of the Navy or Marine Corps who took part in any of the following-named engagements, and who has not received or applied for a medal, may obtain one by making application to the Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., inclosing his discharge from the Service, which will be immediately returned to him:

Alvarado, Newark, Suwanee, Manzanillo, Cuba, Aug. 12; Amphitrite, San Juan, P.R., May 12; under fire off Cardenas, Cuba, July 5; Annapolis, Leyden, Wasp, Nipe Bay, Cuba, July 21; Bancroft, boat sent out under fire at Isle of Pines, Cortes Bay, Aug. 2, and at Nueva Gerona, Aug. 3; Brooklyn, Ericson, Fern, Gloucester, Harvard, Indiana, Iowa, New York, Oregon, Texas, Vixen, Santiago, July 3.

Cincinnati, Puritan, under fire off Matanzas, Cuba, April 27; Detroit, San Juan, P.R., May 12; Dixie, under fire off Casilda, Cuba, June 22; Dolphin, Guantanamo, Cuba, June 11, 12 and 13; Dupont, under fire off Matanzas, Cuba, April 27 and May 6; Santiago de Cuba, July 2; Eagle, Cienfuegos, Cuba, April 29; off mouth of Rio Hondo, Cuba, June 29.

Hamilton, Mariel, Cuba, June 21; Havana, Cuba, Aug. 12; Hawk, off Mariel, Cuba, July 4; Helena, Manzanillo, Cuba, July 18; Hist, Manzanilla, Cuba, June 30, July 18, and Aug. 12; Santiago de Cuba, July 3; Hornet, Manzanillo, Cuba, June 30 and July 18.

Marchias, Winslow, Cardenas, Cuba, May 18; Mangrove, Calbarrien, Cuba, Aug. 14; Manning, Cabanos, May 12; Mariel, Cuba, May 13; Naguero, Cuba, July 18; Maple, Havana, Cuba, June 10; Cardenas, Cuba, July 5; off Isle of Pines, Cuba, Aug. 4; Marblehead, Cienfuegos, Cuba, May 11; Guantanamo, Cuba, June 11, 12, and 13; Massachusetts, Santiago de Cuba, May 31, June 6, June 16, and July 3; Mayflower, Havana, Cuba, May 14 and June 15; McKee, Sagua la Grande, Cuba, Aug. 3; Montgomery, San Juan, P.R., May 12; Morrill, Havana, Cuba, May 6 and 7; Nashville, Windom, Cienfuegos, Cuba, May 11; New Orleans, Santiago de Cuba, May 31, June 6, June 14, and June 16.

Oseola, Manzanillo, Cuba, June 30, July 18, Aug. 12; Panther, Guantanamo, Cuba, June 11, 12 and 13; Peoria, Tunas, Cuba, June 2; Porter, San Juan, P.R., May 12; Santiago de Cuba, June 7; Prairie, Mariel, Cuba, July 5; Resolute, Santiago de Cuba, July 3; Manzanillo, Cuba, Aug. 12.

St. Louis, Santiago de Cuba, May 18. (Cutting cables); St. Paul, San Juan, P.R., June 29; San Francisco, Woodbury, Havana, Cuba, Aug. 12; Scorpion, Manzanillo, Cuba, July 18; Terror, San Juan, P.R., May 12; Topeka, Nipe Bay, Cuba, July 21.

Vesuvius, Santiago, Cuba, May 13 and June 26; Wilmington, Cardenas, Cuba, May 18; Manzanillo, Cuba, July 18; Wompatuck, Santiago, Cuba, May 18 (cutting cables); Manzanillo, Cuba, June 30 and July 18; Yale, San Juan, P.R., May 12; Yankton, Cape Mono, June 29; Yankee, Santiago de Cuba, June 6; Cienfuegos, Cuba, June 13; Casilda, Cuba, June 20; Yosemite, San Juan, P.R., June 28.

SUBMARINE TESTS.

In the second of the comparative tests of submarine boats off Newport, R.I., on May 3, before a board of Navy officers, of which Capt. A. Marix is president, the Octopus, of the Electric Boat Company of New York, had her inning, and covered herself with glory. The Lake had her first trial the previous day which was highly successful, as we reported in our last issue. Its speed was greater than her inventor had claimed for her. The weather conditions on May 3, however, were all that could have been asked for, better somewhat than May 2, when the Lake made a maximum of 9.18 knots and mean of 8.6 knots.

The Octopus in her first trial on May 3 broke two speed records while going over the government's measured mile course. In three times over the course the boat made an average speed of a fraction over eleven knots, while using only her gasoline engines. Besides being tested for surface runs, the Octopus had a series of trials in the semi-submerged condition, and in these made ten knots, with electric motors alone in use. To show the Octopus's ability to go under water quickly, the boat made a dive, going down twenty feet and immediately coming to the surface again.

When she had finished her first run and her speed had been checked up it was found that she had made the mile in 5m. 11s., which was a rate of speed of 11.6 knots. Both down and up the course, or against and with the tide, the Octopus had made a rate of 10.78 knots, and her mean for the three runs at maximum speed as required by the specifications was a small fraction over eleven knots. Running semi-submerged, or awash, the Octopus gave another fine exhibition, attaining a maximum of 11.5 knots with a strong tide with her, and a mean of 9.98 knots.

More surface runs were made at gradually reduced speed to enable the board to prepare a speed curve of the Octopus. The Octopus had a strong tide in her favor in making her first run awash, which was down the course. Only her electric motors were used, and her speed under the conditions was perhaps more surprising than it had been on the surface. The mile was made in 5 minutes and 26 seconds, which was a rate of speed of 11.05 knots. Up the course the Octopus encountered a strong tide, but she was able to make the mile in 6 minutes and 41 seconds, the rate in knots being 8.97. The round trip both with and against the tide was made at a rate of just about 10 knots. Down the course again with the tide the Octopus

made the run in 5 minutes and 29 seconds, a rate of 10.94 knots.

Her owners had claimed only 10.5 knots for her in cruising trim, and her performance gave a general surprise. Capt. Simon Lake, the inventor, and the attaches of the Lake were among the first to give their competitor credit for her record. Captain Lake is, however, greatly pleased with the performance of his own boat on May 2. He has never claimed great speed for her, but is relying on other advantages and facilities which have attracted attention.

Under perfect weather conditions the Octopus underwent her second test on May 8, and made what is claimed to be a world's record by attaining a speed of more than 10 knots under water. The best time heretofore made was 8 1-2 knots by one of the submarines of the British navy. The Octopus made three high speed runs under water with Captain Marix on board. She glided through the water with apparent ease and covered the first mile at the rate of 10.15 knots. This was her maximum speed, while her average was 10 knots plus, which was only a fraction less than she made May 3, while running semi-submerged. According to the conditions the top of her conning tower had to be at least ten feet below the surface, which meant that those aboard would be at least twenty-three feet below. She had, however, to show at least three feet of a mast above the water as a marker for the observers and from the top of this a little silk flag fluttered. After her submerged run the Octopus was put through several tests which came under the head of maneuvering or handling. The conditions require that the time be taken in diving to certain depths and returning to the surface, and in this series the Octopus made two porpoise dives. She went down at an eight degree angle to a depth of 26 feet in a fraction less than forty seconds. Then she returned to the surface so that an observation of five seconds could be made from her conning tower, and made another dive and another breach under the same conditions and in the same time. The best previous record for such diving was 46 seconds, made by the submarine boat Fulton, of the Octopus type.

A feature of the tests was the use for the first time of the submarine bell, with which the Octopus is equipped. Another bell and receiving instrument were attached to the tender Starling and communication was kept up all the time the submarine was under water.

The Lake, which was to have begun her submerged trials on May 8, sprung a leak in her torpedo tubes, and it was decided to postpone her trials until the damage was repaired.

WAR DEPARTMENT DECISIONS.

New design bullet for .38 caliber revolver: To increase the stopping power of the .38 caliber revolver bullet, a device which causes the bullet to mushroom was submitted with a view to its adoption. The device was not favorably considered.

Increase of field ration in Alaska: Request was received that the components of the field ration in Alaska be increased in the same proportion as for the garrison ration. Approved.

Fire insurance for post exchanges: Suggestion was made that post exchanges be required to carry fire insurance on their stock and fixtures. The suggestion was not favorably considered, as it was thought that this should be left to the discretion of the council and post commander.

Revival of the term "military convict": Recommendation to this effect was received, the term to apply to enlisted men sentenced to dishonorable discharge and a term of confinement in a military prison. The making of such a distinction between these prisoners and those confined at posts was not deemed advisable.

Abatement of confinement for garrison prisoners: Suggestion was made that these prisoners be given abatement for good conduct the same as general prisoners. Approved.

Carriers for intrenching tools: Reports of tests of experimental models being favorable to canvas carriers, approval of such carriers was ordered.

RELIEF FOR THE ARMY.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL:

We need an increase to give us a mobile Army of 100,000 men, organized according to our Field Service Regulations; a Chief of Infantry to properly represent the interests of the Infantry arm in the administration of the Military Academy and our Service schools and colleges, in the selection of Infantry officers for detail, in the selection of arms, clothing and equipments for the Infantry.

We need a ration allowance of two rations or commutation thereof for company officers, three rations for field officers and four for general officers.

We need the free issue for the use of officers of all our equipments and arms, the same to be accounted for and finally disposed of as are other articles of Government property not perishable.

We need a clothing allowance for officers as follows: For company officers, three times the annual clothing allowance of a non-commissioned staff officer; for field officers four times as large, and for general officers one five times as great.

The pay of our enlisted men should be increased about twenty per cent. for service in the United States, with the additional twenty per cent. for foreign service, and for service in the tropics and in the arctic. We will soon need a Chief of Cavalry; also one for each branch of the Artillery instead of one, as at present, for both branches.

C. J. CRANE, Lieut. Col., Adj. Gen.

OFFICIAL DESPATCHES.

The following cablegram was received at the Navy Department May 4, 1907, from Havana, Cuba:
Taft, Washington:

Following received from Deputy Fiscal, investigating collision between American sailors and police at Santiago de Cuba: "Some twenty-five sailors from the cruiser Tacoma were having supper in a hotel Dos Leones, where they had drinks of beer, wine and plus. Supper ended at one a.m., different groups setting out for the central part of the city. One of these groups, from twelve to fifteen in number, went with Ensign Brisbin to the Café Union to get a drink of plus, and a short time afterwards Captain Lay arrived, dressed in citizen's clothing, and having some coffee went out and stood on the sidewalk. Brisbin went out and commenced to talk with Lay, who went along conversing in a friendly way, when all of a sudden without its having been possible to ascertain for what cause, the Americans, at a signal from Brisbin, fell upon Lay and took from him and broke a sword cane. It appears that Lay in retreating fired two shots, which he denies having fired or knowing who it was, producing a serious wound in the thorax of sailor Andie. I understand that these two shots were not altogether necessary, since he called for help

and several policemen, to the number of four or six, came up and put the Americans to flight; several of the latter receiving bruises and other wounds, one of them being seriously wounded than the other mentioned. It appears that the Americans picked up clubs, pieces of iron, and bottles, two of the policemen receiving bruises as well as Lay, who was injured in the face and the gluteal region. Lay says that he was upon the ground with several Americans over him, but I suppose that he was not thrown to the ground, but kept retreating until assistance arrived. As charges exist against Lay, I am, to-day, asking the judge to indict him in compliance with your instructions for discharge of firearms and serious injuries inflicted with violence. The investigation is being continued to prove whether it is true that after this incident the police continued charging upon the Americans and firing upon them notwithstanding that they were fleeing toward the docks as is claimed by the Americans." MAGOON.

VARIOUS NAVAL ITEMS.

The question as to the rate of pay to be credited J. E. Morse, U.S.N., retired as a lieutenant, was referred to the Comptroller of the Treasury. The record shows that Lieutenant Morse was retired July 22, 1874, on furlough pay for incapacity not originating in the line of duty. An Act of June 10, 1902, authorized his transfer from the half pay list to the seventy-five per cent. pay list under Sec. 1588, Rev. Stat. The Department treated this as placing Mr. Morse upon the list of officers retired for disabilities incident to the Service and thus entitled to advancement on the retired list under the Act of June 29, 1906. The Comptroller decides to the contrary, holding that it cannot be inferred from the Act of June 10, 1902, on behalf of Lieutenant Morse, in its reference to Sec. 1588, Rev. Stat., that Congress had determined, contrary to the findings of the retiring board, that this officer had been retired on account of wounds or disability incident to the Service. He therefore holds that as Mr. Morse was not retired for any of the causes mentioned in the Act of June 29, 1906, he is not entitled to increase of retired pay under it. By letter of Feb. 2, 1907, Mr. Morse was notified by the Secretary of the Navy that he had been advanced on the retired list to be a lieutenant commander from June 29, 1906, in accordance with the provisions of an act of Congress of that date. The causes of retirement mentioned in that act as entitling an officer to advancement are wounds incident to the Service, age, and forty years' service.

The French armored triple screw cruiser Kleber, a vessel of 7,735 tons displacement, dropped anchor off West Thirty-fourth street New York, May 1. She has been some time in West Indian waters, and among her crew are Martinique negroes who talk only French. The last port she touched on her way here was St. Thomas. Her complement is 480 officers and men, and she is under command of Capt. De St. Pour. She can make 21 knots when she goes at top speed. Her indicated horsepower is 17,000, her length, 426 feet 6 inches; beam, 58 feet 4 inches, and draught, 24 feet 4 inches. She has four funnels, which are in pairs, forward and aft; two pole masts and four turrets.

Illinois has rejected the gunboat Don Juan de Austria, offered by the Navy Department as a training ship for the state naval militia, and will wait until a better boat is available. Governor Deneen and Representative Foss, of Illinois, talked with Assistant Secretary Newberry, of the Navy Department, May 4, concerning the matter, and they were promised a better ship later.

Mr. James B. Connolly, the story writer, who not long ago was honorably discharged from the Navy, which he had entered in order to equip himself to write a series of articles describing naval conditions as they actually are, is quoted in the Blue Jacket as follows: "It doesn't matter much what the public thinks of me, but it does matter to me if they get the impression that I wasn't well treated by the men of the Navy."

Ninety vessels, of 53,100 gross tons, were built and officially registered with the Commissioner of Navigation during April. Of this number, 53 vessels, of 21,684 gross tons, were launched on the Atlantic and Gulf coasts, while 17 vessels, of 9,444 gross tons, were built on the Pacific. On the Great Lakes there were constructed 14 vessels, of 21,756 gross tons. The remaining six vessels, of 216 gross tons, were built for use on Western rivers. The largest vessel included in these statistics was the Mexican, of 8,579 tons, built at San Francisco for the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company. On the Atlantic coast the largest vessel constructed during April was the steamer Antilles, of 6,878 gross tons, built at Philadelphia for the Southern Pacific Company.

Assistant Secretary Newberry, of the Navy Department, spent the larger part of the week in the inspection of the navy yard at Norfolk and in representing the Secretary at the various functions in which the ships of foreign navies participated in connection with the Jamestown Exposition.

The following have been designated to take an examination for appointment to the grade of assistant paymaster in the Navy to be held at the navy yard, Washington, D.C., beginning June 12, 1907. There are now two vacancies in the Pay Corps: Eugene F. Archer, San Antonio, Tex.; Russell V. DeW. Blecker, New Brighton, N.Y.; W. B. Bollard, pay clerk, U.S.N.; Howard W. Cox, Chester, Pa.; Edward P. Green, Washington, D.C.; F. Roland Hoyt, Portsmouth, N.H.; John E. Hearn, Baton Rouge, La.; Maurice H. Karker, yeoman, 3d class, U.S.N., Newport, R.I.; George B. Merriam, New York, N.Y.; Fred E. McMillan, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; Alexander H. Stuart, Detroit, Mich.; Lyman F. Wagoner, Seattle, Wash.

The Birmingham, Ala., Ledger announces that the following young women have accepted the invitation of Miss Mary Campbell, the sponsor for the United States cruiser Birmingham, to accompany her to Quincy, Mass., on May 29, at which place and on which day the ship will be christened and launched: Miss Grace Hardie, Miss Marjorie Weatherly, Miss Ellen Linn Molton, Miss Mary George Cruikshank, Miss Martha Dabney, Miss Bessie Jamison, Miss Kathleen Nixon, Miss Mary Kirkpatrick, Miss Edna Moore, Miss Mary Cameron, Miss Dorothy Orr, Miss Mildred Tyson, Miss Louise Walker. The party will be chaperoned by Governor and Mrs. Joseph F. Johnston and Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Campbell. "The christening party," says the Ledger, "is composed of representative young women of Birmingham, coming, as they do, from some of the most prominent families of the state, and possessing in their own right a quota of beauty and charm far and away above the average, although youth in itself is always beautiful and charming."

The British cruiser squadron, commanded by Rear Admiral Neville, which arrived at Bermuda May 8 from Hampton Roads, according to a newspaper despatch, reports that wholesale desertions from the British ships occurred while they were at Hampton Roads. It is estimated that more than three hundred men, including many chief petty officers, deserted. For the apprehension of

a chief yeoman of signals a reward of \$500 is offered. The Good Hope, flagship of the squadron, grounded while proceeding to the dockyard Thursday, but was floated later.

In the trial at Pittsburgh of J. Jay Dunn, superintendent of the Greenville (Pa.) mill of the Shelby Steel Tube Company, and Charles L. Close, assistant superintendent, charged with conspiracy to defraud the Government by the alleged installation of defective boiler tubes on many U.S. battleships and cruisers, T. B. Zell, formerly a U.S. naval inspector, testified that Zell's predecessor, H. W. Foster, had left Government stamps in his desk at Greenville, and that Emmett, foreman of the tube mills, who pleaded guilty, had broken open the desk and taken out the stamps, which were later fastened to defective tubes, which were shipped for Government use.

It has been recommended by the various bureaus of the Navy Department that the contract trials of the submarine torpedobats Octopus, Cattlefish, Viper and Tarantula, built by the Electric Boat Company, be held at Newport at some date in June next. The matter will not be decided until after the conclusion of the present comparative trials.

The collier Caesar has been ordered to San Juan, P.R., where she will unload and thereafter tow back to Norfolk the lightship Pansy for repairs.

Pay Insp. R. T. M. Ball and Paymr. Henry A. Dent, U.S.N., were examined this week for promotion respectively to the positions of pay director and pay inspector.

Bids will be opened at the Navy Department May 14 for the annual supply of provisions and forage to the Navy for the year beginning July next at the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts.

China is preparing to reconstruct her navy and dockyards. The reconstructed navy is to have four bases—one on Chang-chew and the other three on the Miaotas Islands, Chusan Archipelago and Hainan Island, respectively. The plan involves the expenditure of \$9,000,000 annually for the construction of new, moderate-sized armored cruisers, a number of torpedobats, and a dozen submarines.

THE NAVY.

Secretary of the Navy—Victor H. Metcalf.

Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Truman H. Newberry.

Commandant, U.S.M.C.—Brig. Gen. George F. Elliott.

VESSELS OF U. S. NAVY IN COMMISSION.

ATLANTIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral Robley D. Evans, Commander-in-Chief.

First Squadron.

Send mail for ships of squadron to Fort Monroe, Va.

First Division.

CONNECTICUT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Evans.) Capt. Hugo Osterhaus. At Hampton Roads, Va.

MAINE, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. Nathan E. Niles. At Hampton Roads, Va.

MISSOURI, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. Capt. Edwin C. Pendleton. At Hampton Roads, Va.

LOUISIANA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Albert R. Couden. At Hampton Roads, Va.

YANKEE (tender). Lieut. Walter R. Gherardi. At Hampton Roads, Va.

Second Division.

Rear Admiral Charles M. Thomas, Commander.

VIRGINIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Thomas.) Capt. Seaton Schroeder. At Hampton Roads, Va.

GEORGIA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Richard G. Davenport. At Hampton Roads, Va.

NEW JERSEY, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. William W. Kimball. At Hampton Roads, Va.

RHODE ISLAND, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Charles G. Bowman. At Hampton Roads, Va.

Second Squadron.

Send mail for ships of squadron to Fort Monroe, Va.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Davis, Commander.

Third Division.

ALABAMA, 1st C.B.S., 19 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Davis.) Capt. Samuel P. Comly. At Hampton Roads, Va.

ILLINOIS, 1st C.B.S., 18 guns. Capt. Gottfried Blockinger. At Hampton Roads, Va.

KENTUCKY, 1st C.B.S., 22 guns. Capt. Edward B. Barry. At Hampton Roads, Va.

KEARSARGE, 1st C.B.S., 22 guns. Capt. Herbert Winslow. At Hampton Roads, Va.

Fourth Division.

Rear Admiral William H. Emory, Commander.

OHIO, 1st C.B.S., 20 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Emory.) Capt. Lewis C. Heilner. At Hampton Roads, Va.

INDIANA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. Capt. Dennis H. Mahan. At Hampton Roads, Va.

IOWA, 1st C.B.S., 16 guns. Capt. Henry McCrea. At Hampton Roads, Va.

MINNESOTA, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. John Hubbard. At Hampton Roads, Va.

Third Squadron.

Fifth Division.

TENNESSEE, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. Albert G. Berry. At Hampton Roads. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.

WASHINGTON, A.C., 20 guns. Capt. James D. Adams. At Hampton Roads. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.

ST. LOUIS, P.C., 14 guns. Comdr. Nathaniel R. Usher. At the navy yard, New York. Address there.

Sixth Division.

DENVER, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. William B. Caperton. Arrived May 3 at Tompkinsville, N.Y. Address there. The Denver has been ordered to proceed, via the Suez Canal, to join the Second Division of the Pacific Fleet.

DES MOINES, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Abraham E. Culver. At Havana, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

CLEVELAND, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. John T. Newton. Arrived May 3 at Tompkinsville, N.Y. Address there. The Cleveland has been ordered to proceed, via the Suez Canal, to join the Second Division of the Pacific Fleet.

TACOMA, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Benjamin Tappan. Arrived May 6 at the naval station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

Fourth Squadron.

Seventh Division.

Send mail for ships of this division in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

DIXIE, C.G., 8 guns. Comdr. Moses L. Wood. At Havana, Cuba.

DUBUQUE, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Thomas S. Rogers. At Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo. Send mail in care of the P.M., N.Y. city.

MARIETTA, G., 6 guns. Comdr. William F. Fullam. Cruising off the coast of Central America.

PADUCAH, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Albert G. Winterhalter. Cruising off the coast of Central America.

Eighth Division.

PRAIRIE, C.C., 13 guns. Comdr. Herbert O. Dunn. At Cienfuegos, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

SCORPION, C.G., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Frank W. Kellogg.

At the naval station, Culebra, West Indies. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city.

Second Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Comdr. Edwin A. Anderson, Flotilla Commander.

Send mail for flotilla to Fort Monroe, Va.

HOPKINS (destroyer). Lieut. Alfred G. Howe. At Hampton Roads, Va.

WHIPPLE (destroyer). Lieut. Edward Woods. At Hampton Roads, Va.

TRUXTON (destroyer). Lieut. John V. Babcock. At Hampton Roads, Va.

WORDEN (destroyer). Lieut. Victor S. Houston. At Hampton Roads, Va.

HULL (destroyer). Lieut. Thomas C. Hart. At Hampton Roads, Va.

MACDONOUGH (destroyer). Lieut. Frederick Hellweg. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there. The Macdonough has been ordered placed in reserve. Her place in the Second Torpedo Flotilla will be taken by the Stewart.

Third Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Willis McDowell, Flotilla Commander.

Send mail for flotilla to the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

STRINGHAM, T.B. Lieut. Willis McDowell. Arrived May 7 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

WILKES, T.B. Lieut. Alfred W. Johnson. Arrived May 7 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

BLAKELEY, T.B. Lieut. Charles E. Courtney. Arrived May 7 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

DELONG, T.B. Lieut. William S. Miller. Arrived May 7 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

STOCKTON, T.B. Lieut. James H. Tomb. Arrived May 7 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va.

PACIFIC FLEET.

Rear Admiral James H. Dayton, Commander-in-Chief.

Send mail for entire fleet in care of the Postmaster, San Francisco, Cal.

First Squadron.

First Division.

WEST VIRGINIA, A.C., 18 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Dayton.) Capt. John B. Milton. Sailed May 6 from the Naval station, Cavite, for Yokohama, Japan.

COLORADO, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Sidney A. Staunton. Sailed May 6 from the naval station, Cavite, for Yokohama, Japan.

MARYLAND, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Chaucey Thomas. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

PENNSYLVANIA, A.C., 18 guns. Capt. Aaron Ward. Sailed May 6 from the naval station, Cavite, for Kobe, Japan.

Second Division.

CHATTANOOGA, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. Roy C. Smith. Arrived May 6 at Hankow, China.

CINCINNATI, P.C., 11 guns. Comdr. John G. Quinby. At Hong Kong, China.

GALVESTON, P.C., 10 guns. Comdr. James M. Helm. At Shanghai, China.

RALEIGH, P.C., 11 guns. Comdr. George H. Peters. Arrived May 4 at Nagasaki, Japan.

Second Squadron.

Rear Admiral William T. Swinburne, Commander.

Third Division.

CHARLESTON, P.C., 14 guns. (Flagship of Rear Admiral Swinburne.) Comdr. Cameron McK. Winslow. Sailed May 6 from Magdalena Bay, Lower California, for San Pedro, Cal.

CHICAGO, P.C., 18 guns. Comdr. Robert M. Doyle. Arrived May 6 at Magdalena Bay, Lower California.

MILWAUKEE, P.C., 14 guns. Comdr. Charles A. Gove. Cruising in Santa Barbara Channel, Cal.

YORKTOWN, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Richard T. Muligan. At Anapala, Honduras.

Fourth Division.

BOSTON, P.C., 8 guns. Comdr. DeWitt Coffman. Arrived May 6 at Magdalena Bay, Lower California. The Boston has been ordered to the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash., to be placed out of commission; her place will be taken by the Albany.

PRINCETON (composite gunboat), 6 guns. Comdr. Arthur W. Dodd. Arrived May 5 at Magdalena Bay, Lower California.

THIRD SQUADRON.

Rear Admiral Joseph N. Hemphill ordered to command.

Fifth Division.

RAINBOW, 6 guns. Comdr. Ben W. Hodges. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

CONCORD, G., 6 guns. Comdr. Clifford J. Boush. At Swatow, China.

HELENA, G., 8 guns. Comdr. James C. Gilmore. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

WILMINGTON, G., 8 guns. Comdr. William L. Rodgers. At Shanghai, China.

Sixth Division.

ARAYAT, G., 2 guns. Ensign George V. Stewart. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

PANAY, G., 5 guns. Ensign Chester W. Nimitz. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

PARAGUA, G., 1 gun. Ensign Joseph V. Ogan. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

CALICO, G., 1 gun. Lieut. Guy Whitlock. At Canton, China.

ELCANO, G., 4 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Joseph L. Jayne. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

QUIROS, 2 guns. Lieut. Harlan P. Porritt. Cruising on the Yang-tse river, China.

VILLALOBOS, G., 2 guns. Lieut. Adolphus Andrews. Cruising on the Yang-tse river, China.

Coast Defense.

MONADNOCK, M., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. John F. Luby. In reserve at the naval station, Subig Bay, P.I.

MONTEREY, M., 4 guns. In ordinary, at the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

First Torpedo Flotilla.

Lieut. Frank R. McCrary, Flotilla Commander.

CHAUNCEY (destroyer). Lieut. Frank R. McCrary. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

BARRY (destroyer). Ensign David Lyons. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

BAINBRIDGE (destroyer). In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.

DALE, T.B.D., 2 tubes. In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.

DECATUR (destroyer). In reserve at the naval station, Cavite, P.I. Send mail direct to Cavite, P.I.

Fourth Torpedo Flotilla.

PAUL JONES (destroyer). Lieut. Edgar B. Larimer. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

PREBLE (destroyer). Lieut. Frederick N. Freeman. Sailed May 6 from Magdalena Bay, Lower California, for San Pedro, Cal.

Fleet Auxiliaries.

ALEXANDER (collier), merchant complement. Thomas Adamson, master. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

IRIS (collier), merchant complement. A. M. Whitton, master. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

NANSHAN (collier), merchant complement. Isaac Carver, master. At Yokohama, Japan.

POMPEY (collier), merchant complement. James Smith, master. At the naval station, Cavite, P.I.

SATURN (collier), merchant complement. Joseph Newell, master. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal.

VESSELS ON SPECIAL SERVICE OR UNASSIGNED.

ABAREDA (collier), merchant complement. Joseph T. Rodgers, master. At Newport News, Va.

AJAX (collier), merchant complement. Joseph S. Hutchinson, master. Arrived May 4 at the Naval Coaling Depot, Bradford, R.I.

ANNAPOLIS, G., 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Lewis J. Clark. Arrived May 6 at Honolulu. Send mail in care of P.M.

San Francisco, Cal. Is under orders to proceed to the naval station, Tutuila, Samoa, to relieve the Adams as station ship. **ARETHUSA** (water ship), merchant complement. W. S. Secombe, master. At Hampton Roads, Va. **ARKANSAS**, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Bradley A. Fiske. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there. **ATLANTA** (barracks for torpedo men). Lieut. Irvin V. Gillis. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there. **BALTIMORE**, P.C., 12 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Clarence M. Stone. At the navy yard, New York. Will be placed out of commission about May 15.

BOXER (training brig). At the Training Station, Newport, R.I. Address there. **BROOKLYN**, A.O., 20 guns. Capt. Arthur P. Nazro. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Norfolk, Va., Pine Beach Station.

BRUTUS (collier), merchant complement. E. W. Hendricks, master. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. **BUFFALO** (transport), 6 guns. Comdr. Charles F. Pond. At Sausalito, Cal. Address there. **CAESAR** (collier), merchant complement. Richard J. Easton, master. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. **COLUMBIA**, P.C., 11 guns. Comdr. Frank E. Beatty. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Placed out of commission May 3.

DOLPHIN (despatch boat), 2 guns. Lieut. William K. Gise. At the navy yard, Washington, D.C. Address there. **EAGLE**, C.G., 2 guns. Lieut. Comdr. George R. Marvell. Engaged in surveying duty off Cape Cruz, Cuba. Send mail in care of the P.M., N.Y. city.

FLORIDA, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Washington I. Chambers. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there. **GLACIER** (supply ship). Comdr. Frank M. Bennett. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va. **HANNAH** (collier), merchant complement. Albert B. Randall, master. At Hampton Roads, Va.

HARTFORD, C., 9 guns. Comdr. Ten Eyck D. W. Veeder. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. Address there. **HIST**, G. At the training station, Newport, R.I. Address there. **IREQUOIS** (tug). Lieut. Comdr. James F. Carter. Arrived May 3 at the naval station, Hawaii. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal.

KANSAS, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Capt. Charles E. Vreeland. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there. **LEBANON** (collier), merchant complement. Jeremiah Merieth, master. At Lambert Point, Va. **LEONIDAS** (collier), merchant complement. George Worley, master. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.

MARCELLUS (collier), merchant complement. F. N. LeCain, master. At Hampton Roads, Va. **MAYFLOWER** (despatch boat), 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Andrew T. Long. At the navy yard, Washington, D.C. Address there. **MIANTONOMO**, M., Chief Btsn. Eugene M. Isaacs. At Hampton Roads. Send mail to Norfolk, Va., Pine Beach Station.

NERO (collier), merchant complement. Henry T. Meriwether, master. At Truxillo, Honduras. **NEVADA**, M., 6 guns. Comdr. Alfred Reynolds. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there. **NINA** (tender). Chief Btsn. Stephen McCarthy. At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I. Address there.

PEORIA, Btsn. Walter J. Workman. At the naval station, Culebra, Virgin Islands. Send mail in care P.M., N.Y. city. **POTOMAC** (tug). Chief Btsn. John J. Holden. At Hampton Roads. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va. **STERLING** (collier), merchant complement. Gustav E. Peterson, master. At Hampton Roads, Va.

SYLPH, C.G., Lieut. Roscoe C. Bulmer. Arrived May 6 at the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. **TEXAS**, 2d C.B.S., 8 guns. Comdr. George R. Clark. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Norfolk, Va., Pine Beach Station.

VERMONT, 1st C.B.S., 24 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Levi C. Berthelette. Capt. William P. Potter ordered to command. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there. **WASP**, C.G., 2 guns. Chief Btsn. John S. Croghan. At New Orleans, La. Address there.

WOLVERINE, C., 6 guns. Comdr. Henry Morrell. Arrived May 7 at Alpena, Mich.

FIRST SUBMARINE FLOTILLA.

Lieut. Charles P. Nelson, Flotilla Commander. Send mail to the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. **FORBES**, Lieut. Charles P. Nelson. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. **SHARK**, Lieut. Lloyd S. Shapley. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md. **PLUNGER**, Lieut. Guy W. Castle. At the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.

TORPEDO FLOTILLA IN RESERVE.

In commission in command of Lieut. Irvin V. Gillis. At Norfolk Navy Yard—Torpedobats Ericsson, Foote, Mackenzie, Bagley, Barney, Biddle, Cushing, Dupont, Gwin; Somers, Bailey, Nicholson, Tingey, Thornton, Shubrick, O'Brien, Porter, Winslow, Rodgers and Manly; destroyer Stewart and the submarines Adder, Holland and Moccasin.

TORPEDO VESSELS ON SPECIAL SERVICE.

DAVIS (torpedobat). Lieut. Wallace Berthoff. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there. **FARRAGUT** (torpedobat). Lieut. Wallace Berthoff. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there. **FOX** (torpedobat). Lieut. Wallace Berthoff. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there. **MORRIS** (torpedobat). Lieut. Samuel B. Thomas. At the navy yard, New York. **STILETTO** (torpedobat). At the torpedo station, Newport, R.I. Address there. **VESUVIUS** (torpedo practice ship). Lieut. Joseph R. DeFries. At the Torpedo Station, Newport, R.I. Address there.

FISH COMMISSION STEAMERS.

ALBATROSS, Lieut. Arthur J. Hepburn. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there. **FISH HAWK**, Btsn. William Martin. At Hampton Roads, Va. Send mail to Fort Monroe, Va.

STATE NAUTICAL SCHOOL SHIPS.

ENTERPRISE (Massachusetts Nautical School Ship). Comdr. William F. Low, retired. Address care of the State House, Boston, Mass. **SARATOGA** (Pennsylvania Nautical School Ship). Comdr. C. N. Atwater, retired. Send mail to 16 North Delaware avenue, Philadelphia, Pa. **ST. MARY'S** (New York Nautical School Ship). Comdr. Augustus C. Hanus, retired. Sailed from New York City April 30 on her annual cruise, first going to Glen Cove, where she will remain until about May 20. After cruising about the Sound she will leave New London on or about June 11 for Plymouth, England. From that port she will sail for the Madeira Islands about July 15, leaving there for the voyage home about Aug. 1.

RECEIVING AND STATION SHIPS.

ADAMS, C., 6 guns (station ship). Comdr. Charles B. T. Moore. At the naval station, Tutuila, Samoa. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal. The Adams will be replaced as station ship by the Annapolis. The Adams will then proceed home under command of Lieut. Comdr. Lewis J. Clark to the navy yard, New York, via the Suez Canal. **ALLIANCE**, sails, 4 guns (station and storeship). Lieut. Comdr. George R. Salisbury. At the naval station, Culebra, Virgin Islands. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city. **AMPHITRITE**, M., 6 guns (station ship). Lieut. Comdr. Albert A. Ackerman. At the naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city. **CONSTELLATION** (stationary trainingship). Capt. Frank E. Sawyer. At the training station, Newport, R.I. Address there. **FRANKLIN**, R.S., Capt. Walter C. Cowles. At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there. **HANCOCK** (transport receiving ship). Capt. William H. Reeder. At the navy yard, New York. Address there. **INDEPENDENCE**, R.S., Capt. Giles B. Harber. At the navy yard, Mare Island, Cal. Address there.

LANCASTER, C., 8 guns, R.S. Capt. James M. Miller. At the navy yard, League Island, Pa. Address there. **MOHICAN**, C., 6 guns (stationship). Lieut. Comdr. John F. Luby. At the naval station, Subig Bay, P.I. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal.

MONONGAHELA (storeship), 6 guns. Lieut. Comdr. Albert A. Ackerman. At the naval station, Guantanamo, Cuba. Send mail in care of P.M., N.Y. city. **PENSACOLA**, R.S., Capt. James H. Bull. At the naval training station, San Francisco, Cal. Address there.

PHILADELPHIA, P.C. (receiving ship). Comdr. Francis H. Sherman. At the navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash. Address there. **REINA MERCEDES** (auxiliary to the Constellation). At the Training Station, Newport, R.I.

RICHMOND (auxiliary to Franklin). At the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Address there. **SOUTHERY** (prison ship). Chief Btsn. William L. Hill. At the navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H. Address there.

SUPPLY (station ship), 6 guns. Comdr. Templem M. Potts. At the naval station, Guam. Send mail in care of P.M., San Francisco, Cal. **WABASH**, R.S., Capt. John M. Hawley. At the navy yard, Boston, Mass. Address there.

LIST OF VESSELS OUT OF COMMISSION.

Albany, at Puget Sound. Minneapolis, at League Isl. Bennington, at Mare Isl., Cal. Monterey, at Cavite. Calamianes, at Cavite. Montgomery, at League Isl. Castine, at Portsmouth, N.H. Nashville, at Boston. Celtic, at Boston, Mass. New Orleans, at Mare Isl. Columbia, at League Island. Newport, at Portsmouth, N.H. Constitution, at Boston. New York, at Boston. Craven, at Newport. Nipsic, at Puget Sound. Calgen, at New York. Olympia, at Norfolk. Dahlgren, at Newport. Oregon, at Puget Sound. Detroit, at Boston. Panther, at League Island. Don Juan de Austria, at Portsmouth, N.H. Petrel, at Mare Island. Eagle, at Norfolk. Perry, at Mare Island. Fortune, at Mare Island. Pike, Mare Island, Cal. Frolic, at Cavite. Ranger, at Cavite. General Alava, at Cavite. Relief, at Mare Island. Gloucester, at Pensacola. Rowan, at Puget Sound. Grampus, Mare Island, Cal. Samar, at Cavite. Hornet, at Norfolk. San Francisco, at Norfolk. Isla de Luzon, at Pensacola. Severn, at Annapolis. Justin, at Cavite. Siren, at Norfolk. Katahdin, at League Isl. Solace, at Mare Island. Lawrence, at League Island. Sylvia, at Newport, R.I. West, at Mare Island. Walbat, at Annapolis. Leyte, at Cavite. Terror, at League Island. McKee, at Newport. Topeka, at Portsmouth, N.H. Machias, at Pensacola. Vicksburg, at Mare Island. Manila, at Mare Island, Cal. Vixen, at Pensacola. Marblehead, at Mare Island. Wheeling, at Puget Sound. Mariveles, at Cavite. Wisconsin, at Puget Sound. Massachusetts, at New York. Wyoming, at Mare Island. Mindoro, at Cavite. Yankee, at Portsmouth, N.H.

TUGS.

Accomac, Pensacola, Fla.; Active, San Francisco, Cal.; Alice, Norfolk, Va.; Apache, Chickasaw, N.Y.; Choctaw, Washington; Hercules, Norfolk, Va.; Iwawa, Boston, Mass.; Massachusetts, Key West, Fla.; Mohawk, Norfolk, Va.; Modoc, League Isl., Pa.; Narketa, New York; Noisinet, Portsmouth, N.H.; Onicola, Guantanamo, Cuba; Pawnee, Newport, R.I.; Pawtucket, Puget Sound, Wash.; Penacook, Guantanamo, Cuba; Pentucket, Norfolk, Va.; Piccataqua, Cavite, P.I.; Pontiac, Powhatan, New York; Rapido, Cavite, P.I.; Rocket, Norfolk, Va.; Samoset, League Island, Pa.; Sebago, Charleston, S.C.; Sioux, Portsmouth, N.H.; Sotomayo, Puget Sound, Wash.; Standish, Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; Tecumseh, Washington, D.C.; Tackle, New York; Triton, Washington, D.C.; Hadilla, Mare Island, Cal.; Uncas, Hampton Roads, Va.; Vigilant, San Francisco, Cal.; Waban, Pensacola, Fla.; Wahneta, Norfolk, Va.; Wompatuck, Cavite, P.I.

VESSELS LOANED TO NAVAL MILITIA.

Aileen, New York city; Alert, San Francisco, Cal.; Alvarado, New Orleans; Dorothea, Chicago, Ill.; Elfrida, New Haven, Conn.; Gopher, Duluth, Minn.; Essex, Toledo, O.; Granite State, New York city; Hawk, Cleveland, O.; Huntress, Camden, N.J.; Inca, Fall River, Mass.; Isla de Cuba, Baltimore, Md.; Newark, New York city; Oneida, Washington, D.C.; Pinta, San Diego, Cal.; Portsmouth, Hoboken, N.J.; Puritan, Washington, D.C.; Sandoval, Rochester, N.Y.; Shearwater, Philadelphia, Pa.; Stranger, New Orleans, La.; Yantic, Detroit, Mich.

Key to abbreviations: 1st C.B.S., first-class battleship; 2d C.B.S., second-class battleship; A.C., armored cruiser; P.C., protected cruiser; C.C., converted cruiser; M., monitor; U.P.C., unprotected cruiser; C., cruiser; G., gunboat, and C.G., converted gunboat; T.B., torpedobat.

NAVY GAZETTE.

MAY 3.—Ensign E. G. Oberlin detached Baltimore; to the Denver. Midshipman R. V. Lowe detached Columbia when placed out of commission; to Ohio.

Naval Constructor B. Stocker to duty as member of Board of Inspection and Survey, Navy Department, Washington, D.C. Gun. R. E. Cox detached Missouri; to home, and granted leave until May 20, 1907, thence to Newport News, Va., for duty as assistant to inspector of ordnance at that place.

Carp. A. R. Hughes to the navy yard, Norfolk, Va. MAY 4.—Surg. V. C. B. Means, upon discharge from treatment Army General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., to home, and granted sick leave for three months.

Chief Btsn. S. W. Gardner detached navy yard, Norfolk, Va., to duty in connection with fitting out Olympia and due on board when placed in commission.

Carp. F. W. Witte detached navy yard, League Island, Pa., etc.; to duty in connection with fitting out Olympia and due on board when placed in commission.

War. Mach. J. Burns to duty navy yard, Norfolk, Va. War. Mach. T. O'Donnell to duty as assistant to inspector of machinery for New Hampshire, New York Shipbuilding Company, Camden, N.J.

MAY 6.—Lieut. J. A. Campbell, jr., commissioned a lieutenant in the Navy from May 2, 1907. Lieut. L. J. Wallace detached St. Louis; to home and wait orders.

Ensign J. A. Campbell, jr., detached Denver; to home and wait orders. Ensign J. S. Arwine, jr., detached Bureau of Ordnance, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., etc.; to home and wait orders.

Surg. M. S. Elliott detached St. Louis; to duty in connection with the fitting out of Olympia, navy yard, Norfolk, Va., and due on board when placed in commission.

Surg. H. C. Curl to additional duty U.S. Naval Medical School Hospital, Washington, D.C. Surg. E. S. Bogert, jr., upon expiration of leave, to the Milwaukee.

Surg. I. W. Kite detached Kearsarge; to the Franklin, navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Surg. G. H. Barber detached Baltimore when placed out of commission; granted leave for one week; then to Kearsarge.

P. A. Surg. R. A. Bachmann detached Franklin, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.; to the St. Louis. Corp. H. C. La Motte to duty navy yard, New York, N.Y. MAY 7.—Lieut. H. B. Soule detached Bureau of Navigation, Navy Department, Washington, D.C.; to the Naval Station, Tutuila, Samoa, sailing from Vancouver, B.C., on or about June 21, 1907.

Ensign J. S. Arwine, jr., to the Kansas, June 8, 1907. Ensign R. S. Farber detached Indiana and wait orders. Midshipman R. T. Hanson detached Ohio, granted two weeks' leave from May 8, 1907; thence to the Vermont. MAY 8.—Rear Admiral C. S. Sperry detached special duty

Naval War College, Newport, R.I., etc., May 23, 1907. Appointed delegate on the part of the United States to The Hague Conference to be held at The Hague, June 15, 1907.

Rear Admiral C. F. Goodrich detached duty Navy Department, Washington, D.C., etc., May 31, 1907; to duty as commandant of the navy yard and station, New York, N.Y., June 1, 1907.

Rear Admiral J. B. Coghlan, retired, detached duty as commandant of the navy yard and station, New York, N.Y., etc., June 1, 1907; to home.

Med. Dir. J. R. Waggoner, retired, placed on the retired list of officers of the Navy from May 6, 1907, in conformity with the provisions of Sec. 1453 of the Revised Statutes.

P. A. Surg. E. M. Brown detached duty Bureau of Medicine and Surgery, Navy Department, Washington, D.C., etc.; to duty at the Naval Hospital, New Fort Lyon, Colo.

Asst. Surg. W. H. Short, R. I. Longabaugh, F. X. Kotes and M. A. Stuart appointed assistant surgeons in the Navy from May 4, 1907.

Gun. J. A. Martin warranted a gunner in the Navy from March 22, 1906.

Chief Btsn. D. Montague appointed a chief boatswain in the Navy from June 15, 1904.

Paymr. Ck. N. B. Olsen appointed a paymaster's clerk in the Navy for duty on board Olympia.

MAY 9.—Ensign D. B. Craig detached Des Moines; to the Cleveland. Surg. J. E. Page detached Milwaukee and continue treatment Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Cal.

Asst. Paymr. M. R. Spear detached duty navy yard, League Island, etc.; to duty as pay officer of the Arkansas. Asst. Paymr. E. C. Little detached Vermont; duty as pay officer of the Florida.

Asst. Paymr. F. H. Atkinson detached Kansas; to duty as pay officer of the Nevada. Asst. Paymr. H. I. McCrea detached duty navy yard, Norfolk, Va., etc.; to duty as pay officer of the Severn.

Btsn. H. H. Richards to duty as assistant to equipment officer, navy yard, Norfolk, Va. Mate E. Sweeney detached Southern, navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H., etc.; to navy yard, Boston, Mass.

Note.—War. Mach. W. H. Johnson died at the Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va., May 8, 1907.

MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

MAY 4.—Second Lieut. Hermann T. Vulte from marine barracks, navy yard, Washington, D.C., and to duty with marine detachment on board U.S.S. Rhode Island.

MAY 7.—First Lieut. William A. Howard granted six months' sick leave from date of acceptance.

MAY 8.—Capt. Harry Lee from duty in charge recruiting district of Connecticut, and to command marine barracks, navy yard, Pensacola, Fla.

Capt. George Van Orden from command marine barracks, navy yard, Pensacola, Fla.; to duty in charge recruiting district of Connecticut.

MAY 9.—Capt. Hugh L. Matthews, A.Q.M., from headquarters Marine Corps, and to duty as post quartermaster at marine barracks, navy yard, New York, N.Y.

Capt. Herbert J. Hirsinger from duty as post quartermaster at marine barracks, navy yard, New York, N.Y.

First Lieut. James K. Tracy, U.S.M.C., Manzanillo, Province of Oriente, will proceed to Navitas, Province of Camaguey, for temporary duty, relieving Capt. George C. Thorpe, U.S.M.C., who will proceed to Camp Columbia, Province of Havana, for observation and treatment. (April 22, A.C.P.)

Second Lieut. Charles F. B. Price, U.S.M.C., Nuevitas, will proceed to Manzanillo, for duty with Co. B, 1st Provisional Regt., U.S.M.C. (April 30, A.C.P.)

First Lieut. Paul E. Chamberlin, U.S.M.C., having been detached from the 1st Provisional Regiment, U.S.M.C., is relieved from duty in Cuba, and will proceed by the first available Army transport to Newport News, Va., thence to Washington, D.C., reporting for duty. (April 28, A.C.P.)

REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE ORDERS.

MAY 1.—Chief Engr. J. R. Dally to proceed to Coatesville, Pa., on inspection duty. Second Asst. Engr. W. M. Prall, commissioned a second assistant engineer.

First Asst. Engr. S. M. Rock from the Alert to the Windom for temporary duty.

MAY 2.—Capt. J. C. Cantwell from the McCulloch and to command the Manning temporarily.

Capt. H. B. Rogers from duty in connection with the Life Saving Service and ordered to command the McCulloch temporarily.

MAY 6.—1st Asst. Engr. A. C. Norman from the Winona and ordered to the Thetis.

MAY 7.—Capt. S. M. Munger to proceed to Unalak, Alaska, and assume command of Revenue Cutter fleet in Bering Sea.

MAY 8.—2d Asst. Engr. C. I. Day granted thirty days' leave, to commence June 19.

Chief Engr. C. H. Foote granted ten days' extension sick leave. MAY 9.—2d Asst. Engr. W. C. Maglathlin detached from the Gresham and ordered to the Thetis.

There is an excellent opportunity for the revenue cutters in New York Harbor, to display their activity in destroying obstructions to navigation, by getting rid of some of the rows of big hickory and chestnut shad poles, which are planted out in the channel of the Hudson river in various places. These poles are very dangerous to small craft. Two of the worst rows of poles are off 145th street, on the New York shore, and extend far out into the river. Sometimes these poles are broken off by steamers and other large craft, and the stumps are left standing, to the great danger of punching a hole through some of the craft should they strike them. Small boats are also liable to get amid the nets and poles, and get capsized.

VESSELS OF THE REVENUE CUTTER SERVICE.

ALGONQUIN—Capt. J. M. Moore. San Juan, P.R. APACHE—Capt. J. F. Wild. Baltimore, Md. ARCAT—1st Lieut. G. C. Carmine. Port Townsend, Wash. BEAR—Capt. F. Tuttle. At San Francisco, Cal., repairing. BOUTWELL—Capt. P. H. Ueberoth. Newbern, N.C. CALUMET—Capt. C. C. Fengar in charge. At New York. CHASE (practice ship). Capt. W. E. Reynolds. Arundel Cove, Md. COLFAX—Station ship. Arundel Cove, Md. DALLAS—Ordersburg, N.Y. Out of commission for winter. DEXTER—Capt. J. L. Bill. New London, Conn. FESSENDEN—Capt. H. Emery. Key West, Fla. FORWARD—At Baltimore, Md., repairing. GOLDEN GATE—1st Lieut. F. G. Dodge. San Francisco. GRESHAM—Capt. K. W. Perry. Boston, Mass. GUTHRIE—1st Lieut. R. O. Crisp. Baltimore, Md. HARTLEY—1st Lieut. F. G. Dodge. San Francisco, Cal. HUDSON—Capt. C. C. Fengar. At New York. ITasca—At Newport News, Va., repairing. McCULLOCH—Capt. J. C. Cantwell. San Francisco, Cal. MACKINAC—1st Lieut. C. E. Johnston. Milwaukee, Wis. MANHATTAN—Lieut. D. F. A. de Otte. New York. MANNING—1st Lieut. W. W. Jaynes. Honolulu, T.H. MOHAWK—Capt. B. L. Reed. New York. MORRILL—Detroit, Mich. Out of commission for winter. ONONDAGA—Capt. J. O. Moore. Norfolk, Va. PERRY—Capt. F. M. Danwoody. At Port Townsend, Wash. RUSH—Capt. D. J. Ainsworth. Seattle, Wash. SEMINOLE—1st Lieut. Charles Satterlee. At Newport News, Va. THETIS—Capt. A. J. Henderson. At San Francisco, Cal. TUSCARORA—Milwaukee, Wis. Out of commission for winter. WINDOM—Capt. P. W. Thompson. At Galveston, Texas. WINNISTIMMET—1st Lieut. G. M. Daniels. Boston, Mass. WINONA—Capt. A. P. R. Hanks. At Mobile, Ala. WISSAHICKON—1st Lieut. E. P. Berthoff. Philadelphia, Pa.

White Rock

The selection of the connoisseur—
The choice of the epicure—
The preference of the discriminating—
—is White Rock.

"The Champagne of Waters"



NAVAL ACADEMY VS. MARYLAND MILITIA.

The rifle matches at the U.S. Naval Academy started on Saturday, May 4, when the midshipmen met and defeated the team of officers from the National Guard of Maryland. The midshipmen took the lead at the first range and gained more at each range, except the last, where the score was a tie.

The day was a very bad one for accurate shooting, as a fish-tail wind of from twenty to thirty miles an hour blew down the range and made consistent shooting impossible. The high scores for the day were made by Midshipmen Allen, Thomson and Heiberg. This is the third year the midshipmen have defeated the Maryland officers, each year showing an increase in the lead of the year before.

This excellent work by the future officers of the Navy is most encouraging and is bound to result in improving the small arm practice all through the Service. On Saturday, May 11, the midshipmen met a team of officers from the National Guard of the District of Columbia, and on May 18 will have the annual match with the 71st Regiment of New York for the handsome trophy presented by Col. J. Hollis Wells, 71st N.G.N.Y. The scores are given below:

U.S. NAVAL ACADEMY.						
Midshipman H. C. Gearing, jr., team captain.						
Name.	200.	300.	600.	200R.	300R.	Total.
Allen, E. G.	42	40	42	37	45	206
Thomson, J. A.	43	39	44	35	41	202
Mailley	42	41	34	30	41	188
Brereton	41	33	41	28	42	185
Heiberg	39	44	34	38	41	196
Wilson	41	42	38	29	31	181
Vossler	42	38	35	41	28	184
Bradley	40	42	31	38	39	190
Knerr	40	43	23	33	35	174
Denney	42	40	38	30	38	188
Lee, W. A.	43	37	34	31	43	188
Earle	37	34	35	33	41	180
Totals	492	473	429	403	465	2,262
OFFICERS, MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD.						
Col. C. D. Gaither, team captain.						
Name.	200.	300.	600.	200R.	300R.	Total.
Lieut. Dow	40	39	35	35	41	190
Lieut. Leberer	37	42	23	31	39	172
Capt. Weigle	39	40	33	31	37	180
Capt. Hirst	37	40	37	32	41	187
Major Fort	40	36	34	35	40	185
Capt. Shirley	42	42	30	35	39	188
Capt. Brown	31	41	38	28	40	177
Capt. Ryley	38	38	38	34	42	190
Lieut. Lopus	45	36	31	30	30	172
Col. C. F. Macklin	35	35	33	34	36	173
Capt. E. A. Smith	41	40	31	40	39	191
Capt. Rittenhouse	41	40	34	24	41	180
Totals	465	469	397	389	465	2,185

"A" target used for all rapid fire.

THE NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., May 9, 1907.

Recommendation that exercises be held at the Naval Academy at Annapolis on June 6 for the graduation of the remainder of the class of 1907, which will probably be the last class to have premature graduation, has been approved by the Secretary of the Navy. There are now seventy-four members of the class of 1907 at Annapolis, the class already having had two graduations, last September and in February. The class of 1908 doubtless will not be divided into as many sections, as the Academy authorities are strongly opposed to any shortening of the academic term.

The Naval Academy baseball team scored a shut-out on Saturday afternoon against the Walbrook Athletic Club, of Baltimore, by the score of 2-0. Both of the Navy's runs were scored in the first inning, on a base on balls to Battle, Funnell's error of W. Parnell's grounder, and singles by Stiles and Dague. Parnell pitched splendid ball during the rest of the game, but one hit being made off his delivery. Walbrook outbatted their opponents, but Van Auker kept the hits well scattered. They had several chances to score, but sharp fielding by the middies and good pitching by Van Auker prevented it. During the ninth inning Van Auker sprained his ankle and was forced to retire, Lamphier taking his place. The fielding of both teams was fast.

The boat race between the crews of Yale and the Naval Academy scheduled for Saturday, May 4, and postponed be-

cause of unfavorable conditions, has been called off entirely owing to the direction of the Yale faculty, and the Yale party left for New Haven Sunday afternoon, much to the disappointment of the Naval Academy. There is a general belief that Yale has raced at Annapolis for the last time, although Coach Kennedy declined to make a statement upon this point. It is said that the trip requires the expenditure of a considerable amount of both time and money, and necessitates too much preparation, particularly since the Academy has been turning out such strong crews. For the last few seasons Yale has kept one or two of her Varsity men out of the crew which rowed against the midshipmen and the latter have been winning. This year the whole Varsity was booked to be in the boat and a desperate effort would have been made to win what was expected to be the final race.

At the track meet here Saturday afternoon between the midshipmen and Johns Hopkins University, the following were the events and winners: 100-yard dash—Burg, Navy; 2d, Perce, Johns Hopkins; 11 secs. 120-yard hurdle—Shafroth, Navy; 2d, Black, J.H.; 17 2-5 secs. Mile run—Basil, Navy; 2d, Branton, J.H.; 4 min. 44 secs. 220-yard hurdle—Perce, J.H.; 2d, Stewart, J.H.; 27 1-5 secs. High jump—Black and Maynard, J.H., tied for first; 5 ft. 4 1-2 ins. Broad jump—Perce, J.H.; 2d, Burg, Navy; 21 ft. 10 ins. Shot put—McConnell, Navy; 2d, Northcroft, Navy; 40 ft. 2 3-4 ins. Hammer throw—Northcroft, Navy; 2d, Bryant, J.H.; 118 ft. 9 ins. 880-yard run—Emmett, Navy; 2d, Stewart, J.H.; 2 min. 6 4-5 secs. Pole vault—Stephenson, Navy, and Bridgman, J.H., tied; 10 ft. 6 ins. 220-yard dash—Perce, J.H.; 2d, Burg, Navy; 24 secs. 440-yard run—Emmett, Navy; 2d, Carey, Navy; 54 secs.

The University of Pennsylvania lost to the Naval Academy here Wednesday, by a score of 4 to 5, the midshipmen scoring all of their runs in the second inning. Fennell pitched through two innings and long enough in the third for two Navy players to make clean hits. Simpson relieved him at this point and pitched a fine game, allowing no further scoring. In the second inning Pennsylvania scored three times. In their half of the same inning the midshipmen made five tallies on singles by Stiles, Dague, Gillam and Hambach, a base on balls, and Brown's bad error. Pennsylvania scored again in the fourth, but could not score again.

The appointments of the midshipmen who will compose the officers of the special battalion which will attend the Jamestown Exposition and which will act as a special guard of honor to President Roosevelt on June 10, have been announced. Midshipman Edward J. Foy will have the honor of commanding this picked body. The battalion will include six companies of midshipmen, members of the present second and fourth classes, which will be the first and third classes after June 6. The battalion will sail from Annapolis on the Olympia, which will be the flagship of the squadron which will carry the whole brigade of midshipmen, excepting the then second class, on the annual summer cruise. The appointments in the Presidential battalion are:

Battalion commander, Edward J. Foy; battalion adjutant, William T. Boyd, jr.; battalion chief petty officer, Frederick H. Babcock. First company cadet lieutenant, John W. Rankin; cadet junior lieutenant, William R. Smith, jr.; cadet ensign, Henry F. D. Davis. Second company cadet lieutenant, Alfred K. Schanze; cadet junior lieutenant, Henry G. Taylor; cadet ensign, Clyde G. Vest. Third company cadet lieutenant, Kirkwood, H. Donovan; cadet junior lieutenant, Howard M. Lamers; cadet ensign, Alexander M. Charleton. Fourth company cadet lieutenant, Arthur S. Carpenter; cadet junior lieutenant, Norman R. Van der Veer; cadet ensign, Richmond K. Turner. Fifth company cadet lieutenant, Harold W. Boynton; cadet junior lieutenant, Richard C. White; cadet ensign, Arthur L. Lucas. Sixth company cadet lieutenant, Kenneth Heron; cadet junior lieutenant, William D. Brereton, jr.; cadet ensign, John W. Barnett.

Mrs. James Branch, of New York, who is visiting in Baltimore, was in Annapolis a few days ago. Mrs. Branch is the mother of the late Midshipman Branch, who died at the Naval Academy. Mrs. Branch entertained at Carvel Hall several midshipmen who were classmates of her son at the Academy. The Naval Academy was visited Monday by officers of the Belgian army, Colonel Mischel and Commander Lafabre. They were accompanied to Annapolis by Lieut. J. P. Jackson, U.S.N., and after being received by Rear Admiral Sanders, were on a tour of inspection. They returned to Washington in the afternoon.

While attempting to board an afternoon train for Baltimore on Monday, Mrs. Knight, wife of Comdr. Austin M. Knight, of the Navy, narrowly escaped serious injury. She lost her footing and fell partly on the rail. It was fortunate that it was the rear car she was boarding, else the wheels would have passed over her.

Garcia Valdez, one of the former instructors in Spanish at the Naval Academy, is about to appeal to Secretary Metcalf for reinstatement in his position at the Academy. Valdez, who is of Spanish birth, lived for many years in the Philippines and married into one of the wealthiest families there. He also started a small newspaper, bearing the suggestive name of "Meow," which soon created a sensation in the archipelago and brought the editor into trouble with the authorities. He was convicted of libel, and it is charged that he was abruptly while under bonds for a new trial. Coming to this country he was engaged as an instructor in Spanish at the Naval Academy. When the conditions under which he left the Philippines became known the authorities felt obliged to recommend his dismissal, although it was admitted that he was an efficient teacher. Valdez, it is understood, claims to be able to show that he is a victim of persecution at the hands of his father-in-law and influential Filipino friends, and to flee the islands because he knew he could not expect justice.

Owing to the fact that he will be twenty years of age on Tuesday, which would disqualify him for admission into the Naval Academy, H. E. Dunton, of Idaho, on Monday had a special examination before the medical examining board, passed, and will be sworn in as a midshipman to-morrow. Dunton played upon the football team of the University of Idaho the champion eleven of the Northwest, last season. He weighs 220 pounds and is powerfully built. He will try for the Naval Academy team. He is the second member of the new fourth class, Sidney A. Ofstun, of Glenwood, Minn., who was a member of the present class, having been reinstated last week. Both have been given leave until May 18.

The medical examining board of the Naval Academy on Monday began examining young men who have received appointments as midshipmen and who have passed the mental examinations. The board will examine from ten to twenty candidates each day, but will hold sessions off and on for the next three months.

CANDIDATES WHO PASSED THE MENTAL EXAMINATION.

The following candidates have passed successfully their mental examination for admission to the Naval Academy: Alabama—R. H. Grayson; Arkansas—R. H. Curstaphlen, A. L. Morgan, jr., E. S. Stone. California—M. K. Halliwell, T. E. Hammett, J. P. Bowden, R. E. Riland, T. S. King, 2d, W. E. Baughman, M. E. Wills, W. H. Jewett; Colorado—M. P. Waite, W. M. Perkins; Connecticut—J. C. Prince, P. D. Beach, R. G. Ridgely. District of Columbia—D. Drydenforth, R. W. Payne, F. Reynolds; Florida—D. T. Canova; Georgia—W. C. Barnes. Idaho—H. E. Dunton, P. F. Foster, J. L. Neilson, H. B. Boomer; Illinois—L. B. Green, G. W. Whiteside, A. R. Mack, G. F. Howell, B. B. Howard; Indiana—E. R. McChung, F. B. Davis, J. H. Taylor, W. O. O'Brien, jr., R. G. Payne; Iowa—C. C. Waters, E. H. McKittick, A. M. Tschargl, R. H. Booth.

Kansas—H. LaF. Clark, L. E. Kneer; Kentucky—W. Miller. Maine—W. Wasson, C. H. Cobb, R. E. Dennett; Maryland—W. E. Hauver, S. Picking, G. P. Cutler, F. P. Phelps, jr., Massachusetts—W. J. Butler, E. Earle, H. W. Benson, G. B. Murray, T. Baxter, E. G. Small, E. C. Howe, E. L. Hosman, N. Davis; Michigan—J. K. Ealer, A. Macomb, D. M. Snyder, T. R. Stingson; Minnesota—R. W. Spencer, D. H. Beiri, E. W. Howson, O. O. Hagen; Missouri—J. H. Taylor, E. C. Sweeney, E. L. Woodslee. Nebraska—H. R. Keller, T. R. Baker; New Hampshire—E. D. Capehart; New Jersey—H. Stevens, L. W. Batten, jr., C. H. Curry, jr., C. W. Ridel; New York—F. E. M. Whiting, W. D. Ford, C. N. Perkins, H. L. Merring, J. M. Cadwallader, R. T. Branch, H. G. Douglass, E. F. Cohen, jr., R. Ketcham, K. Van de Cop, J. F. Bailey, C. K. Moses, F. Meyer, E. C.

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Gordon, M. M. Marcus, jr., and L. Aaronston; North Carolina—S. Mitchell; North Dakota—C. M. Flett, H. F. Kingman. Ohio—Leck, Gayhart, H. C. Hayes, H. Bode; Pennsylvania—S. K. Day, P. G. Peter, H. Davis, E. K. Morton, E. R. Goubran, G. F. Jacobs, R. L. Kibbe, J. F. Meigs, jr., D. Clark, E. Moore, G. M. Lowrey, L. P. Wenzell, D. R. Grafton; Rhode Island—K. C. Woodward, S. M. Mason; South Carolina—W. E. Hosley, O. M. Reed, jr.

Tennessee—F. Lofton, S. E. Rose, J. W. Anderson; Texas—C. M. Von Roeder; Vermont—H. A. Flint; Virginia—R. M. Graffen, G. N. Smith, jr., R. P. Meyers, G. Garnett, T. G. Peyton, R. B. Bell, jr. Washington—H. W. Bagen, J. D. Wilson; West Virginia—L. K. Taylor; Wisconsin—L. S. Pampion, H. S. Spencer, R. A. Skelton, F. P. Reggen, E. E. Playman; Wyoming—J. C. Thom.

FORT MONROE.

Fort Monroe, Va., May 8, 1907.

A beautiful reception and dance was given by the British officers aboard H.M.S. Good Hope on Friday afternoon. The speedy English launches carried the guests from this pier to the ship. The entire upper deck was enclosed in gay striped bunting. Two ship bands furnished music at either end of the ship, where dancing was enjoyed. The brilliant full dress uniforms of many nations, with the bright costumes of the women, made a scene of extraordinary beauty. Bountiful refreshments were served on the lower deck. There were many guests from Norfolk, Norfolk Navy Yard, Richmond and Fort Monroe.

On Friday night the commanding officer and officers of the post gave a large ball in compliment to the foreign visitors. The post ballroom, being too small, the largest section room of the Artillery School was converted into a ballroom. The committee on decorations spared neither time nor labor, and the transformation of the bare school-room into a brilliant dance hall was a work of art. In the receiving party were Col. and Mrs. George P. E. Harrison, Mrs. Frederick S. Strong, Mrs. Robert S. Abernethy, Mrs. John E. Stephens, Mrs. William P. Pence, Mrs. Isaac N. Lewis, Mrs. John B. Murphy and Mrs. Perkins. The junior officers of the U.S.S. Iowa gave a large luncheon on board ship Saturday in order that their guests might witness the boat race for the Battenburg Cup, which was captured by the British. On Saturday afternoon Admiral Robley D. Evans, commanding the Atlantic Fleet, in compliment to the foreign ships, gave a beautiful reception and dance aboard his flagship, the Connecticut. The upper deck, enclosed in heavy canvas and draped in flags, made a unique ballroom. Music was furnished by two ship bands in gay uniforms, and delicious refreshments were served in the ward room. The slight illness of Admiral Evans, which made it impossible for him to receive his guests, was deeply regretted by all.

On Saturday evening Col. and Mrs. Thompson entertained at dinner aboard their house-boat, the Everglades. The guests aboard the U.S.S. Louisiana entertained elaborately at luncheon aboard ship on Saturday. Col. and Mrs. Thompson gave a magnificent favor german in the spacious ballroom of the Chamberlin hotel on Saturday night, in compliment to the foreign ships and our Army and Navy. Up to this time this room had been converted into a huge dormitory to accommodate the overflow of guests for the Jamestown Exposition. For this occasion the beds were removed, partitions torn down, and decorators not only restored the old, but added new beauty to this grand ballroom. The post band occupied the regular music stand behind palms in the north end of the room, while a temporary stand was built at the opposite end for the Navy band, the two bands playing alternately. Two corners of the room were reserved for the lovely favors, relics of fairland. The intricate figures of the german were skillfully led by Lieut. Kenneth G. Castleman, U.S.N., of Kentucky, and Payne, Willam Merritt, U.S.N., of Baltimore. At twelve o'clock both bands played a grand march, and the long, double column of guests were led into the Chamberlin dining-room, where an elaborate supper was served.

On Sunday night Lieut. Jauris A. Moore, U.S.A., was host at a charming dinner at the Chamberlin. The table was attractively decorated in La France roses and pink candle-shades. Mr. Moore's guests were: Lieut. and Mrs. Augustine McIntyre, Mrs. John B. Murphy, Miss Rogers, Miss Wright, Miss Hughes and Miss Swagert; Lieut. James P. Robinson, Thomas S. Hollyday and Thomas Duncan.

The British officers aboard the H.M.S. Argyle entertained delightfully at dinner aboard ship on Thursday evening. On Sunday morning the four British ships, H.M.S. Good Hope, H.M.S. Hampshire, H.M.S. Roxburg and H.M.S. Argyle, majestically sailed out to return to British waters.

On Saturday afternoon Mrs. John B. Kimberley entertained delightfully at cards. Euchre and bridge were played. The Five Hundred Club met on Monday afternoon with Mrs. McWilliams. The prize, a handsome picture, was awarded to Mrs. Knox, wife of General Knox, of the National Soldiers' Home. Capt. Alexander W. Perry, retired, son of General Perry, U.S.A., came down from Washington and spent Sunday as the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. James Tilton. On Saturday Mrs. Kilbourne, wife of Capt. Charles E. Kilbourne, was hostess at a charming luncheon, in honor of Mrs. Nokes and Miss Rodgers, of San Francisco. The table was attractively decorated in ferns and lilacs. The other guests were: Mrs. Humphrey, wife of General Humphrey, U.S.A.; Miss Sullivan, daughter of General Sullivan, U.S.A., retired; Mrs. John E. Stephens, Mrs. John B. Murphy and Miss Wright.

Miss Rogers and Miss Wright of San Francisco are the guests of Mrs. John B. Murphy. Mrs. Mahan and Miss Mahan, wife and daughter of Capt. Dennis Mahan, U.S.N., and Mrs. Humphrey, of Norfolk, spent last week at the post as the house guests of Capt. Brooke Payne and Capt. Frank Miller, U.S.A. Mrs. Wilcox of Texas, sister of Mrs. Gray, is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Quinn Gray. Mrs. Henry Benedict Lockwood and Miss Lockwood, of New York, are at the Chamberlin for several weeks.

Mrs. Murphy, wife of Lieut. John B. Murphy, gave a lovely

tes on Tuesday afternoon to meet Miss Rodgers, of San Francisco. The decorations were a profusion of palms and bridal wreath. The most interesting feature of the tea was Mrs. Murphy's announcement of the engagement of Miss Henrietta Swaggert of San Francisco to Lieut. Jaius A. Moore, U.S.A. The date of the wedding has not yet been fixed. Mrs. John E. Stephens served ices and Mrs. Charles E. Kilbourne served tea. Others assisting Mrs. Murphy were: Miss Swaggert, Miss Wright and Mrs. Augustine McIntyre.

Mr. Whetley, of New York, father of Mrs. Lewis, is the guest of Major and Mrs. Isaac N. Lewis. Miss Welling, of New York, is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Andrew Hero, jr. Mrs. Howard, wife of Lieut. C. E. N. Howard, is spending the week in Washington as the guest of her sister, Mrs. John Hagood.

Last Saturday morning the officers of the Navy played the officers of the Army a game of baseball on the parade ground. The game was most exciting, and thirteen innings were played, resulting in a victory for the Army with a score of four to five. Sunday afternoon two interesting games were played on the parade ground, the first between the team of the U.S.S. Tennessee and the Artillery team, with a victory for the Artillery School; the second, between the teams of the U.S.S. Ohio and the U.S.S. New Jersey, with a victory for the New Jersey.

On May 7 two Japanese cruisers, Chitose and Tsukuba, entered Hampton Roads in command of Vice Admiral Sir Gero Ijima, who is the ranking naval officer in the waters off the Jamestown Exposition grounds. After the salutes were fired and returned the Japanese squadron dropped anchor in the spaces in the column vacated by the departure of the British squadron.

All the first Lieutenants of this post down to and including Lieut. C. E. N. Howard, received their captain's commissions this week. There was no parade on Tuesday owing to the large number of captains and the scarcity of lieutenants.

Mrs. Hazlehurst, of Chicago, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Kimberly.

MARE ISLAND.

Mare Island, Cal., May 4, 1907.

The people of Mare Island are giving a very hearty welcome to Mrs. Edgar B. Larimer, who arrived here from the northern navy yard on Sunday, and is the guest of Mrs. Holden A. Evans, her first visit since she left here nearly two years ago as Miss Burwell, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Burwell. Lieutenant Larimer is commanding officer of the Paul Jones, at present undergoing repairs here, and he and Mrs. Larimer will be guests of Naval Constr. and Mrs. Evans during the ship's stay. A number of informal affairs have been given in their honor. On Friday afternoon last Mrs. Charles W. Ray entertained informally at tea, in honor of her niece, Miss Blow, of San Francisco. All the young ladies of the yard were asked to meet the young visitor and a pleasant hour was spent over the tea cups. Among the card hostesses of the week was Mrs. Samuel L. Graham, who entertained most delightfully at an afternoon bridge party. Mrs. Giles B. Harber also entertained at bridge during the week in the attractive cabin of the Independence.

Mrs. James H. Bull left last week for Southern California. Captain Bull is at present on a fishing trip in Lake County, Anderson Springs, where the trout season opened on May 1. Capt. and Mrs. Guy Scott are visiting the latter's parents, Dr. and Mrs. A. H. Voorhies, in San Francisco. A number of delightful affairs have been given for them. Mrs. Mary Huntington recently gave a dinner in their honor, others present being Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Bishop, Mr. and Mrs. Brockway Metcalf, and Miss Elizabeth Mills. Miss Elsie Speery also entertained in honor of Mrs. Scott, as did Mr. and Mrs. Bishop, the latter being hostess at a large dinner and theater party.

Mrs. Arthur T. Mariz, of the San Francisco Training Station, was the hostess at a remarkably pretty luncheon on Friday last. The table decorations were pink roses and carnations. The guests included Miss Florence Roberts, Lucius Henderson and Mr. Bergham, of the Florence Roberts Company; Dr. and Mrs. W. E. McEnery, Miss Teresa McEnery, Mrs. E. Walton Hedges, Miss Doran, of St. Paul, Mrs. D. S. Murray, of Salt Lake, Mrs. Flagg, Mrs. Kate Stewart Shirley and Commander Barnes. Mrs. William T. Wallace during the week entertained a number of the yard people. Mrs. Frank Anderson entertained at a jolly little bridge party on Tuesday evening. Those present were: Naval Constr. and Mrs. Evans, Lieut. and Mrs. Larimer, Miss Charlotte Gearing, Lieut. Comdr. J. C. Leonard, Paymr. W. D. Rogers and one or two others. Lieut. Comdr. John C. Leonard was host at a charming dinner aboard the Buffalo on Wednesday evening. The wardroom was most attractive with cut flowers, and covers were laid for Med. Insp. and Mrs. Frank Anderson, Naval Constr. and Mrs. Evans, Lieut. and Mrs. Larimer, Paymr. W. D. Rogers, and the wardroom officers of the Buffalo.

Miss May Morrison has returned to her home in Berkeley after a visit to Lieut. and Mrs. William Bassett Graham in the Presidio of Monterey. Mrs. Oscar Fitzallen Long will leave shortly for New York, en route to Europe, to spend the summer. General Long will join her in New York upon her return. Lieut. Earl H. Ellis, U.S.M.C., arrived yesterday for duty at the Marine Barracks. Comdr. Reginald F. Nicholson arrived yesterday in command of a draft of two hundred and fifty men from the Atlantic seaboard for duty upon the Independence, Milwaukee, and Buffalo. Commander Nicholson is a guest of Capt. and Mrs. Alexander McCrackin, but will leave Sunday for Washington, where he is attached to the Bureau of Navigation. Rear Admiral and Mrs. Henry W. Lyon left to-day for a brief visit to Santa Barbara. Ensign and Mrs. R. S. Holmes, whose marriage occurred only a short time ago, have arrived and are at the New Bernard in Vallejo.

The transport Sheridan came up to the yard the latter part of the week, and on Monday extensive repairs were commenced. The work will require 220 days after the arrival of material, and the cost will exceed \$400,000. Much of the material for the \$1,550,000 collier Prometheus has already arrived, and it is expected that her keel will be laid within a month. It is also understood that the California and the South Dakota, the two new cruisers under construction at the Union Iron Works, will be sent to Mare Island for completion as the result of the iron workers' strike, which went into effect on May 1.

The beautiful memorial window, commemorative of Rear Admiral John D. Sloat, Admiral D. G. Farragut and Commodore Robert F. Stockton, has been installed in St. Peter's Chapel, where it will be unveiled as soon as preparations for the ceremony can be arranged. The triple window is a particularly beautiful work of art, costing over \$2,000, raised by the merchants of San Francisco and the Grand Parlor of the Native Sons of the Golden West.

THE PRESIDIO.

Presidio of San Francisco, Cal., May 4, 1907.

On Monday morning the military and naval representatives of China to the Jamestown Exposition were entertained at the Presidio. The guests consisted of Capt. Tin Sin Lee and Lieut. Sue Chwang Lin, of the Chinese navy, and Major Yu King Wong and Capt. Yuen Ping Wong, of the Chinese army. Col. John A. Lundeen, A.C., and staff met the visitors at the entrance to the reservation and escorted them through the post and out to the fortifications. As the party passed the Alameda the 3d band played the Chinese national anthem and other Chinese airs and "America."

The sailing on Tuesday, the 30th of April, of the transport Buford with a cargo of 28,000 barrels of flour for the famine-stricken of China, was the occasion of very interesting services held at the transport dock. The order of exercises consisted of hymns, responsive readings, prayer and brief addresses from Governor Gillett, Bishop William Ford Nichols, Hon. James D. Phelan, Rev. Dr. Talmage and others. Brig. Gen. Jacob B. Rawles, retired, President Benjamin Ide Wheeler and others were also on the platform. A very large number of people were present.

On Thursday Major John L. Hayden, A.C., and family left

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We are now accepting subscriptions for a new development, and what we are doing and have done guarantees investors a profit of 100 per cent. within three years.

We know of no investment which will tie up one's money for so short a period and return such large profits. Last year the investors in one of our syndicates earned 64% on their investment.

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for Seattle, Wash. The Major is on a four months' leave. Lieut. Russell James, 8th Inf., who spent several days as the guest of Lieut. Thomas Doe, 9th Battery, F.A., left The Presidio this week.

Early Wednesday morning the three batteries of Field Artillery—the 1st, 5th and 9th—under command of Lieut. Col. Edward T. Brown, A.C., left for their yearly target practice. This year they go to Monterey. Troops E, F and G, 14th Cav., returned this week from the target range at Point Bonita. All the Coast Artillery companies are now equipped with the new rifles, the last company receiving them last week.

Just before leaving for target practice the 5th Battery, F.A., drew the new olive drab uniforms. They are the first of the Artillery of the post to be so equipped.

The young people of the West Side Christian Church of the city gave an entertainment at the General Hospital on Friday evening of last week.

Last Saturday afternoon Mrs. Lundeen, wife of Col. John A. Lundeen, A.C., entertained very delightfully about fifty ladies at a card party. Saturday evening the officers of the post gave an informal hop at the club. Miss Roberts of Lakeville, Conn., is visiting her cousin, Mrs. Campbell, wife of Lieut. Tilman Campbell, A.C. On Sunday evening at the chapel services at the General Hospital Miss Elizabeth B. Rawles sang very beautifully "The Palms" and "The Holy City." A large congregation was present.

The tennis court, built by officers and later abandoned, has been turned over to the Young Men's Christian Association, and has been fixed up for tennis and basketball. The Y.M.C.A. members have been making good use of it the past week.

Saturday afternoon an exciting game of baseball was played between the 66th Company, C.A., and the General Hospital on the new diamond back of the hospital. The General Hospital nine won the game. Wednesday evening the indoor baseball team of the Y.M.C.A. went to Berkeley and played a lively game with the Berkeley Y.M.C.A. This was the "Presidio" first game. The score was 14 to 13 in favor of Berkeley. After the game the Berkeley young men invited the Presidio men to tables spread with a delicious lunch. The "after-lunch" talks were in a happy mood.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., May 6, 1907.

It is with great regret that we will see the 9th Cavalry depart for San Francisco, to sail from there May 6 for the Philippines. Four brides go with the regiment, two of them Leavenworth girls, Mrs. Edward Calvert and Mrs. Henry Gibbins. The ladies of the 9th have won great popularity during their short stay at the post. Troops E, F and H, the 2d Squadron of the 9th, left at 2:30 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, and will reach San Francisco Saturday. Captain Sievert was in command. The horses were left behind. A special train of nine tourist sleepers and one Pullman left over the Santa Fe route. This squadron arrived here on Oct. 23, 1904. The 18th Infantry band played "The Girl I Left Behind Me," and other appropriate selections, and there were over 500 people at the station when the train left, besides nearly all of the officers and ladies of the garrison.

Mr. Sheffield Ingalls, son of the late John J. Ingalls, spent Tuesday here the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Davis, previous to their departure for the Orient. Mr. Ingalls is a brother of Mrs. Davis.

The Signal Corps ball team returned Sunday night from Easton. The victory was won by the Easton team by a score of 7-5.

Mrs. J. M. J. Sanno and Mrs. Harris Pendleton, jr., and baby left Tuesday for Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., in response to word announcing the illness of General Sanno, who is at the home of his daughter, Mrs. Hornbrook.

Captain Lee and Lieutenant Lin, of the Imperial Chinese navy, and Major Wang and Captain Wang, of the Imperial Chinese army, accompanied by Capt. A. W. Brewster, 9th Cav., arrived Saturday night from Fort Riley. They were met next morning in the city by Lieut. Col. William Paulding, the post commander; Captain Gordon, post adjutant; Captain Murray, post quartermaster, and Lieutenant Patterson, aide to General Hall, who escorted them to the garrison. They were taken first to the Service schools, and manifested much interest in the work. The party went to the military prison, where they were met by Colonel Young and staff. They next paid a visit to the quarters of General Hall; at noon they were taken to the Officers' Club, accompanied by Colonel Paulding, Colonel Young, General Hall and their respective staffs, where a reception was tendered the party, the guests being the officers of the post, schools and military prison. The visitors were entertained at a luncheon given by Colonel Paulding. After luncheon the 6th Battery was paraded and the machine gun detachment was inspected, the rapid guns being set up ready for action. The guns were closely scrutinized and many questions in regard to them were asked. The 18th Infantry was then marched past headquarters and halted while the Chinese officers examined the uniform and heavy marching equipment. The review of the troops was informal on account of the bad condition of the parade grounds. The party left for Chicago. The Chinese officers were attired in dress uniform of modern type, the cloth being a very dark blue, with plenty of gold braid. They wore of average size, their bearing was military, and but for the presence of their queues might be taken for the officers of a European army. Three of them spoke English.

Mr. and Mrs. Madden, of Chicago, are the guests of Major and Mrs. R. W. McLaughry. The student officers' wives' card club met Tuesday with Mrs. F. W. Dawson. Mrs. B. R. Raymond and Mrs. R. J. West won the prizes. Chaplain and Mrs. H. Percy Silver entertained on Tuesday night with a

Welsh rabbit party in compliment to their guest, Miss Millspaugh, of Topeka. Miss Baum, of Denver, is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. R. E. Beebe.

The military hall given by the 3d Regiment, National Guard, of Missouri, at their armory, Fourteenth and Michigan avenue, in Kansas City, to the officers and ladies of this post, was a brilliant success. The hall was elaborately decorated with flags. In the company rooms the guests were served with punch and an elegant collation. The 3d Regiment band gave a fine program. Among the visitors from this garrison were: Brig. Gen. C. B. Hall, Col. William Paulding, Col. George S. Young, Col. J. Fuller, Major L. H. Beach, Major Henry Kirby, Chaplain Silver, Capt. Robert Walsh, G. C. Lewis, Grote, Raymond, Sheldon, Charles Clark, George Martin, Peter Murray, Spaulding, W. H. Gordon, and Lieutenant Patterson.

Gen. Charles B. Hall has selected as one of his aides Lieut. Roger S. Fitch, 1st Cav., who entered the Service in 1898 as a private in Troop G, 1st Vol. Cav., known to fame as the "Rough Riders." He was with this organization until it was mustered out in June, 1899. He was made a second lieutenant in the Regular Army, and was an honor graduate of the Infantry and Cavalry School here in 1905, and a graduate of the Staff College of 1906. He is at present with his regiment at Fort Clark, Texas.

The Lansing ball team was defeated by the post team Thursday afternoon on the West End diamond by a score of 7 to 3. There was a ball game here Sunday afternoon between the post team and the Postal Telegraph Co. team from Kansas City. The operators were accompanied by a number of their friends among the girl operators.

Miss Harriett Stafford, of San Diego, Cal., is the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. S. O. Fuqua. Mrs. R. E. Beebe and Mrs. Arthur S. Cowan entertained one hundred guests most delightfully Saturday afternoon as a pleasure for their guests, Miss Baum, of Denver, and Miss Blount, of Rock Island, Ill. The quarters of the hostesses adjoin, and the friends were greeted in the home of Mrs. Beebe, and refreshments were served at Mrs. Cowan's. Those assisting were: Mrs. F. D. Evans, Mrs. James E. Normoyle, Mrs. J. F. Morrison, Mrs. Peter Murray, Mrs. Josiah C. Minus, Mrs. E. B. Fuller, Misses Fuller, Nora and Elizabeth Paulding, and Miss Meade, of Kansas City, Mo. Lieut. and Mrs. A. S. Cowan are entertaining as their house guest Miss Blount, of Rock Island.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., May 7, 1907.

The heavy rain which fell on Saturday morning caused the omission of the scheduled baseball game with Columbia. This week New York University will play the cadets on Wednesday, and the University of Virginia on Saturday.

The Card Club was entertained by Mrs. Stickle and Mrs. Casad on Tuesday afternoon. The meeting was held at Mrs. Stickle's. The Reading Club met at Mrs. Whitlock's on Thursday afternoon. Public Buildings and Literary Landmarks of Edinburgh, the subject of the paper read.

One of the most delightful social events of the week was the tea given on Friday afternoon by Mrs. Whitlock for her guest, Mrs. Hammond, wife of Capt. Harold Hammond, 23d Inf. The weather out-of-doors was chilly, but within the spacious and attractive new quarters one was reminded that it was the time of cherry blossoms, by the artistic interior decorations. Mrs. Pierce poured tea and Mrs. W. D. Smith served ice cream, from a table abloom with primroses. Mrs. Hammond received with Mrs. Whitlock. Among the ladies assisting were: Mesdames Woodruff, Abbot, Bettison, Brovring and Miss Jones. Among the many guests were: Misses Scott, Fieberger, Wood, Dudley, Howze, Kutz, Oliver, Summerville, Christian, Combs, Paine, Franklin, Page, Marshall, Lewis, Stewart, Wesson, Hunt, Coe, Ennis, Frazier, Vanthier, Johnson, Trott, and Newbold; Misses Hubbell, Newlands, Craney, Braden, Taylor, Hoff, Shearer and Barton. In the evening the officers gave a hop, and on Saturday evening the cadets enjoyed a dance in Culm Hall. Misses McAllister, Shearer, Hoff, Hubbell, Page, Gandy, Scott, Howard, Vandewater, Martin, Chase, Postwick, Stengel, Holdeman, were among the guests at one or both of the festivities.

The first class enjoyed very thoroughly their visit to Gettysburg, Pa., last week. Their next trip will be to the Sandy Hook proving grounds. The second class went on Monday to New York city, accompanied by several of the instructors in the drawing department, to pay a visit to the Metropolitan Museum of Art in Central Park.

The masquerade, the last of the current series of formal hops under the management of the ladies of the post, will occur on Thursday, May 9, instead of Friday, May 10, as at first announced. The sale for the benefit of the Fresh Air Fund will be held at Colonel Gordon's quarters on Friday afternoon, May 24.

Among recent visitors at the post have been the following: Major Frank E. Hobbs, Ord. Dept.; Capt. Michael J. Lenihan, 25th Inf.; Miss Annie Taylor, a guest of Mrs. Wood; Miss Barton and Miss McAllister, guests of Mrs. Summerville; Miss Hoff, a guest of Mrs. Kutz; Miss Shearer, a guest of Mrs. Oliver; and Miss Hubbell, a guest of her sister, Mrs. Woodruff. Brig. Gen. George B. Davis and Mrs. Davis are spending a few days with their daughters, Mrs. W. R. Smith and Mrs. C. M. Wesson, before sailing on the Cretic, General Davis having been again ordered abroad to represent the United States at the Hague Conference.

Owing to the earlier date for examinations this year on account of the prospective visit of the corps to Jamestown, the medical board will convene on May 20. The members consisting the board will be: Lieut. Col. John M. Banister and Charles M. Gandy and Major Charles F. Mason. Colonel Banister served as post surgeon at West Point from 1898-1901;



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Major Mason has served two tours of duty at the Academy, from 1885-1886, and from 1894-1898; and Colonel Gandy is at present professor of military hygiene here.

Capt. T. S. Lee and Lieut. S. C. Sai, of the Imperial Chinese navy, Major Y. K. Wong and Capt. Y. P. Wong, Imperial Chinese Army, accompanied by Capt. A. W. Brewster, U.S.A., visited the Point on Tuesday. They were entertained at the Officers' Club on Tuesday evening. The two Chinese cadets, Sing H. Wen and Ting C. Chen, accompanied the visitors in their inspection of the various points of interest on Wednesday.

The Chinese visitors were tendered a review on Wednesday afternoon. At the baseball game, which followed, the cadets defeated the New York University team by the score of 11-2. Batteries, Beavers, McNeil and Mountford, West Point; Fredricks and Macdonald, New York University.

FORT OGLETHORPE.

Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., May 7, 1907.

On account of the prevalence of measles the post school for the children of the officers has been closed two months earlier than was intended. The quarantine has been raised in the quarters of Captain Hornbrook and Lieutenants Biegler and Van Way, but the family of Captain Caldwell will not be at liberty until the latter part of May.

Mrs. James S. Wilson and small son, Stanton, departed Friday for Washington and Fort Monroe. She will be joined in a few days by Captain Wilson, and they will visit relatives and friends previous to their departure for the Philippines with the 26th Infantry from San Francisco, June 5. Lieut. and Mrs. John A. Clark entertained Mrs. J. Clark, sr., Miss Jane Goldman, Capt. James S. Wilson and Dr. Hill at dinner Saturday evening. Capt. Edward D. Anderson has returned after a several months' tour abroad. Mrs. Anderson is still in New York visiting her parents, Major and Mrs. Clarence Ewen, who sail on May 10. Capt. Frank M. Caldwell has returned from Fort Leavenworth, where he was the guest of Capt. Francis L. J. Parker and other officers of the 12th Cavalry.

Previous to their departure for the Jamestown Exposition Lieut. and Mrs. James M. Burroughs entertained the bachelors of the 2d Squadron at dinner: Lieutenants Jacobs, Cooper, Campbell, Dallam, De Armond and Migdalski.

Capt. and Mrs. James S. Wilson were the guests of Lieut. and Mrs. John J. Ryan at dinner Friday evening.

Mrs. John M. Morgan and Mrs. John A. Degen will leave Saturday for Newport News, Va., to remain during the time that the 2d Squadron will be on duty at the Jamestown Exposition. Mrs. Paul T. Hayne and son, Jack, have returned from Chicago, where they visited relatives during the three weeks that Captain Hayne was on duty at the target range.

Lieut. and Mrs. James M. Burroughs entertained Capt. and Mrs. Paul T. Hayne and Mr. and Mrs. Baxter of Chattanooga at dinner Sunday evening. Mrs. Henry J. Goldman chaperoned Miss Lucile Paddock and Miss Jane Goldman on a trip to the target range at Catonsville Springs on Sunday. Lieut. George B. Hunter is still confined to the hospital, but is slowly improving. Miss Lavina Brook, of Texas, a cousin of Mrs. James Burroughs has been their guest for several days.

Col. and Mrs. John B. Kerr had for their guests at dinner during the week Miss Lucile Paddock, Lieut. Immie P. Swift and Dr. William P. Hill. Little Frederick Cusack celebrated his fifth birthday Saturday, May 4, by a joyous gathering of his young friends. Many amusing games were played and a delicious feast was served. The tots who helped Frederick celebrate were Eliza Lane Dugan, Kitty Berkeley, Lavina Brook, Jack Hayne, Tom and Cumberland Dugan and Ewen Anderson.

Lieut. Charles Telford, who was injured by being thrown from a cart a couple of weeks ago, is now able to be out, but has not yet been placed on duty. Miss Dora O'Keefe and Miss O'Neil entertained with two tables of bridge during the week. Those playing were: Capt. and Mrs. Joseph E. Cusack, Capt. and Mrs. Paul T. Hayne, Miss Jane Goldman, Miss Blanche O'Neil, Lieutenants Swift and Kimball and Dr. Hill. Gen. Peter J. A. Cleary was a visitor at the post during the week. He recently returned to Chattanooga from a stay of several months in Florida, where the condition of his health was much improved.

Mrs. Frank L. Case and little daughter will leave soon for Germantown, Pa., where they will spend the summer with relatives.

FORT DOUGLAS.

Fort Douglas, Utah, May 4, 1907.

Mrs. Briant H. Wells was the hostess on Tuesday last at a bridge tea, the first of a series of such affairs to be given prior to the departure of the regiment in the summer. The house was fragrant with lilac blossoms. Eight tables of bridge were played, and prizes were won by Mrs. J. M. Bidwell, Mrs. A. H. Kinnison and Mrs. Alpha T. Easton. The hostess was assisted at the tea which followed by her mother, Mrs. Thomas W. Jennings, and by Mrs. W. W. Ritter. About forty friends enjoyed the event, a number dropping in for tea after the game was finished.

Lieut. and Mrs. Bernard P. Oswalt spent a few days in Salt Lake during the week visiting Miss Evelyn Thomas, on their way through to Fort Duchesne, where Lieutenant Oswalt is to be stationed. Mrs. Oswalt is a sister of Mrs. E. E. Haskell, and was a great favorite when as Miss Flora Rice she was a guest at the post some time ago. Capt. William L. Luhn, of Jefferson Barracks, Mo., has been in town for the past few days visiting his sister, Mrs. George H. Smith. Captain Luhn came with a detachment of recruits, and will leave for his home early in the coming week. Mrs. Turner, wife of

Major R. B. Turner, who has been at the Knutsford for some time, left early in the week to join her husband and go on to Sacramento. They will visit there for some time and later go to Alcatraz for the time Major Turner will be stationed there constructing the new military prison.

Lieut. and Mrs. C. W. Mason and Lieutenants Robertson and Campbell were guests of the Cheesman family at their country place for a week end party the last week in April. Capt. and Mrs. John N. Straat, who have been in Salt Lake for a few days, have gone on through to Southern California, where Mrs. Straat hopes to regain her health before the sailing of her husband's regiment in August. Lieut. and Mrs. C. H. Farnham left Tuesday for Fort McKensie. Mrs. U. G. Worrlow left last evening for Los Angeles to visit her mother, and will remain till time to join the regiment at the Presidio and sail to the Orient. Mrs. C. W. Mason, jr., wife of Lieutenant Mason, will leave early next week for New York and will visit her parents till along in the summer, later to join the regiment at the Presidio.

FORT BLISS.

Fort Bliss, Texas, April 30, 1907.

Lieut. and Mrs. Luke McNamee, U.S.N., are expected to reach El Paso this week on a visit to Mrs. Frank Ainsie, the former's sister. Lieutenant McNamee has been in command of the island of Guam for several months. Lieut. Walter Short, 25th Inf., returned to the post last week from Fort Leavenworth, where he has been for examination for promotion. Lieutenant Short was recently ordered to take a commission of a million dollars, Government money, to the Philippines, but on reaching San Francisco found an order sending him to Fort Leavenworth to be examined for his promotion.

Mrs. Ralph W. Hoyt, wife of Colonel Hoyt, 25th Inf., left this week to join Colonel Hoyt at San Antonio, where he went recently to take command of the department. Mrs. Wallen, wife of Lieut. Seelye A. Wallen, 25th Inf., and her children, who have been visiting her home for several months, expects to return to the post next week.

Lieut. Ralph D. Bates, 29th Inf., who has been at this post for sometime on duty making maps, has been ordered to Fort Monroe to be examined for transfer to the Artillery Corps. Lieut. John E. Green, 25th Inf., expects to leave soon to be examined for promotion.

Mr. J. A. Smith, postmaster at El Paso, and father of Mrs. Thomas Franklin, wife of Capt. Thomas Franklin, 3d Dep't, was thrown from his carriage this week and painfully though not seriously injured. The fire engine, in hurrying to a fire, struck his carriage, demolishing it, and threw Mr. Smith onto the paved street.

Capt. and Mrs. Frank D. Wickham, 12th Inf., will arrive in El Paso the latter part of the week from Governors Island. They are bringing the body of their little son to lay him in the family plot beside his grandfather, the late Major T. H. Logan, U.S.A., retired. The little boy died of diphtheria after a week's illness with the disease which, however, was not recognized as diphtheria by the physician, Dr. Whitmore, and when it was discovered by Dr. Richard it was then too late.

FORT LOGAN.

Fort Logan, Colo., May 6, 1907.

The 1st Battalion, 21st Inf., has been on the target range near Parker for more than a week, but on account of the inclement weather the firing has not yet commenced. Considerable snow has fallen during the week, and the troops are experiencing all the discomforts incident to tenting out in snow, mud and slush.

Col. T. F. Davis, who has recently been relieved as adjutant general of the Department of the Colorado, left Denver a few days ago for Fort Leavenworth. He will leave for the Philippine Islands in the ship, the Capt. and Mrs. Davis have made a large number of friends in Denver, and will be greatly missed in social circles. Major Ernest Hinds, who succeeds Colonel Davis in the office of adjutant general, arrived in Denver last week.

Mrs. Williams entertained several ladies of the garrison on Thursday afternoon. Her guests were: Mrs. R. W. Rose, Mrs. Ossewarde, Mrs. Stacey, Mrs. Kitta, Mrs. Freeman, Mrs. Dabney and Mrs. McLaughlin. Major Vinson, Pay Dept., was the guest of Lieut. and Mrs. Kitta at luncheon last Friday. Gen. and Mrs. S. P. Jocelyn were callers at this post yesterday. During their stay in Denver they are the guests at the Savoy Hotel. Capt. and Mrs. R. W. Rose gave a dinner last Saturday for Major and Mrs. Palmer and Major and Mrs. Hearn. Major and Mrs. Nettles and daughter were visitors in the post on Sunday. Lieut. Richard P. Rifenberck, 29th Inf., called on friends in the post last Wednesday. Lieut. B. Lents returned last Saturday morning from San Francisco. Major and Mrs. Morris, with their two children, will leave Fort Logan tomorrow for Washington, D.C. Major Morris was chief surgeon at this post, but has been in poor health for several weeks. He has been ordered to Washington for observation and treatment. Lieut. S. E. Lambert, Med. Dept., will accompany him.

DINNER TO GENERAL THOMAS.

Havana, Cuba, May 5, 1907.

A dinner of fifteen covers in honor of their former colonel, Brig. Gen. Earl D. Thomas, U.S.A., was given on the evening of May 4 at the Hotel Miramar, by the officers of the 11th Cavalry, stationed at Camp Columbia and vicinity. The menu was as follows: "Hors d'oeuvre; fruits frappees au Kirsch; consommé Printanier; filet de pargo, Victoria; potatoes Julienne; flet Mignon; sorbet au Maraschino; poulet sauté Bordelaise; oeufs poils Francis; salade Miramar; fromages; guava Vins; Graves superieur; champagne, Louis Roederer; café, liqueurs." Cooking and service were up to the well known standard of the Miramar.

The only toast drunk was to the General's health and prosperity, and the occasion was not marred by any efforts at amateur oratory. After dinner the party adjourned to Captain Clayton's office in the Castillo de la Punta, where seats were found on the sea wall, and the last cigars were smoked, and memories were refreshed by the rendition of well-worn regimental stories.

The General was then accompanied to his hotel by the entire party, where good nights were said, and the function terminated. In addition to the guest of the evening, there were present Major Wheeler, Captains Elliott, Tompkins, Clayton, Parker and Vidmer, Chaplain Waring and Lieutenants Taylor, Davis, Tompkins, Swift and Harris, all of the 11th Cavalry.

BORN.

CLINE.—Born to the wife of Pvt. William M. Cline, C.A., unassigned, a member of the 1906-7 class, Electrician Sergeants' School, a son, at Fort Totten, N.Y., April 26, 1907.

LANING.—Born on May 6, 1907, to the wife of Lieut. Harris Laning, U.S. Navy, a daughter, Hester Marie, at Annapolis, Md.

MARRIED.

BROWNE—ADAMS.—At Fort Riley, Kas., April 30, 1907, Lieut. Beverly Fielding Browne, Art. Corps, U.S.A., and Miss Louise Ingham Adams, daughter of Lieut. Col. Granger Adams, U.S.A.

CALDWELL—CHICK.—At Fort Leavenworth, Kas., May 1, 1907, Miss Helen Chick and Lieut. Robert G. Caldwell, 10th U.S. Inf.

ELIOT—GRANDY.—At Manila, P.I., March 5, 1907, Miss Flora Grandy, of Burlington, Vt., to Dr. Henry W. Eliot, Med. Dept., U.S.A.

RICHARDS—BACKSTROM.—Married at Cavite, P.I., April 8, 1907, Helen M. Richards to 1st Lieut. Theodore E. Backstrom, U.S.M.C.

SCALES—MCNEELY.—At Fort Riley, Kas., May 2, 1907, Capt. Wallace B. Scales, 5th U.S. Cav., and Miss Fannie Miller McNeely.



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SEIBELS—PETTIT.—At Norfolk, Va., May 7, 1907, Paym. George G. Seibels, U.S.N., and Miss Allen Saunders Pettit.
SMITH—WARNER.—At New York City, Major Robert S. Smith, Pay Dept., U.S.A., and Miss Bertha M. Warner.

DIED.

BUTLER.—Died near Croton Falls, N.Y., May 4, 1907, George B. Butler, formerly a first lieutenant in the 3d U.S. Infantry, who resigned in 1863.

DANA.—Died at Cambridge, Mass., May 4, 1907, Thida, widow of Gen. James J. Dana, U.S.A. Interment in National Cemetery, Arlington, Va. Washington papers please copy.

DE PEYSTER.—Died on May 4, 1907, Brevet Major Gen. John Watts De Peyster, N.G.N.Y.

EVANS.—Died suddenly in Nashville, Tenn., April 23, 1907, Mrs. Mary Goldwell Evans, mother of the wife of Surg. Andrew M. Moore, U.S.N., retired.

FISHER.—Died May 7, 1907, Charles Willis Fisher, late of Washington, D.C., and father of Asst. Naval Constructor, Charles W. Fisher, jr., in his fifty-fifth year, at the New York Hospital. Funeral private.

LAWTON.—Died at Baldwinville, N.Y., April 24, 1907, Matilda Durham Lawton, widow of Chief Engr. Elbridge Lawton, U.S.N., who died in July, 1889.

LOWE.—Died May 5, 1907, at George Washington University Hospital, Washington, D.C., Arthur Lowe, brother of Mrs. J. W. Craig, wife of Capt. J. W. Craig, 12th Cav.

MANN.—Died at Altoona, Pa., April 21, 1907, Charles J. Mann, aged eighty-three years, father of Lieut. Col. William A. Mann, 6th U.S. Inf.

RATHBONE.—Died at San Francisco, Cal., May 2, 1907, Jared L. Rathbone, a graduate of the U.S.M.A., and formerly a first lieutenant in the 12th U.S. Infantry, and the 1st U.S. Artillery, who resigned in June, 1872.

SANNO.—Died at Chattanooga, Tenn., May 4, 1907, Brig. Gen. James M. J. Sanno, U.S.A., retired.

CAMP AND FIELD SERVICE, N.G.N.Y.

Major Gen. Charles F. Roe, of New York, has announced the dates for camp service for the organizations that are to serve in the field this season. The 14th Regiment goes to the camp at Peekskill from June 1 to 8; the 1st, 2d, 3d and 6th Batteries, Field Artillery, and 1st and 2d Companies, Signal Corps, will be at the Camp June 8 to 15, and the 22d Regiment Engineers and field hospital, June 15 to 22. Gen. George Moore Smith, 1st Brigade, is detailed to supervise the field service at the camp at Peekskill from June 1 to June 12. The 6th Battery, of Binghamton, is to be furnished transportation to and from New York in order that it may mobilize at Van Cortlandt Park on June 7 with the 1st, 2d and 3d Batteries, to march to the camp and back to New York city. The batteries are to be united as a battalion for this service under the command of an officer of Field Artillery from the Regular Army. The tour of field service of the 1st, 2d and 10th Regiments of the 3d Brigade is set for the period from Aug. 31 to Sept. 8, at a place to be selected by Brig. Gen. James H. Lloyd, the brigade commander, and for the 4th Brigade organizations, the 3d, 65th and 74th Regiments, the camp will be made in the vicinity of Farnham, Erie county, from Aug. 17 to 24. General Roe announces the detail of the following officers to serve in the camps: Col. William H. Chapin, Inspector National Guard, for the three camps; Lieut. Gilford Hurry as commissary for the 1st Brigade camp at Peekskill; Lieut. Col. N. B. Thurston as acting chief of Artillery to accompany the batteries on their march from New York and for duty at Peekskill during their tour of service there, and Lieut. Col. George W. Bunnell, jr., for duty at Peekskill during the tour of service there of the 22d Regiment, engineers.

22D N.Y.—COL. W. B. HOTCHKIN.

Ground on Washington Heights, in a splendid location, has been purchased for a new armory for the 22d Engineers, and no time will be lost in advertising for plans for an up-to-date armory suitable to the needs of the command.

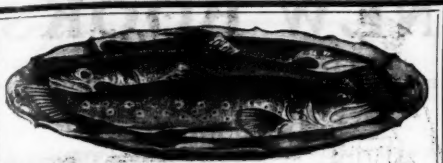
Colonel Hotchkiss has appointed Sergt. Lewis Phillips, of Co. E, who is considered one of the most capable non-coms. in the regiment, a battalion quartermaster sergeant. He will be on duty with the 3d Battalion. Sergt. J. Frieble, of Co. E, has been elected second lieutenant, vice Sweeney, promoted. Lieut. W. S. Conrow, of Co. H, an experienced officer, who has served in the Philippines, will, it is expected, be elected captain, vice Dyett, promoted major.

NATIONAL GUARD NOTES.

Capt. Robert McLean, of Co. K, 7th N.Y., who has been elected third major, is regarded as one of the most efficient and popular officers in the regiment, and has well earned the gold oak leaf by his faithful and successful service, which began as a private in Co. K, Dec. 13, 1880. He was senior line captain in the 7th. Major-elect McLean has passed the brigade board.

Col. George R. Dyer, 12th N.G.N.Y., will entertain the non-commissioned officers of the regiment at dinner on the night of Saturday, May 18, at Reisenweber's, in honor of the fifteenth anniversary of his joining the 12th Regiment.

The 2d Battery, N.Y., brevet Major Wilson, qualified seventy-five out of seventy-seven men at Creedmoor as marksmen a few days since. Incident to the review by Mr. J. J. Stephens, president of the North Side Board of Trade, on April 25, there was an interesting battery drill with the 3-inch rifles, showing the relative positions of carriages going into action under new regulations, the protection afforded the gun



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"The 1907 camp of the 1st Brigade, N.G.P." says the Inquirer of Philadelphia, will be named in honor of the late Major Gen. Henry R. Guss, U.S.V., who died on April 25 at West Chester. General Guss commanded the 97th Pennsylvania Volunteers during the Civil War, and won his way to the ranks of major general of Volunteers. He was a long-time friend, as well as a comrade in arms, to Brigadier General Schall, who commands the 1st Brigade.

Lieut. John F. O'Ryan, commanding the 1st Battery, N.Y., has prepared an interesting list of questions for members of the battery desiring to take examination for corporal. The questions are all of a practical nature, and in such parts of the examination as must be written, punctuation and style will not be considered, as Lieutenant O'Ryan prefers the non-coms. to be thoroughly practical in artillery work rather than experts in grammar.

Col. Robert J. Bates, commanding 3d Infantry, Michigan National Guard, will report with his adjutant, Capt. Albert H. Passmore, at Lansing, Mich., not later than nine o'clock a.m., Friday, May 11, 1907, to assume command of a provisional regiment organized for escort duty to the President of the United States. The following officers will also report to Colonel Bates: Lieut. Col. Ross Granger, Capt. Paul E. Muffat, 1st Inf.; Capt. Wallace H. Amsden, 2d Inf.; Major John S. Bersey, 1st Inf., with Cos. A, F, G and H, 1st Infantry; band, color guard with colors, 1st Infantry; Major Earl R. Stewart, with Cos. B, G, H and K, 2d Infantry; Major George B. McCaughna, with Cos. A, B, F and H, 3d Infantry. Capt. Ralph C. Byrd, detachment Hospital Corps. The C.O., E. 2d Inf., will report with his command not later than eight o'clock a.m., May 11, 1907, to the adjutant general. The C.O., 1st Battery, F. A., will make preparations to fire the President's salute, twenty-one guns, at the time and place to be indicated hereafter. He will also take part in the parade with his command, following the Infantry. The C.O., Troop A, Cavalry, will report with his command to the adjutant general at a time and place to be designated hereafter. Lieut. Comdr. Divie B. Duffield and staff, 1st Battalion, M.B., will report to the adjutant general with the 1st and 3d Divisions of his command at the above mentioned time and place.

Governor Hughes, of New York, on May 6 announced his appointments of the three members of the special commission which is to look into National Guard affairs and revise the military code of the State. They are William Cary Sanger, of Sangerfield, formerly Assistant Secretary of War; Francis G. Landon, of Staatsburg, formerly captain of Co. I, 7th N.Y., a member of the Assembly, and a former second secretary of the American Embassy in Vienna, and Col. Walter S. Schuyler, 5th U.S. Cav. The latter has been detailed by the War Department at the Governor's request. Senator Raines announced the appointment of Senators Saxe, of New York, and Fancher, of Salamanca, both Republicans, and Fuller, of Brooklyn, Democrat, as the Senate members of the commission to investigate the National Guard. Speaker Wadsworth announced these appointments to represent the Assembly: Messrs. Vainwright, of Westchester, and Baldwin, of Onondaga, Republicans, and Todd, of Queens, Democrat. The commission will make a thorough investigation of the Guard itself, a study of the military code for the purpose of revision, an examination of the cost of maintenance of armories, etc. The commission will report to the Legislature of 1908, and will at the same time offer bills designed to carry out their recommendations. Officers of the National Guard express no concern over the investigation, and now welcome an examination into their organizations from top to bottom.

Frederick J. Will, of Des Moines, was on May 2 appointed Surgeon General of the Iowa National Guard with the rank of colonel, to fill vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Colonel Wilton McCarthy.

Adjutant General Baker, of West Virginia, announces, under date of April 27, that Col. Alexander S. Hutson, Assistant Adjutant General, is dismissed from the service of the State, on account of unfitness and incompetency, he having failed to avail himself of the opportunity of appearing before a Board of Officers as provided for in Section 37, Military Code.

71ST N.Y.—COL. W. G. BATES.

At a review before Governor Hughes on the night of May 4 in its armory the 71st Regiment made a very fine showing, and again demonstrated the progress it has been making in its new armory.

The Governor, who was accompanied by Adjutant General Henry and other members of his staff, was very much impressed with the showing made by the regiment, and said so to Colonel Bates. Had it not been for his desire not to disappoint the regiment and its friends, the Governor would have canceled his acceptance of the review on account of the great shock he had received by the death of Dean Huffcut, his legal adviser, on May 3. As it was he did not stay to the reception and dinner that had been prepared for him by Colonel Bates and his officers.

Previous to the review there was an enjoyable concert by the regimental band, which was enjoyed by the big audience present.

For the review the regiment was formed in line of masses, equalized in twelve companies of twenty files, divided into three battalions, and turned over to Colonel Bates. The battalions were, respectively, Lieutenant Colonel Wells and Majors Bleeker and Bruch. The regiment paraded in its distinctive uniform, wearing white trousers, and made a fine appearance. During the standing review the men presented perfect steadiness, and in the passage all the companies went by in splendid shape.

The review was followed by the presentation of the Martin Cup for rifle shooting for teams of eight to Co. D, Capt. E. J. Plack, the San Juan trophy for teams of six men to Co. K, Capt. W. A. Delamater, and the Banks Trophy for teams of

twenty, and Zabriskie Trophy for teams of ten to Co. B, Capt. W. S. Beekman. Twenty men received regimental long service medals and twenty-six men got the State decorations for long and faithful service. Among those who received decorations for fifteen years were Lieut. Col. J. H. Wells and Lieut. J. A. Jenkins, and among those who received them for ten years were Capt. George W. Corwin, Capt. W. R. Fearn and Lieut. J. List.

Evening parade was the concluding military event, the companies parading unequalized, and the line forming a complete square. It was an exceedingly handsome ceremony, and the manual was executed with the most commendable precision. In executing the order arms the butts of the rifles were grounded almost without a sound. The regiment was frequently applauded by the enormous crowd which filled the six galleries, while a line of people stood up against the wall of each. Governor Hughes, both on entering the armory and while passing around the lines and on leaving the armory, was greeted enthusiastically. The 71st is the third regiment he has reviewed. Co. B paraded forty files and Co. D thirty-two.

Following the military ceremonies there was dancing, the special guests being entertained at dinner. Among these were: Gen. George Moore Smith, Col. W. B. Hotchkiss, and Major A. H. Dyett, 22d Regiment; Col. G. Hurry, of General Roe's staff; Col. A. T. Francis, 71st Veterans; Capt. J. W. Elmes and Charles Healy, 69th Regt.; Comdr. R. P. Fore-shew, Naval Militia; Lieut. Col. C. E. Davis, 10th Regt., and Assemblyman Robinson. Some interesting remarks were made by Colonel Bates, General Smith, Lieut. Colonel Davis, Mr. Robinson, and others.

KANSAS.

The Kansas National Guard, according to figures recently completed, claims to hold the highest per cent. of marksmen of any similarly enlisted strength of men in the United States. Great improvement has been made in the past year. The records made by the men in rifle practice, in 1906, were as follows:

	Ex- perts.	Sharp- shooters.	Marks- men.
1st Regiment	41	25	114
2d Regiment	23	11	87
Total	64	36	201

For 1905 the records were:

	Ex- perts.	Sharp- shooters.	Marks- men.
1st Regiment	14	33	51
2d Regiment	15	31	35
Total	29	64	86

There is a gain of over 100 per cent. in the number of experts, the highest ranking which a rifleman can obtain. He must hit over 90 per cent. of the targets. A decrease of 100 per cent. appears in comparing the two years in the number of sharpshooters. But another increase of ten per cent. shows up in the number of marksmen.

To attain a place in any of the three classes a soldier must qualify at 200, 300, 500, 600, 800 and 1,000 yard ranges. He must also qualify at judging distances. In addition he must qualify in skirmish work. Kansas will send twelve men this year to Port Clinton, Camp Perry, Ohio, where the national match will be held in August. These men will be picked at the State contest which will be held at Fort Riley some time in June.

The above is the result of the capable efficiency and untiring attention to rifle practice by Col. William A. Pierce, Inspector General of Kansas.

"Winder's Improved Armory Targets" have been adopted for the use of the Kansas National Guard. Gallery qualifications will be made hereafter on these targets. Classification and figure of merit will be determined in the same manner as for outdoor range practice with the Service rifle. The following appointments are made in the Kansas National Guard, by Governor Hoch: James W. F. Hughes, Topeka, adjutant general and chief of staff, with rank of brigadier general; Charles I. Martin, Fort Scott, inspector general; Charles S. Elliott, Topeka, paymaster general, and Charles R. Silvermore, McFarland, surgeon general. All the latter will rank as colonels. Aides-de-camp to Governor, with rank of lieutenant colonel: Samuel F. Wendt and William T. Morgan, Herington; Orley C. Billings, Marion. Brigade commander with rank of brigadier general, for term of four years from April 1, 1907, Charles P. Drew, Topeka. The following appointments are announced in the adjutant general's department: William W. Denison, Topeka, assistant adjutant general, with rank of colonel; Aaron B. Conley, Iola, military storekeeper, with rank of captain.

KENTUCKY.

In reply to an inquiry received from Colonel Miller, asst. Q.M.G., of Ohio, as to the manner in which the school for recruits of the 1st Regiment of Kentucky is conducted, Col. William B. Haldeman, commanding the 1st Regiment, says:

"On Jan. 1, 1907, the school of recruits was organized, and James Donnelly, formerly first sergeant, Co. B, 9th Inf., now sergeant on recruiting service in Louisville, was placed in charge with Joseph Miller, regt. Q.M. sergt., U.S.A., retired, and R. E. Zachert, formerly first sergeant, Co. M, 26th Inf., both of Louisville, as his assistants. The school for recruits was organized in conjunction with the school for non-commissioned officers, conducted on Monday night of each week by Sergeant Donnelly; such non-commissioned officers as evidenced an exceptional degree of proficiency in their studies at non-commissioned officers' school being from time to time assigned to duty as instructors in the school for recruits, thus receiving the twofold benefits of theoretical and practical instruction. Recruits on first enlistment were issued a card similar to the one which is included by their company commanders and instructed to report to Sergeant Donnelly on four nights of each week until a total of twenty drills was completed, when orders would be issued sending them to their companies.

"The instruction consisted of three drills without arms in the school of the soldier, after which the recruit received arms and equipment, being thoroughly instructed in the movements in the school of the soldier and of the squad, special attention being paid to that part of the manual with the bayonet fixed, to stack arms, inspection of arms and the loading and firing in all positions. Since Jan. 1 about one hundred recruits have passed through the school and are now with their respective companies.

"The regiment inaugurated this system for the purpose of giving the company commanders the opportunity to devote their entire time to the advancement of the men of longer service and to relieve them of the necessity of detailing their best non-commissioned officers as instructors of recruits and establishing a higher standard of drill and discipline on the part of men thereafter enlisted in the regiment.

"After a four months' thorough test of this system I have no hesitation in saying that it has done more than any other one agency in bringing about the marked improvement noticeable in the regiment.

"The regiment has been fortunate in securing as paid instructors men whose military and civil duties are such as to enable them to devote part of their time daily to the service of the regiment at the low total cost of seventy dollars per month. The regiment is particularly indebted to Capt. A. W. Brewster, 9th Inf., for his active aid in having Sergeant Donnelly assigned to recruiting duty in this city at my request, as no better man than Donnelly could be secured for the exacting duties required of him by this regiment."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

Questions are answered as soon as possible, but no particular time can be given for replies. We do not answer questions by mail.

H. E. I.—The author of "Wilhelm's Military Pocket Book," 1898, is an educated officer, and whatever statements that volume contains can be accepted with entire assurance

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MANUAL OF ARMS.—You will find an amendment to Pars. 69 and 74, Infantry Drill Regulations, in G.O. 98, April 29, 1907, W.D., published in our last issue.

B. J. L.—Firing at earthworks and at ships of war are such different propositions that no comparisons of effects can be made. It is impossible to obtain the data you ask for. Your question as to El Caney and San Miguel is a military conundrum which it is impossible to answer. We know of no work concerning the war in Cuba corresponding to Swinton's Army of the Potomac.

SERVICE.—A man dishonorably discharged from the Army cannot obtain a civil service appointment. For rules governing civil service examinations address Civil Service Commission, Washington, D.C. No decisions relative to exhibition drills at Madison Square Garden between either Regular or State forces were ever rendered. The drills were not competitive. Military schools held some competitions.

P. S. asks: I am a discharged hospital steward, U.S.A., and entitled to admission to Soldiers' Home at Washington. Will you give me the address of the respective office for my application to admission to the Home? I was discharged for disability in the Regular Army, in which I served about ten years. Answer: Apply to Governor of Soldiers' Home, Washington, D.C.; Brig. Gen. H. S. Hawkins, retired, is the governor.

M. J. M. writes: A deserter from the Army of the United States, after being captured and surrendering himself, and having been tried by a general court-martial and found guilty of desertion, does he or does he not forfeit any deposit he may have with the paymaster? I hold that he does forfeit it, and my friend holds opposite. Answer: You are correct in your opinion; a deserter forfeits such deposit.

W. asks: Whether G.O. No. 17, Dept. of the East, series of 1904, is still in force. Answer: The order referred to is still in force. It has, however, in its application to Coast Artillery troops been limited by Sec. 40, G.O. No. 155, W.D., Sept. 15, 1906. It has also been somewhat amended by Par. 2, G.O. No. 72, W.D., April 3, 1907. The following interpretation by the Judge Advocate of the department on the subject has recently been made: "Par. 40, G.O. No. 155, W.D., 1906, is as follows: 'Athletic exercises. 40. Athletic and calisthenic exercises shall be limited to fifteen minutes setting-up drill immediately after reveille, and such athletic competitions as may be prescribed by division and department commanders.' The order only refers to the Coast Artillery. Par. 11, G.O. 72, W.D., 1907, recognizes a monthly day for field and athletic exercises at posts. General orders No. 17, Department of the East, 1904, prescribes preparatory athletic exercises from day to day and field days for competitions. Under the reading of Par. 40, quoted above, I think preliminary athletic exercises for field days are not authorized for the Coast Artillery, but as it is manifest that competitions without preparation are not practicable, it is possible that Par. 40, quoted above, intends to say that not more than fifteen minutes immediately after reveille will be devoted to setting-up drill, and to such athletic and calisthenic exercises as may be prescribed by division and department commanders."

B.—The 8th U.S. Infantry sailed for Manila from San Francisco, Cal., March 5, 1906.

SUBSCRIBER.—As to whether you are entitled to vote depends upon the laws of the State you reside in. If a civil court rules that you must give a certain portion of your monthly pay to your wife after she has secured a separation you must do so.

READER.—A regimental sergeant major, and also a sergeant major, senior grade of Artillery, both rank before a quartermaster sergeant and commissary sergeant.

J. W. M.—There is a Lieut. Col. M. W. Day, 6th U.S. Cav., 43 Produce Exchange, Toledo, Ohio, but there is no Col. W. M. Day in the Army.

S. J. W. asks: If there is a Jacob Wyke, captain, U.S. Army, and where he is stationed. Answer: There is a Lieut. Jacob E. Wyke, Art. Corps, Fort Monroe, Va.

C. A.—Cos. E, F, G and H, 8th U.S. Infantry, previous to their present tour of duty abroad, left the U.S. for Manila, Sept. 18, 1900, and Cos. I, K, L and M, Aug. 21, 1900.

INFORMATION DESIRED.—Information is very much desired as to sick report books of Co. C, 3d U.S. Infantry, for year 1877, especially months of October and November, to complete pension case of William B. Montgomery, a man now in poor health, almost unable to support his family. He was injured on a march of said Company C, 3d Inf., to Helena, Mont., but afterwards served with disabled foot. Being company tailor he was able to continue his duties. A year or two later his right leg was amputated as a result of the above original injury, and the loss of sick report books caused holding up of his pension claim. Address information to L. J. Rogers, care U.S. Hospital, Dodge, Ga.

J. J. D. asks: A man born in Ireland and at the age of eighteen enlists in the British army, serves nine months, deserts, comes to this country, becomes a citizen of the United States, enlists in the U.S. Army. If he should return to England after the lapse of six years would he be liable to arrest and punishment for deserting the English army? Answer: Most assuredly. The fact that a man became a citizen of the U.S. does not absolve him from punishment for acts committed before he left his country.

J. E. H.—Par. 1397, Army Regulations, as amended by G.O. 144, Aug. 15, 1906, War Dept., covers your question, and says: "The paymaster will deduct from the pay of all soldiers in active service twelve and a half cents per month for the support of the Soldiers' Home, the same to be deducted bi-monthly on the February, April, etc., rolls. At the time of payment he will also deduct the authorized stoppages entered on the pay rolls, descriptive lists, or financial statements."

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NOTES FROM CUBA.

Camp Columbia, Cuba, May 1, 1907.

For the past three months there has been very little rain in Cuba, and a drought is now doing much damage throughout the island. Along with this extremely dry weather the thermometer is ascending at a furious speed, and American soldiers all over the island are feeling the effects of these conditions. The soldiers look forward to the coming hot season with much dread.

About two miles from Camp Columbia there is an ideal swimming place, and bath houses have been built for the officers, their families and the soldiers. From one to five organizations go bathing every day in the week. Among the soldiers there are many expert swimmers, and the men find health as well as fun in this water exercise. Certain hours in the day and Sundays are reserved especially for the officers and their families. Next to Atlantic City, this place is unequalled.

Camp Columbia is now known as a post, and is in command of Col. W. L. Fitcher, 27th Inf. Three evenings a week parades are held at retreat, which is a new feature here. The cleaning up of the reservation is under the direction of Major Emery, who worked in a similar capacity in Fort Sheridan. Everything is kept in good condition. Pvt. B. H. Brown, 11th Cav., who was killed by being thrown from a horse, was a fine soldier and popular with officers as well as the enlisted men. He was buried near Camp Columbia with military honors.

One of the most successful and enjoyable dances so far held for the enlisted men was given at the camp pavilion on the evening of April 25. The 27th Infantry orchestra furnished the music. These dances are held once a month. Many Cubans have been attending these dances and learning the American style of dancing.

The officers' hop on Saturday night, April 26, was a tremendous success in every way. Numerous prominent society people from Havana participated. The evening was cool and pleasant, entirely agreeable to "tripping the light fantastic." The 27th orchestra, under direction of Professor Mueller, did its best, and the jolly dancers were two-stepping and waltzing until a late hour. These hops are a great source of pleasure for the officers and their families.

Lieut. Charles E. McCullough, 15th U.S. Cav., who is charged with forgers and numerous other things, left recently for the States, where he will be court-martialed. The Lieutenant has many sympathizers among the officers who claim there is something in the life of McCullough unknown to the public which deserves sympathy. He has been in Mexico for the past two months, no one knowing where he was.

Mrs. Greble, wife of Major Greble, has sailed for New York. Gen. Powell Clayton, who has been the guest of his son, Capt. Powell Clayton, has returned to the States. Lieutenant Wildrick recently entertained his uncle, Colonel Wildrick, at dinner in the Artillery mess hall. Lieutenant Hughes, of the marines, recently entertained the brilliant officers of the Italian cruiser at dinner. Mrs. John W. Furlong, wife of Captain Furlong, has gone to the States. Lieutenant Abbott, of the Signal Corps, left for the United States recently. Lieutenant Ridley, C.E., has gone to the States to take the examination for promotion. Lieut. Verne Rockwell, who recently returned from the States, has joined the 11th Cavalry at Pinar Del Rio.

While Mrs. Clarence Jones, wife of Lieutenant Jones, of the Artillery, was taking a horseback ride with her husband and Lieutenant von Fether, of the German Guards, both of the gentlemen were thrown from their horses, receiving slight injuries.

The Holy Name Society, organized by Chaplain Waring, 11th Cav., Dec. 13, 1906, has now 175 members, and every session of the organization adds new names to the membership list. Each member wears a beautiful blue and black badge. Sergeant Joyce, of the Engineers, is president. Two meetings a month are held, and smokers are given frequently. Chaplain Waring has put his whole time into this work and is doing a wonderful and worthy thing for soldiers.

Major Truitt, the new adjutant general, has arrived from the States and assumed his duties at headquarters in Marianao. A new list of calls has been put into force at Camp Columbia. The Chaplains have planned a splendid entertainment for May 2 and another on May 23.

Mrs. Moses, wife of Major L. H. Moses, U.S.M.C., has recovered from an illness of several weeks. Mrs. Willis, wife of Lieutenant Willis, who has been quite sick, is reported as convalescent. Lieut. and Mrs. Paul Beck have gone to New Orleans, greatly to the regret of their numerous friends here. Miss Sheridan, of New York, is the guest of Major and Mrs. George F. Downey. Lieut. Max Tyler and his sister, who have been in the hospital with tonsillitis, are convalescent, and will soon take their place as favorites in the social circle. Major Slocum has gone to New York city on business. Lieut. Douglas Potts, aide to General Barry, has arrived from the States.

Capt. George S. Gibbs, of the Signal Corps, who recently installed a wireless telegraph station at Guanajay, and is one of the most efficient officers in the Corps, is graduate of the University of Iowa, and has his degree in electrical engineering. During May the examination for gunners will be held for the Artillery. For the past three months the men have been put through an arduous school of preparation, and most of them are ready for the ordeal. The board is expected from the States during the latter part of the month.

The smokers given at the Officers' Club at frequent intervals are proving successful mediums of entertainment. Major Downey, Captain Wren and Colonel Fitcher have the arrangement of programs for these smokers in charge. Col. James Parker, who has been president of the general court-martial here, has gone to Pinar Del Rio to take command of the 11th Cavalry, succeeding Gen. Earl D. Thomas, recently promoted. Lieut. Walter S. Sturgill, of the 11th Cav., has gone to the States. Society will miss him, as he was one of the most popular young officers among the bachelor set in Camp Columbia.

While Lieutenant Harris and Miss Emery were out riding near Camp Columbia their horse became frightened and threw the young people out of the vehicle, fortunately without injury. Miss Blunt was recently thrown out of Lieutenant Abbott's stanhope and slightly injured. A number of accidents have occurred in and near Camp Columbia recently, and it seems the Army girls are generally the unlucky victims. The little daughter, Elizabeth, of Capt. and Mrs. Crain has been very sick for several weeks.

Hereafter the guard duty of Camp Columbia will be performed by the consolidated forces of the camp with the exception of the Artillery. Guard duty in a hot climate is especially hard, and the change is very pleasing to the men.

Lieut. Adna R. Chaffee, 15th Cav., has sailed for the north. Lieut. William Sinclair, accompanied by his wife and two sons, arrived here a few days ago. Major Eli D. Hoyle, A.C., of Fort Riley, has arrived in Cuba. Former Mayor Dunne

and his wife, of Chicago, visited Camp Columbia last week. They are spending a few weeks in Cuba for recreation.

A large number of old soldiers who have been discharged recently will not "re-up," claiming that there are too many good opportunities on the outside. The Summer on her next trip will carry at least 100 casualties to the States. It is astonishing how few men are re-enlisting.

HAPPENINGS IN MANILA.

Manila, P.I., April 6, 1907.

Japan has been dividing honors with Baguio this season as to the number of visitors it would receive from Manila. Last week the China left these shores just loaded with Army and well known resident people for a trip and stay in Japan and China. Among the number were Mrs. L. W. Morrow, mother of Major Henry M. Morrow, J.A., on the division staff; Miss Stanley, sister of Major David S. Stanley, chief Q.M. of the Philippines Division, and Mrs. Nicholson, wife of Major William J. Nicholson, 7th Cav., who went only for a ten days' trip to Japan. Mrs. Leonard Wood, two sons and small daughter left April 6 for Baguio, to make a stay of two months among the pines. General Wood will establish a sort of summer headquarters at Camp John Hay in Benguet Province, for the next two months.

The transport Thomas reached us from the homeland on Tuesday, April 2, bringing the 10th Cavalry to relieve the 8th Cavalry in these islands. Just before retreat of the next day the entire regiment went up in cascades to Fort William McKinley, its new station, where it was met by the band and an escort of honor of the 8th Cavalry. The families of the 8th Cavalry, though packed for their journey to the U.S. on the 14th, received and entertained members of the arriving regiment. To-night there is to be a large reception held at Corbin Hall, "to speed the parting, and welcome the coming."

Col. Jacob A. Augur is in command of the 10th Cavalry. Mrs. and Miss Carrie Augur accompany Colonel Augur. They will be valuable additions to society here, and are being warmly welcomed. Colonel Augur is a son of the late Gen. and Mrs. C. C. Augur, of the old Army, whom everybody knew and loved. A nephew of the same popular old warrior, Lieut. Col. A. A. Augur, 24th Inf., is now stationed in the island of Leyte.

Gen. John J. Pershing last week took a squadron of the 8th Cavalry on a five days' march to the volcano Taal in Laguna Province. Mrs. Pershing and several ladies of the regiment accompanied them, and they too visited this magnificent volcano, stopping for a few days at Los Banos, Laguna Province, en route.

It is with great pleasure we note the formal reoccupancy of Camp Eldredge and the establishment there of a military hospital. The quarters on the hill are comfortable, nice houses, as are the barracks buildings. This reclaiming of the magnificent post, saving it from decay, and placing the healthful advantages it possesses in the reach of the officers and men serving in the tropics is another monument to the brain and energy of Major General Wood. Camp Eldredge, Los Banos, can be reached either by boat or overland, and has not its superior anywhere in the world for health giving properties, scenery and natural advantages. With this place and a hospital at Camp John Hay the troops can receive most excellent treatment and care. Major Gen. Leonard Wood has founded both hospitals.

Major Daniel E. McCarthy, Q.M., and Mrs. McCarthy gave a handsome dinner at the club on Wednesday night, having as their guests Major Gen. John F. Weston and Mrs. Weston, Gen. and Mrs. John J. Pershing, Major and Mrs. Frederick Perkins, Major and Mrs. Millis, and Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Brangan. The table was prettily decorated in flowers. Major and Mrs. McCarthy are always charming hosts. Miss Janet Wood, daughter of Col. and Mrs. William T. Wood, was hostess at a young ladies' luncheon of ten on Thursday.

Lieut. Col. William C. Butler, 9th Inf., gave a delightful dinner at the Army and Navy Club on Wednesday night, April 5, having fourteen at his table: Col. and Mrs. Robertson, Miss Robertson, Capt. and Mrs. Harry Rethers, Capt. and Mrs. Bookmiller, Major and Mrs. Palmer, Captain Munson, 9th Inf.; Mrs. Davis, Mrs. Mitchell and Lieutenant Ramsey, 9th Inf.; Major William E. Purviance, Med. Corps, and Mrs. Purviance entertained at dinner also on Wednesday evening at the Army and Navy Club. Col. and Mrs. Arthur Williams, Major and Mrs. Ahern, Major and Mrs. Wheeler, Capt. and Mrs. Hawkins were their guests. Major Purviance has done excellent work here, fully sustaining his past reputation as a skilled and talented surgeon and physician.

Since the departure of Lieut. Col. William F. Tucker, paymaster for the U.S., Major William B. Rochester, jr., paymaster, has efficiently been discharging the duties as chief paymaster for the Philippines Division. Colonel Muhlenberg is not expected before early in August.

Mrs. Lassiter, wife of Major William Lassiter, military secretary, gave the largest and most brilliant bridge and euchre party of the season at her quarters, No. 10 Calle Nozalea, on Thursday morning last. Those present were: Mrs. Wood, Mrs. John VanB. Hoff, Mrs. D. E. McCarthy, Col. and Mrs. Alfred C. Markley, Mrs. J. M. Ellicott, Mrs. Gallagher, Mrs. Weston, Mrs. Fehet, Mrs. Coffin, Mrs. Kilbourne, Mrs. George F. French, Mrs. Robertson, Mrs. Henry, Mrs. Hamilton, Mrs. Valentine, Mrs. Dolondson, Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Bennett, Mrs. Bookmiller, Mrs. Baldwin, Mrs. Carahan, Mrs. Barney, Mrs. Purviance, Mrs. Bickham, Mrs. Harry Rethers, Mrs. Perkins, Mrs. Andrews, Mrs. Grove, Mrs. Palmer, Mrs. Styer, Mrs. Jurich, Mrs. Stratton, Miss Fehet, Miss McLean, Miss Raymond, Miss Bartlett, Miss Herr, Miss Williams, Miss Davis, Miss Henri, Mrs. Jack Hayes and Mrs. Connell. The first prize for euchre, a cut glass dish, was won by Mrs. Weston; the consolation prize in the same game was awarded to Mrs. Fehet. The first prize at bridge was secured by the good playing of Mrs. Ellicott, a beautiful little clock, Mrs. Hoff being consoled at bridge by a set of bridge scores. An elegant lunch was served, and all hoped Mrs. Lassiter would do so again very soon.

FORT WORDEN.

Fort Worden, Wash., May 1, 1907.

The Misses Taylor, Miss Sherman and Miss Massingill were the guests of friends at a luncheon on Tuesday at Fort Flagler.

Mrs. Easterbrook and Mrs. Reeder gave the children of the garrison a splendid outing April 27, taking them all to spend the day at Old Fort Townsend. Capt. and Mrs. Masteller entertained Capt. and Mrs. James Wheeler at dinner on Tuesday. On Wednesday evening Colonel Jones and Capt. and Mrs. Masteller were the guests of Mrs. J. C. Ohnstad for dinner.

Miss Sherman, who has been the charming guest of the Misses Taylor, returned on Saturday to the Bremerton navy yard. Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Bartlett, Mrs. Miller and the Misses Taylor visited Seattle during the week. Mrs. Harry Newton has returned, much improved in health, after a two months' stay in San Francisco.

Mrs. R. P. Reeder entertained informally for Mrs. K. C. Masteller on Monday evening. Adjutant General Hamilton, of the State of Washington, was the guest of Colonel Taylor the last of the week making preparations for the encampment in July, when the militia will join forces with the Artillery in their miniature warfare. Lieutenant Moore has returned from a brief visit to Seattle, whither Lieutenant Burt has just gone on business.

Decidedly the busiest day Worden has seen, from an official standpoint, in many days, was Tuesday, April 30. Besides being muster with its usual duties, the troops were turned out in full dress to leave, escort to colors. Hardly had this formation been finished when Governor Mead entered the post. He was accompanied by several friends who expressed delight in the manner in which the soldiers passed in review. Hardly had the gun sounded the Governor's salute when it belched forth the fifteen rounds in honor of General MacArthur, who,

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accompanied by Colonel Winn, Major Harte and Mrs. MacArthur, arrived on the U.S.S. Cartwright. General MacArthur made a hurried inspection of the fortifications, after which Mrs. MacArthur, the General and his staff officers were the guests of Col. and Mrs. Taylor at lunch, during which the Artillery band gave a delightful serenade to Mrs. MacArthur. The General expressed himself in the local papers, as being well satisfied with the condition in which he found the fort in the district.

After the field day sports at Flagler on Tuesday, April 23, an exciting game of ball was played between the 94th and 106th Companies, rival teams, both stationed in the same garrison, which ended in a victory for the 94th Company. After the game Mrs. Bartlett and Mrs. Ruggles were hostesses at a delightful tea, which was made particularly pleasant by having a great number of visitors from Worden and Casey, and the officers that are on temporary duty at Flagler.

On Thursday the Worden team was badly defeated by the Casey nine, the score being 5 to 0. In defense of the Worden men it must be stated that some of the best players, including the pitcher, were not able to be in the game. The band was present to play delightfully during the afternoon. Mrs. Noble had the garrison and visiting ladies and officers in to a charming tea after the game.

Sunday a splendid crowd witnessed a game of ball on the parade grounds between the Ranier ball team and the Worden men. The game was very close and exciting, ending in a victory for Worden, the score being 5 to 7. An excursion bus brought the team down with a number of friends, so both sides were well supplied with "rooters." Great preparation is being made, both in this district and in Seattle, for the entertainment of General Kuroki and his staff.

FORT McPHERSON.

Fort McPherson, Ga., May 6, 1907.

The glorious southern spring has arrived, the magnolias are in full bloom, and roses are everywhere, as only Dixieland can be at this season. Companies I and K are expected to return to the garrison this week from Waco, Ga., where they have been during target practice, under command of Capt. Adolphe Huguet. Companies L and M will leave Thursday to march to Waco, Ga., also for target practice, under command of Lieutenant Harper.

Mrs. Logan entertained the ladies and officers of the garrison at an informal bridge whist party on Saturday evening in honor of the wedding anniversary of her daughter, Mrs. Luke who, with Mr. Luke, is visiting her. After a most delightful evening at cards, delicious refreshments were served. The guests were: Capt. and Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Frier, Major and Mrs. McCoy, Miss McCoy, Dr. and Mrs. Moncrief, Dr. and Mrs. Mason, Lieut. and Mrs. Osterman, Lieutenant Harper and Lieutenant Holliday. Col. Ramsey D. Potts and Major Ira A. Haynes spent Sunday at the post as the guests of Major McCoy.

Mrs. Adolphe Huguet is visiting in New Orleans. Mrs. Walter Drysdale has been spending the past month with relatives in Ohio; they are expected back shortly. Mrs. Osterman will leave in a few days for a visit to relatives in Charleston.

Capt. and Mrs. Clark, from Atlanta, have taken quarters No. 11, West, for the summer. Capt. and Mrs. Preston Brown have moved into No. 20. Captain Brown leaves shortly for Cuba, where he will be joined in the fall by Mrs. Brown and their young son.

FORT THOMAS.

Fort Thomas, Ky., May 5, 1907.

Brig. Gen. W. H. Carter inspected the post on Friday. He was entertained by Lieut. Col. L. A. Lovering during his visit. He was accompanied by his aide, Lieut. J. S. Jones. Mrs. Augur gave a dinner last week for Colonel Lovering, the other guests being Capt. and Mrs. Castner, Mrs. White, Lieutenants Hoffman and Williams. Mrs. W. F. Nesbitt's mother and aunt from Cleveland, Ohio, made her a week's visit recently. Mr. and Mrs. Van Dyne, of Newark, N.J., who have been visiting their son, Captain Van Dyne, have returned to their home. Mr. Hathaway, of Owensboro, Ky., is visiting her son, Lieut. L. M. Hathaway, at the post.

Mrs. Wakeman, widow of Major Wakeman deceased, who was a member of our garrison, is with us for a few days preparing for her final departure. Mrs. Wakeman has the esteem and sympathy of all who know her, and their best wishes go with her wherever she may go. Mrs. Raymond W. Hardesty, wife of former Lieutenant Hardesty, of the 48th Infantry, is visiting Capt. and Mrs. Wolf for a few days.

Mrs. Castner gave a very pleasant children's party on May 1 in honor of her little son Laurence's birthday; about twenty of the little folks were present. Miss Thorne, of Clarksville, W. Va., is the guest of Capt. and Mrs. Jarvis. Lieut. and Mrs. Brady have rejoined the regiment from Columbus Barracks and are the guests of Capt. and Mrs. J. S. Switzer.

BOSTON HARBOR NOTES.

Fort Revere, Mass., May 6, 1907.

On Tuesday afternoon, April 23, Miss Skillings and Miss Dyer, of Fort Warren, entertained the ladies of the harbor with bridge. Three dainty fans, the prizes, were won by Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Stopford and Mrs. Clark. During the same week, on Thursday evening, Dr. and Mrs. L. B. Peck, of Fort Andrews, gave a point euchre party to the ladies and officers of the garrison. Miss Phillips won a framed picture, the first prize, and Lieutenant Lomax won the gentlemen's prize, a handsome inkstand. Mrs. H. C. Merriam, of Fort Revere, entertained the ladies on Friday afternoon, May 3, at bridge. Mrs. Wallace, Mrs. Stopford and Mrs. Clark were the three prizes.

A very delightful hop was given at the Charlestown Navy Yard on Saturday evening. A French cruiser was in the harbor and the officers attended in a body. Capt. and Mrs. Lloyd and the latter's sister, Miss Baker; Lieut. and Mrs. Merriam; Mrs. Brett and Miss Dyer went up from the harbor posts.

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STATIONS OF THE ARMY.

DIVISION AND DEPARTMENT COMMANDS.

1. Atlantic Division—Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U. S. A. Hqs., Governors Island, N.Y. Department of the East—Major Gen. Frederick D. Grant, U.S.A. Hqs., Governors Island, N.Y. Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A. ordered to command. Department of the Gulf—Hqs., Atlanta, Ga. Brig. Gen. William S. Ederly, U.S.A.
2. Northern Division—Hqs., Chicago, Ill. Major Gen. Adolphus W. Greely, U.S.A. Department of the Lakes—Brig. Gen. William H. Carter, U.S.A. Major Gen. F. D. Grant, U.S. A., ordered to command. Hqs., new Federal building, Chicago, Ill. Department of the Missouri—Major Gen. A. W. Greely, U.S.A., in temporary command. Brig. Gen. Earl D. Thomas, U.S.A., ordered to temporary command, and Brig. Gen. William H. Carter, U.S.A., will command later. Hqs., Omaha, Neb. Department of Dakota—Major Gen. William S. McCaskey, U.S.A. Hqs., St. Paul, Minn.
3. Southwestern Division—Hqs., St. Louis, Mo. Department of Texas—Brig. Gen. Albert L. Myer, U.S.A. Hqs., San Antonio, Tex. Department of the Colorado—Brig. Gen. Constant Williams, U.S.A. Hqs., Denver, Colo.
4. Pacific Division—Col. Marion P. Maus, 20th U.S. Inf., in temporary command. Hqs., San Francisco, Cal. Department of California—Brig. Gen. Frederick Funston, U.S.A. Hqs., San Francisco, Cal. Department of the Columbia—Hqs., Vancouver Bks., Wash. Col. T. C. Woodbury, 3d Inf., U.S.A. Major Gen. Adolphus W. Greely ordered to command.
5. Philippines Division—Major Gen. Leonard Wood, U.S.A. Major Gen. John F. Weston ordered to command. Hqs., Manila, P.I. Department of Luzon—Major Gen. John F. Weston, U.S.A. Hqs., Manila, P.I. Department of the Visayas—Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, U.S.A. Hqs., Iloilo, P.I. Department of Mindanao—Hqs., Zamboanga, P.I. Brig. Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, U.S.A.

Army of Cuban Pacification—Hqs., Havana, Cuba. Brig. Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U.S.A., commanding.

ENGINEERS.

Band, Washington Bks., D.C.; A and B, Manila, P.I., to sail for Ft. Mason, Cal., for station on Aug. 14, 1907; C and D, Ft. Mason, Cal., to sail for Manila from San Francisco July 5; E, F, G, H, I, L and M, address Havana, Cuba; K, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.

HOSPITAL CORPS.

A, Havana, Cuba; B, Presidio San Francisco, Cal.; C, Washington Bks., D.C.

SIGNAL CORPS.

Hqs., Washington, D.C.; A, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; B, D and H, Ft. Omaha, Neb.; C, Valdez, Alaska; G, Ft. Wood, N. Y.; E, Benicia Bks., Cal.; I, address Havana, Cuba; F and L, in P.I.; K, Ft. Gibbon, Alaska.

CAVALRY.

1st Cav.—Hqs., A, B, C, D, I, K, L and M, Ft. Clark, Texas; E, F, G and H, Ft. Sam Houston, Texas.

2d Cav.—Hqs., and A, B, C and D, Ft. Assiniboine, Mont.; E, F, G and H, Ft. Riley, Kas.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Snelling, Minn.

3d Cav.—Address entire regiment Manila, P.I.

4th Cav.—Address entire regiment Manila, P.I. Will sail for the United States and take station as follows: Troops F and G on July 14, 1907, to take station at Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo.; headquarters, band and remaining troops will sail on Oct. 15, 1907; headquarters, band and A, B, C, D, I, K, L and M, to Fort Meade, and Troops E and H to Fort Keogh.

5th Cav.—Hqs., and A, B, C and D, Ft. Huachuca, Ariz.; I, K, Ft. Wingate, N.M.; E, F, G and H, Ft. Apache, Ariz.; L, Whipple Bks., Ariz.; M, Ft. Duchesne, Utah.

6th Cav.—Hqs., and A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Meade, S.D.; I and M, Ft. Keogh, Mont.; J and K, Ft. Yellowstone, Wyo. Hqs. and nine troops will sail for Manila on Sept. 5, 1907, and three troops on Jan. 5, 1908, to relieve 4th Cav.

7th Cav.—Address entire regiment Manila, P.I. Will sail for the U.S. June 14, 1907, and will take station as follows: Hqs., band and I, K, L, M, Ft. Riley, Kas.; E, F, G, H, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; A, B, C, D, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.

8th Cav.—Ordered relieved by 10th Cavalry at Manila, and to sail for the U.S. April 15, taking stations as follows: Hqs., band and A, B, C, D, Ft. Robinson, Neb., and E, F, G and H, to Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.

9th Cav.—Hqs., and A, B, C and D, Ft. Riley, Kas.; E, F, G and H, Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Sheridan, Ill. Hqs. and nine troops will sail for Manila, May 5, and two troops on Aug. 5, 1907, to relieve the 7th Cavalry; Troop G will remain in the U.S. at Ft. Leavenworth.

10th Cav.—Address Hqs., and A, C, D, E, F, G, H, K and L, Manila, P.I.; B and I, Ft. Robinson, Neb., and M, Ft. Riley, Kas. Two troops will sail for Manila on June 5, 1907, and one troop will remain in the U.S.

11th Cav.—Hqs., and I, K, L and M, Pinar Del Rio, Cuba; E, F, G and H, Havana, Cuba; A, B, C and D, Ft. Des Moines, Iowa.

12th Cav.—Entire regiment Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga.

13th Cav.—Hqs., and E, F, G and H, Ft. Myer, Va.; A, B, C and D, Ft. Riley, Kas.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Sill, Okla.

14th Cav.—Hqs., and A, B, C and D, Ft. Walla Walla, Wash.; E, F, G and H, Presidio of S.F., Cal.; K and L, Boise Bks., Idaho; I and M, Yosemite National Park, Cal. Troop F will proceed to the Sequoia National Park, Cal., on May 25.

15th Cav.—Hqs., A, B, C, D, I, K, L and M, Havana, Cuba; E, F, G and H, Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt.

ARTILLERY CORPS.

Field Artillery.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Battery and Station | Battery and Station |
| 1st. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 17th. Havana, Cuba. |
| 2d. Ft. Riley, Kas. | 18th. Havana, Cuba. |
| 3d. Ft. Myer, Va. | 19th. Ft. Russell, Wyo. |
| 4th. Ft. Myer, Va. | 20th. Ft. Riley, Kas. |
| 5th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 21st. Ft. Sheridan, Ill. |
| 6th. Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. | 22d. Ft. Riley, Kas. |
| 7th. Ft. Riley, Kas. | 23d. Manila, P.I. |
| 8th. Manila, P.I. | 24th. Manila, P.I. |
| 9th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 25th. Ft. Riley, Kas. |
| 10th. Ft. Snelling, Minn. | 26th. Manila, P.I. To sail for |
| 11th. Ft. Leavenworth, Kas. | Vancouver Bks., Wash. |
| 12th. Ft. Russell, Wyo. | June 14, 1907, for station. |
| 13th. Manila, P.I. | 27th. Manila, P.I. |
| 14th. Havana, Cuba. | 28th. Vancouver Bks., Wash. |
| 15th. Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. | 29th. Ft. Leavenworth, Kas. |
| 16th. Ft. Leavenworth, Kas. | 30th. Ft. Snelling, Minn. |

COAST ARTILLERY.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Company and Station. | Company and Station. |
| 1st. Ft. Levett, Me. | 41st. Ft. Monroe, Va. |
| 2d. Ft. H. G. Wright, N.Y. | 42d. Ft. Mott, N.J. |
| 3d. Ft. Moultrie, S.C. | 43d. Ft. Terry, N.Y. |
| 4th. Ft. DuPont, Del. | 44th. Ft. Washington, Md. |
| 5th. Ft. Williams, Me. | 45th. Ft. DuPont, Del. |
| 6th. Ft. Monroe, Va. | 46th. Ft. Strong, Mass. |
| 7th. Ft. Banks, Mass. | 47th. Ft. Hunt, Va. |
| 8th. Ft. Preble, Me. | 48th. Ft. Hancock, N.J. |
| 9th. Ft. Warren, Mass. | 49th. Ft. Williams, Me. |
| 10th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 50th. Ft. Wadsworth, N.Y. |
| 11th. Ft. Schuyler, N.Y. | 51st. Ft. Hamilton, N.Y. |
| 12th. Ft. H. G. Wright, N.Y. | 52d. Ft. Rodman, Mass. |
| 13th. Ft. Monroe, Va. | 53d. Ft. Wadsworth, N.Y. |
| 14th. Ft. Greble, R.I. | 54th. (Torpedo Depot Co.), Ft. Totten, N.Y. |
| 15th. Ft. Barrancas, Fla. | 55th. Ft. Hancock, N.J. |
| 16th. Ft. Moultrie, S.C. | 56th. Ft. Wadsworth, N.Y. |
| 17th. Ft. Washington, Md. | 57th. (Torpedo Co.), Ft. Wadsworth, N.Y. |
| 18th. Ft. Schuyler, N.Y. | 58th. (Torpedo Co.), Ft. Monroe, Va. |
| 19th. Ft. Caswell, N.C. | 59th. Ft. Andrews, Boston. |
| 20th. Ft. Barrancas, Fla. | 60th. (Torpedo Co.), Presidio S.F., Cal. |
| 21st. Ft. Howard, Md. | 61st. Ft. Baker, Cal. |
| 22d. Ft. Barrancas, Fla. | 62d. Ft. Vorden, Wash. |
| 23d. Ft. McKinley, Me. | 63d. Ft. Casey, Wash. |
| 24th. Ft. McKinley, Me. | 64th. Ft. Miley, Cal. |
| 25th. Ft. Miley, Cal. | 65th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. |
| 26th. Ft. Flagler, Wash. | 66th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. |
| 27th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 67th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. |
| 28th. Ft. Rosecrans, Cal. | 68th. Ft. Baker, Cal. |
| 29th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | 69th. Ft. Monroe, Va. |
| 30th. Ft. Worden, Wash. | 70th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. |
| 31st. Ft. Caswell, N.C. | 71st. Ft. Casey, Wash. |
| 32d. Ft. Baker, Cal. | 72d. Ft. Screven, Ga. |
| 33d. Ft. Columbia, Wash. | 73d. Ft. Monroe, Va. |
| 34th. Ft. Stevens, Ore. | 74th. Ft. Screven, Ga. |
| 35th. Ft. Monroe, Va. | 75th. Ft. Morgan, Ala. |
| 36th. Ft. Moultrie, S.C. | 76th. Ft. Barrancas, Fla. |
| 37th. Ft. McKinley, Me. | |
| 38th. Presidio, S.F., Cal. | |
| 39th. Ft. DeSoto, Fla. | |
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| 78th. Ft. Moultrie, S.C. | dered to Ft. Worden, |
| 79th. Ft. Caswell, N.C. | Wash. |
| 80th. Key West Bks., Fla. | 93d. Ft. Stevens, Ore. |
| 81st. Ft. Schuyler, N.Y. | 94th. Ft. Flagler, Wash. |
| 82d. Ft. Totten, N.Y. | 95th. (Torpedo Co.), Ft. Han- |
| 83d. Ft. Revere, Mass. | cock, N.J. |
| 84th. Ft. Hamilton, N.Y. | 96th. Ft. Warren, Mass. |
| 85th. Ft. Casey, Wash. | 97th. Ft. Adams, R.I. |
| 86th. Ft. Wadsworth, N.Y. | 98th. Ft. Hamilton, N.Y. |
| 87th. Ft. Totten, N.Y. | 99th. Ft. Moultrie, S.C. |
| 88th. Ft. Mansfield, R.I. | 100th. Ft. Terry, N.Y. |
| 89th. Ft. Banks, Mass. | 101st. Ft. Totten, N.Y. |
| 90th. Ft. McKinley, Me. | 102d. Ft. Adams, R.I. |
| 91st. Jackson Bks., La. | 103d. Ft. Howard, Md. |



STERLING SILVER CANDLESTICKS AND OTHER PIECES.

- Some attractive articles for wedding gifts are shown here. The illustrations are much reduced. Exact dimensions are given.
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|------------------------------------|-------|---|-------|-------------------------------------|-------|
| 1213 Candlestick, 8 1/2 in. | 12.00 | 1276 Candlestick, 5 1/2 in., square base 11 7/8 | 12.75 | 19251 Sandwich Plate, diam. 10 in. | 20.00 |
| 1215 Candlestick, 8 1/2 in. | 7.50 | 1327 Candlestick, 7 in. | 6.50 | 19252 Sandwich Tongs, 5 1/2 in. | 4.00 |
| 1222 Candlestick, 5 1/2 in. | 5.00 | 1378 Loving Cup, height with base | 7.50 | 19253 Fruit or Cake Dish, openwork, | 20.00 |
| 1263 Sandwich Plate, diam. 11 in., | 32.00 | 6 in., three handles | 4.50 | grape design | 20.00 |
| richly pierced | 13.50 | 1379 Vase, 5 1/2 in. | 10.00 | 19255 Bon Bon Dish, same de- | 5.50 |
| 1374 Candlestick, hexagon | 17.50 | 1380 Candlestick, 8 1/2 in. | 15.00 | sign, diam. 5 1/2 in. | |
| 1375 Prize Cup, height 5 1/2 in. | | 19254 Bread Tray, 11x6 1/2 in., grey fin. | | | |

* These plates are flat and make a handsome centerpiece for the table under a vase of flowers.



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|--|---|--|---|--|
| 1906 Bon Bon or Cut Sugar Dish, octet, pierced border, and openwork Tongue in silk case, green velvet lining 2 1/2 in. deep, good weight 12.00 | 1922 Mayonnaise Dish, diam. 8 1/2 in., pierced silver over white Laid in silk case, green velvet lining 9.50 | 1924 Horse Radish Dish, 5 1/2 in., pierced silver over white glass, and spoon in silk case, green velvet lining 8.50 | 1977 Lunch Set, blue glass lining; 2 Salts, 2 Peppers, 2 Spoons, Mustard Pot and Spoon in leather case, green velvet lining 17.00 | 19823 Mayonnaise Dish, octagon, and Ladle in silk case, green velvet lining 9.00 Dish 4 1/2 x 3 1/2 Ladle 1.35 |
| 19821 Relish Dish and Spoon, in silk case, green velvet lining 17.75 | 19825 Relish or Sardine Dish, ivory handles, white glass lining and Fork in silk case, green velvet lining 14.00 Dish 6 1/2 x 5 1/2 Spoon, gold bowl 1.75 | 19777 Butter Dish and Butter Pick in silk case 9.00; Dish 6.50 in silk case, green velvet lining 1.25 | 19918 Bon Bon Dish and Tongs in silk case, green velvet lining 9.50; Dish 7 1/2 x 4 1/2 in. 6.50 | |

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We will send any of the articles anywhere, prepaid, on receipt of price, guaranteeing safe delivery. When desired we ship direct to the bride, thus saving the purchaser the trouble and expense of re-shipping. With such orders cards should be sent us for enclosure.

As more weddings occur in June than in any other month, so more anniversaries occur, and for these we have many good suggestions in our Year Book for 1907, which we will gladly send on request.

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106th. Ft. Flagler, Wash. 118th. Ft. Monroe, Va.
107th. Ft. Greble, Me. 119th. Ft. Mott, N.J.
108th. Ft. Worden, Wash. 120th. (T. Torpedo Co.), Ft. Strong, Mass.
109th. Ft. Greble, R.I. 121st. Key West Bks., Fla.
110th. Ft. Adams, R.I. 122d. Key West, Fla.
111th. Ft. Dade, Fla. 123d. Ft. Hamilton, N.Y.
112th. Ft. DuPont, Del. 124th. Ft. Andrews, Mass.
113th. Ft. Hancock, N.J. 125th. Ft. Terry, N.Y.
114th. Ft. Totten, N.Y. 126th. Ft. Worden, Wash.
115th. Ft. Rosecrans, Cal.

INFANTRY.

1st Inf.—Manila, P.I.
2d Inf.—Address entire regiment Manila, P.I.
3d Inf.—Hqrs., and E, F, G and H, Ft. Lawton, Wash.; A, B, C, D, I, K, L and M, Ft. Wright, Wash.
4th Inf.—Hqrs., and E, F, I, K, L and M, Ft. Thomas, Ky.; A, B, C and D, Ft. Mackenzie, Wyo.; G and H, Washington Bks., D.C.
5th Inf.—Hqrs., E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, address Havana, Cuba; A, B, C and D, Plattsburg, N.Y.
6th Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, C and D, Ft. Harrison, Mont.; E, F, G and H, Ft. Lincoln, N.D.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Missoula, Mont.
7th Inf.—Hqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Ft. Wayne, Mich.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Brady, Mich.
8th Inf.—Manila, P.I.
9th Inf.—A, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, Manila, P.I.; will sail for the U.S. July 15, 1907, and will take station at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. B, Plattsburg Bks., N.Y.; will proceed to Ft. Sam Houston in May, 1907.
10th Inf.—Hqrs., band and Cos. E and F, Ft. William H. Seward, Alaska; C and D, Ft. Gibbon, Alaska; H, Ft. Davis, Alaska; A, Ft. Liscum, Alaska; B, Ft. Egbert, Alaska; G, Ft. St. Michael, Alaska; I, K, L and M, Honolulu, H.I. The latter battalion will be relieved in July, 1907, and will proceed to stations in Alaska. Battalion, field and staff and Co. I, to Ft. Liscum; M, Ft. Egbert; I, Ft. St. Michael, and K, Ft. Davis.
11th Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Havana, Cuba; I, K, L and M, Ft. D. A. Russell, Wyo.
12th Inf.—Hqrs., E, F, G and H, Ft. Jay, N.Y.; A, B, C and D, Ft. Porter, N.Y.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Niagara, N.Y.
13th Inf.—Entire regiment Manila, P.I. Will sail for the U.S. Sept. 14, 1907, and will take station at Ft. Leavenworth, Kas.
14th Inf.—Hqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, Vancouver Bks., Wash.; E, Presidio of Monterey, Cal.
15th Inf.—Entire regiment Manila, P.I. Will sail for the U.S. Nov. 14, 1907, and take station at Ft. Douglas, Utah.
16th Inf.—Entire regiment Manila, P.I. Will sail for the U.S. Aug. 14, 1907, and will take station as follows: Hqrs.,

band and E, F, G, H, I, K, L and M, Ft. Crook, Neb.; B and C, Ft. Root, Ark.; A and D, Ft. Reno, Okla.
17th Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Havana, Cuba; I, K, L and M, Ft. McPherson, Ga.
18th Inf.—Entire regiment Ft. Leavenworth, Kas. Will sail for Manila Oct. 5, 1907, and relieve 15th Infantry.

19th Inf.—Ordered to sail from Manila for the United States May 14, 1907, and take station as follows: Hqrs., band, and A, B, C, D, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; E, F, G, H, Ft. McIntosh, Tex.; I, K, L and M, Ft. Reno, Okla.
20th Inf.—Entire regiment Presidio of Monterey, Cal. Cos. E, F, G and H, will sail from San Francisco, Cal., June 15, 1907, for Honolulu, H.T., to relieve the battalion of the 10th Infantry.

21st Inf.—Hqrs., A, B, C, D, E, G, H, I, K, L and M, at Ft. Logan, Colo.; F, Whipple Bks., Ariz.
22d Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, D, I, K, L and M, Ft. McDowell, Cal.; E, F, G and H, Alcatraz Island, Cal.; C, Presidio of Monterey, Cal.
23d Inf.—Address Camp Captain John Smith, Jamestown Exposition, Norfolk, Va.
24th Inf.—Manila, P.I.
25th Inf.—Hqrs., and E, F, G and H, Ft. Bliss, Tex.; A, B, C and D, Ft. Reno, Okla.; I, K, L and M, Ft. McIntosh, Tex. Will sail for Manila this summer when relieved by the 19th Infantry.

26th Inf.—Entire regiment at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex. Will sail for Manila June 5, 1907, and relieve the 9th Infantry.
27th Inf.—Hqrs., A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Havana, Cuba; I, K, L and M, Ft. Sheridan, Ill.
28th Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, C, D, E, F, G and H, Havana, Cuba; I, K, L and M, Ft. Snelling, Minn.
29th Inf.—A, B, C, D, E, F, I, K, L and M, Ft. Douglas, Utah; G and H, Ft. Duchesne, Utah. To sail for Manila Aug. 5, 1907, and relieve 13th Infantry.

30th Inf.—Hqrs., and A, B, C, D, I, K, L and M, Ft. Crook, Neb.; E and F, Logan H. Roots, Ark.; G and H, Ft. Reno, O.T. Will sail for Manila July 5, 1907, and relieve 16th Inf. Porto Rico Provisional Regiment.—Hqrs., and A, B, C, D and E, San Juan; F, G and H, Henry Bks., Cayey. Philippine Scouts.—Cos. 1 to 50, Manila, P.I. All mail for troops in the Philippines should be addressed Manila, P.I. All mail for troops in Cuba should be addressed to Havana.

ARMY TORPEDO PLANTERS.

GENERAL HENRY J. HUNT—1st Lieut. Alfred A. Maybach, A.C., commanding. At Ft. Totten, N.Y., the permanent station of the vessel. Enlisted detachment from 54th Co., C.A., on board.
GENERAL HENRY KNOX—Capt. Frank G. Mauldin, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Lloyd B. Magruder, A.C., attached. Fort Screven, Ga. Enlisted detachment 57th Co., C.A., on board.

COLONEL GEORGE ARMISTEAD—Capt. Frank K. Ferguson, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Haldan U. Tompkins, A.C., attached. Fort Caswell, Southport, N.C. Enlisted detachment from 58th Co., C.A., on board.
MAJOR SAMUEL RINGOLD—Capt. George T. Patterson, A.C., commanding. 2d Lieut. Richard H. Jordan, A.C., attached. Ft. Howard, Md. Enlisted detachment from 120th Co., C.A., on board.

BANDS.

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It is reported that successful experiments were made at Cartagena, April 27, in the explosion of torpedoes at long distance by means of the Hertzian waves system. The device was invented by a Spaniard named Balera.

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FOREIGN ITEMS OF INTEREST.

The Neue Militarische Blätter states that the money cost of the German war in Southwest Africa was \$50,000,000 in overcoming the resistance of one or two native tribes. The losses in action were very heavy. Killed—officers, 36; non-commissioned officers, 229; rank and file, 1,167; total, 1,432. Amongst the Colonial troops, 16 officers and 195 men lost their lives; total, 211. Grand total killed, 1,693; wounded, troops, officers, 88; non-commissioned officers, 160; men, 553; total, 801. Colonials, officers, 4; men, 70; total, 74. Grand total, 875.

The France Militaire states that Germany has just substituted for its 105-millimeter siege gun another comparatively light quick-firing gun which, although of the same caliber and range as its predecessor, constitutes a great improvement upon the latter. The new piece can be used as a field-gun with a range of six miles and a fifth. The new gun-carriage is of the type of those of the quick-firing 77-millimeter field-guns.

In recent instructions for a weekly army ration of one pound of preserved meat to replace fresh-killed meat, the British War Office has sent a circular letter to all commands in home stations notifying them that brands of American meat thus issued have been prepared in establishments that have been carefully inspected by army officers whose reports satisfied the army council that the quality of meat used and the conditions under which it was preserved and canned were in every way satisfactory.

It is stated that the guns of the British battleship Dreadnought cost \$566,000.

The contract for the turbine engines and boilers of the British first-class cruiser Boadecia, about to be laid down at Pembroke Dockyard, has been placed with Messrs. John Brown and Company, of Clydebank. The engines are to be of 18,000 indicated horsepower, to give the vessel a

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METCALF, MARIA H.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Maria H. Metcalf, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers therefor, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Norman J. Marsh, No. 76 William street, in the City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November next.
Dated New York, the 7th day of May, 1907.
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NORMAN J. MARSH, Attorney for Executor.
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speed of 25 knots. There are to be four shafts, each with one propeller and a go-ahead turbine. There are to be separate small turbines for cruising, and, of course, astern turbines. The main turbines will make 500 revolutions per minute at full speed, and steam at 170 pounds' pressure. Twelve small-tube Yarrow boilers will have 40,000 square feet of heating surface, and will work at 235 pounds' pressure. The engines are to be completed in time to enable the cruiser to make her trials within sixteen months.

The Canadian military authorities have sanctioned the issue to the Canadian militia of a new cap of the same style as the staff pattern caps now worn by the officers. The cap is of the usual round shape, with a leather peak and with a strap above the peak, adjusted so as to be used as a chin strap. White covers will be supplied with the caps, so as to afford protection against the sun in hot weather. The issue will not be made until the supply of the present pattern is exhausted.

The publication in the Chinese Official Gazette of the report of the military Inspector General, Tielang, on the troops, the schools and the defenses laid down in the valley of the Yangtse, gives a sufficiently clear idea of the military forces of the five provinces of that district: Kiang-Su, Kiang-Si, Ngan-Hwei, Hu-Pei, and Hu-Nan. Under Japanese influence a real military awakening has been manifesting itself for some time in these districts of Central China; students of universities and of schools drill, recruiting is improving, organization is becoming uniform by taking as a model the divisional grouping of Pe-Chi-Li. From now to 1922 the five Yangtse provinces should be able to put, progressively, in line 10,000 fighting men each, or altogether an army of 100,000 men; the old troops are disappearing gradually through extinction; the police forces, recruited from the best units of the regular army, will be charged with the duties of urban and rural police.

The French Minister of War has given notice that there must be no more delay in coming to a final conclusion on the question of the weight of the infantryman's field

outfit, which has been agitating the military world for years. A special commission has been appointed to decide and to report this month, and the terms of reference are that the total weight carried by the man is not to exceed 20 kilograms (44 lbs.), including two emergency rations and 200 rounds of ammunition. The equipment, moreover, should be easily separable, so that when necessary the man can carry only what is immediately required for him to fight in, i.e., his ammunition (now increased from 120 to 200 rounds) and his trenching tool.

In pursuance of the British Admiralty and War Office scheme for promoting an interchange of ideas between army officers and those of the Royal Navy, forty officers of the latter service, who are now undergoing the naval war course at Plymouth, are in the middle of May to proceed to Samberley, and there commence a combined naval and military staff tour with the officers of the Army Staff College.

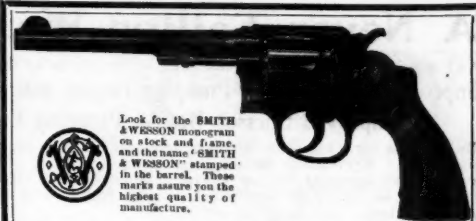
Berlin advices state that the German Minister of War has issued orders that military schools in Germany shall make the laws of exchange a subject of instruction to their pupils in order to prevent young and inexperienced Army officers from falling into the hands of usurers. The German idea is a capital one. We believe it could be improved upon, however, in our Service schools by directing the instructors at those institutions to preach daily to the student officers the simple lesson: Don't Borrow.

Berlin advices indicate that the anti-fighting top fashion is now reported to have spread to Germany, and drastic changes in rig are said to be in contemplation. The fashion was set by Japan and Russia—who ought to know something about the utility or otherwise of fighting tops.

Lieutenant Elle, attached to the German cruiser Roon, which is now in American waters, is quoted by the Washington Post as follows regarding the German system of military and naval training: "Every able-bodied young man in Germany has to serve in the army or navy for three years. Those in the inland districts serve in the army. Those who live on the coast or have been fishermen on the inland rivers are pressed into the naval service and disciplined into manhood. Each year about 38,000 young men enter the navy. While the service is highly beneficial to them, the physical training they receive is probably not so good as that they receive in the army, for the reason that they work mostly at the guns and do not get as much of the sort of exercise that brings general muscular development."

The Tokio Nichi Nichi Shimbun announces that in addition to the Satsuma Japan intends soon to have two or three other battleships built either at home or in England. It is held that the improvements shown to be necessary by Japan's war experience could be added after the vessels arrive in Japanese waters, which would make them the most powerful and most effective warships afloat. It is reported that the difficulty in obtaining Harveyized steel in Japan made the warship Aki cost twenty per cent. more than would have been the case had she been constructed abroad. This also affected the experts' opinion regarding the advisability of building the new vessels in Great Britain.

The British first-class armored cruiser Defence was launched April 27 at the dockyard in Pembroke, Wales. She is of the Minotaur class, has a displacement of 14,600 tons, and is expected to steam twenty-three knots per hour. The Minotaur class of armored cruisers are 490 feet long, have 74 1-2 feet beam, draw twenty-six feet of water and are fitted with engines having 27,000 horse-power. They have armored belts

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According to the annual report of the Medical Department of the British army, 5,227 recruits (78.36 per 1,000) were rejected during the year because of "loss or decay of many teeth." This, indeed, is by far the largest class of rejections; "under chest measurement" coming next with 3,456 rejections, or 51.81 per 1,000.

The German cruiser Ersatz Wacht has been launched, and named Stettin. Germany's progress in this class of vessel attracts little attention; yet the Stettin and numerous sisters can all steam at 24 knots, and later boats are to be faster still. They are far more numerous than our Scouts, and carry 4-inch guns instead of 12-pounders. Called "little cruisers," they seem harmless enough, except in speed; called "ocean-going destroyers"—which apparently is their destined role—they represent a very unpleasant fact. Small cruisers, with a fair turn of speed, are likely to do far more mischief in the next naval war than the orthodox torpedo craft.

A drydock at the Portsmouth, N.H., Navy Yard, built in 1851, has been condemned and has been bought by a junk dealer of Boston. The dock was remodeled seven years ago to keep pace with the times. It is 360 feet long and 107 feet wide. It weighs 12,000 tons. Nearly 600 men worked two years to build it. The bids ranged from \$800 up, the sale price being \$36,291.85.



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